# Researching American Revolutionary War Patriots

Class 5: Compiling Patriot Stories

Elizabeth Peay, Genealogist for the Newbury Street Press

THE BRUE FAMILY LEARNING CENTER

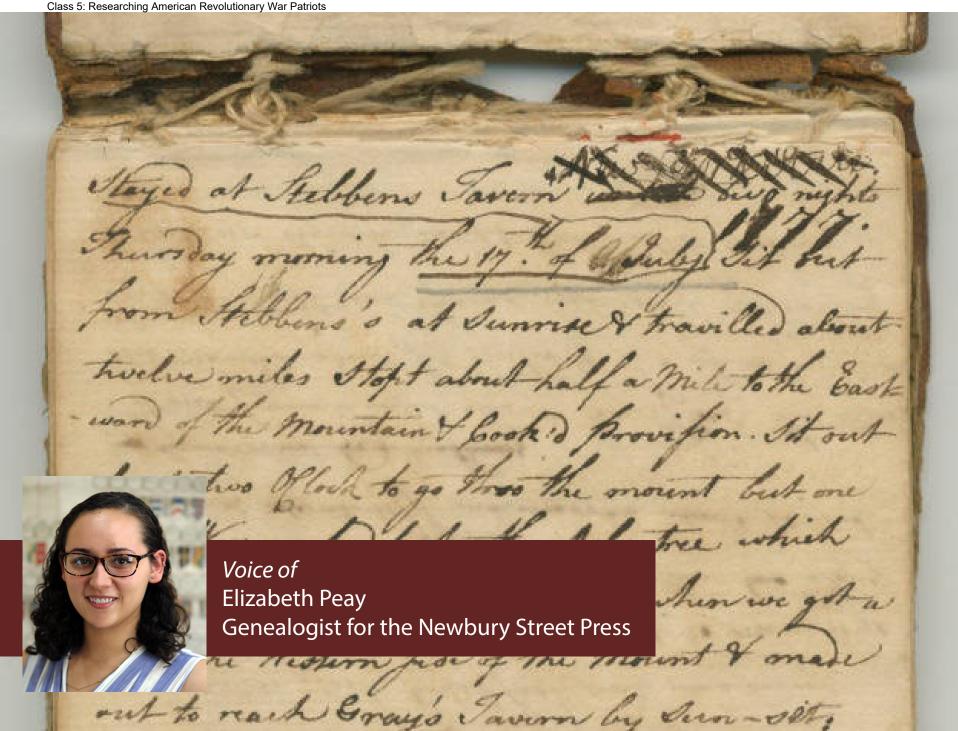


# Meet today's presenter



Elizabeth Peay

Genealogist for the Newbury Street Press



# **Road Map**

#### Individual Approach - Military

Research your

Regiment

Service Records

Bounty Land

Warrants

**Pensions** 

Individual Approach - Personal

Family/Friends

Vital Records

Town/State Records

Adopt a Regiment

Chain of Command

Muster Rolls

**Crew Lists** 

Organize

# Research the Regiment

- Once you determine the regiments and companies your ancestor served in, compile *any* information you can about the regiment
- Many books and websites detail the service of different regiments
- Specialized Regiments
- General Orders

• Public Records

SIXTH REGIMENT, "CONNECTICUT LINE."

FORMATION OF 1777-1781.

[Regiment raised for "Continental Line" of '77 to continue through the war. Recruited mainly in New Haven Co.; rendezvous at New Haven. Went into camp at Peekskill in summer of '77, but frequently detached on expeditions or outpost duty on the lines above King's Bridge. Served in Aug.—Oct. on the Hudson, in Parsons' Brigade, under Putnam, and engaged in all movements made in consequence of enemy's move against Ft. Montgomery, etc. Wintered '77-'78 at West Point, and assisted in constructing permanent fortifications, "Meigs' redoubt," etc.; also redoubts opposite on east side. In summer of '78 encamped with the main army under Washington, at White Plains. Wintered '78-'79 at Redding. In operations of '79 served with Conn. Division on east side of Hudson in Heath's wing; its Light Co., under Capt. Champion, detached to Meigs' Light Regt. and engaged at storming of Stony Point July 15, '79. Wintered '79-'80 at Morristown huts, N. J., and in movements of '80 served with the Division on both sides of Hudson. On discovery of Arnold's treason, Meigs' Regt, was ordered, with other troops, to repair forthwith to West Point, in anticipation of advance of the enemy. Wintered '80-'81 at camp "Connecticut Village," near the Robinson House, opposite West Point, and there consolidated for formation of '81-'83. [See text. heading C.1]

# **Examples of Specialized Regiments**

- Corps of Invalids (1777–1783)
- Artillery Regiments
- Artificer Regiments



# **Multiple Regiments**

-			Raised on the first call for troops in April/May 1775. Recruited mainly in Litchfield County. Upon the surprise of Ft. Ticonderoga, 10 May Gov. Trumbull ordered this regiment to march as soon as possible to secure that post and Crown Point against recapture. A request to this effect was also made by the Continental Congress. The regiment reached Ticonderoga in June and Col. Himman assumed command until the arrival of General Schuyler.	
Ith Connecticut Regiment	1775	Col. Benjamin Hinman	It took part in the operations of the Northern Department until expiration of term of service Dec. 1775. Regiment suffered much from sickness and many men were mustered out in Oct./Nov. 1775.	pg. 59
in Connecticut Regiment	1//3	Col. Benjamin Filiman	Regiment raised on first call for troops by act of Legislature April-May, 1775. Recruited mainly in Fairfield County. Its record is identical with that of General Wooster's, or the 1st Regiment, up to the siege of St. John in October, it having marched first, to New York under Wooster and then to the	pg. 39
ith Regiment	1775	Col. David Waterbury	Northern Department. Term of service expired December 1775; but on account of sickness, many men returned home in October/November 1775.	pg. 64
		Col. Samuel Holden	Raised on the first call for troops in April/May 1775. Recruited from New London, Hartford, and present Middlesex Counties. Two companies, including Captain Coit's, marched at once to Boston and Captain Mott's was ordered to the Northern Department. The other companies remained on duty at New London until June 17, when they were ordered by the Governor's Council to the Boston Camps. There the regiment took post at Roxbury in General Spencer's Brigade, and remained until expiration of term of service, 10 Dec. 1775. Adopted as Continental. Regiment re-organized under Col.	
5th Connecticut Regiment	1775	Parsons	Parsons for service in 1776.	pg. 72
th Connecticut Regiment	1775	Col. Charles Webb	Raised by order of the Assembly at the July session 1775. Recruited in Fairfield, Litchfield, and New Haven Counties. Its companies were stationed at various points along the Sound until 14 Sept., when on requisition from Washington, the regiment was ordered to the Boston Camps. There it was assigned to Gen. Sullivan's Brigade on Winter Hill at the left of the besieging line, and remained until expiration of term of service in Dec. 1775. Adopted as Continental. Reorganized under Col. Webb for service in 1776.	pg. 79
th Connecticut Regiment	1//5	Col. Charles Webb	Raised by order of the Assembly at the july session, 1775. Recruited maily in New London, Hartford, and Windham Counties. The regiment was	Pg. 79
			stationed on the Sound until 14 Sept., when on requisition from Washington, it was ordered to the Boston Camps and took post at Roxbury in General	
3th Regiment CT Line	1775	Col. Jedidiah Huntington	Spencer's Brigade. Remained until expiration of term of service in Dec. 1775. Adopted as Continental. Re-organized under Col. Hintington for service in	
		- Controlled and the control of the	Parson's Regiment of 1775, as re-organized for service in the Continental Army for the year 1776. After the siege of Boston, it marched under	P8. 00
0th Continental	1776	Col. Samuel Holden Parsons	Washinton to New York by way of New London and the sound in vessels, and continued in that vicinity from April to the close of the year. Assisted in fortifying the city; ordered 24 Aug. to the lines around Brooklyn; engagted in Battle of Long Island, 27 Aug. and in retreat from Long Island on night of 29 Aug.; caught in the panic in retreat from New York, 15 Sept.; present with the army at White Plains, 28 Oct.; remained on the Hudson, in vicinity of Peekskill, under Gen. Heath, until term of service expired, 31 Dec. 1776	
oth Continental	1770	raisons	Huntington's regiment of 1775, as reorganized for service in the Continental army for the year 1776. After the siege of Boston, it marched under	pg. 99
			Washington to NY (by way of New London and the Sound in schooners), and remained in that vicinity from April to the close of the year. Assisted in fortifying the city; ordered 24 Aug. to Brooklyn front; engaged in the Battle of Long Island Aug. 27, in and Near Greenwood Cemetery; was surrounded by the enemy and lost heavily in prisoners; moved with the main army until after Battle of White Plains; disbanded under General Heath, near Peekskill,	
7th Continental	1776	Col. Jedidiah Huntington	31 Dec. 1776. Roll incomplete.	pg. 101
			Col. Webb's regiment of 1775, as reorganized for service in the Continental army for the year 1776. From Boston it marched under Washington to New York (by way of New London and vessels through the Sound) and served in that vicinity from April to the close of the year. Assisted in fortifying the city, ordered to the Brooklyn Front 27 Aug., but not engaged in the Battle of Long Island; closely engaged at the Battle of White Plains 28 Oct.; engaged at the Battles of Trenton 25 Dec. 1775, and in part at Princeton, 3 Jan. 1777, a portion of the regiment continuing in serve with other troops, at urgent	
9th Continental	1776	Col. Charles Webb	request of Washington, about six weeks after expiration of their term. Rolls incomplete.	pg. 104
		Col. John Durkee/Benedict Arnold (Arnold never w/ the	This regiment, known generally as Durkee's in the campaign of 1776, was General Putnam's Regiment of 1775 as reorganized for service in the Continental Army for the year 1776. Benedict Arnold was its first appointed colonel, but as stated below, he never assumed command. The regiment marched from Boston to New York in April 1776, and was stationed until 15 September at Bergen Heights and Pualus Hook, now Jersey City. Later it was ordered to Fort Lee, opposite Fort Washington and then accompanied Washington on the retreat through New Jersey. Engaged at Battle of Trenton, 25 December 1776, and in part at Princeton, 3 January 1777, a portion of the regiment, at urgent request of Washington, continuing in service	
20th Continental	1776	regiment)	with other troops, about 5 weeks after expiration of their term. Rolls incomplete.	pg. 106
			Wyllys' regiment of 1775, previously General Spencer's, as reorganized for service in the continental army for the year 1776, after the evacuation of Boston by the British, it marched under Washington to NY by way of New London and the sound, and remained in that vicinity from April to the close of the year. Assisted in fortifying the city; ordered to the Brooklyn front 24 Aug.; engaged in Battle of long Island 27 Aug.; in retreat from NY 1 Sept.;	

## **Muster Rolls**

- Just because a soldier is listed as part of a regiment or company, there is always more to the story
- Never Assume
- Transcribed rolls don't always include remarks

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Revolutio	mary War.)
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of the organization nar	ned above for the mo
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#### BENJAMIN HUNGERFORD

QUALIFICATION: Died in Service

MILITARY ABSTRACT: 2nd Lieutenant, 4th Connecticut Continental Regiment, 1 May 1775; Placed on Sick List, 20 Aug. 1775; Died, 4 Sept. 1775.

BIRTH: Bristol, Hartford County, Connecticut May 1741, son of Benjamin Hungerford and Jemima Hungerford. Jemima was a daughter of Green Hungerford and Jemima Richardson.<sup>2</sup> Benjamin and Jemima were first cousins.

MARRIAGE: Connecticut before 1772 to Kezia/Kesia Walker,<sup>3</sup> who was baptized Woodbury, Litchfield County, Connecticut 6 Nov. 1743, daughter of Peter Walker, and died Connecticut 6 June 1819, at the age of 75.<sup>4</sup>

DEATH: Woodbury 4 Sept. 1775, at the age of 34.5

CHILDREN: All born at Woodbury:6

- BENJAMIN HUNGERFORD, b. abt. 1773; d. Bristol 4 March 1814, at the age of 41; m. Bristol 18 Jan. 1798, ZADDIE/ZADDEE/ZADE NEWELL, b. Farmington, Hartford Co. 10 Dec. 1773, dau. of David Newell and Sarah Porter; d. Bristol 3 Nov. 1847.7
- ii. Kezia Hungerford, b. abt. 1774; d. aft. June 1783.8
- Francis Bernard Heitman, Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army During the War of the Revolution, April 1775 to December 1783 (Washington, D.C.: Rare Book Shop Publishing Co., 1914), 309; Henry Phelps Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men in the I. War of the Revolution, II. War of 1812, III. Mexican War (Hartford, Conn.: Connecticut Adjutant-General's Office, Connecticut General Assembly, 1889), 59.
- <sup>2</sup> F. Phelps Leach, Additions and Corrects for Thomas Hungerford of Hartford and New London, Conn. and his Descendants in America (East Highgate, Vt.: F. Phelps Leach, 1932), 19, 20, 22, 39.
- <sup>3</sup> Keziah Walker was a third cousin of Major Joseph Walker (1756–1810), an Original Member of the Connecticut Society of the Cincinnati and of Capt. Robert Walker (1745–1810), a Qualified Propositus of the Connecticut Society of the Cincinnati under the Rule of 1854.
- Leach, Corrections for Thomas Hungerford, 39; Woodbury, Connecticut, Church Record Abstracts, 1630–1920, Ancestry.com, Vol. 1, p. 97; Connecticut, Hale Collection of Cemetery Inscriptions and Newspaper Notices, 1629–1934, Ancestry.com, Vol. 6, p. 54. Although there are records of the marriage between Sheldon Clark and Kezia Hungerford, the burial site for Kezia suggests that she was also the wife of Benjamin Hungerford. She is buried next to Benjamin Clark Jr. (b. 1773) in Bridge St. Cemetery at Bristol, while her husband Sheldon Clark is buried at New Have.
- Leach, Corrections for Thomas Hungerford, 39, Hale Collection, Vol. 58, p. 26.
- Leach, Corrections for Thomas Hungerford, 39.
- Bristol, Connecticut, Church Record Abstracts, 1630–1920, Ancestry.com, Vol. 2, p. 248; Hale Collection, Vol. 6, p. 54; Farmington, Connecticut, Church Record Abstracts, 1630–1920, Ancestry.com, Vol. 3, p. 23; Farmington Vital Records 1645–1850, Barbour Collection, Ancestry.com, Vol. LR17, p. 437; Grave of Zada Newell Lee at FindaGrave.com, memorial #42558788; Leach, Corrections for Thomas Hungerford, 39, 55. Although Benjamin Hungerford was too young to have served in the Revolutionary War, his gravestone asserts he was a "Captain," and there is a military service marker next to his grave.
- Leach, Corrections for Thomas Hungerford, 39, 55; Woodbury, Conn., Wills and Probate 1782, Ancestry.com, No. 2183, p. 1133–1137. After announcing the guardianship of Benjamin and

BIOGRAPHICAL NOTES: Born in May 1741, Benjamin Hungerford was the sixth child born to Benjamin Hungerford and Jemima Hungerford. Of his ten siblings, only Benjamin Hungerford and his brother Stephen were active in the military during the Revolution. Stephen Hungerford briefly served as a Private in Captain Judson's Militia Light Horse Company in Major John Skinner's State Regiment. Sometime prior to the year 1772, Benjamin Hungerford married Kezia Walker. Together they had two children.9

Benjamin Hungerford was commissioned as a 2nd Lieutenant 1 May 1775, serving under Colonel Benjamin Hinman in the 1st Company of the 4th Connecticut Continental Regiment. As one of the earliest regiments raised following the Lexington Alarm, the 4th Regiment was quickly ordered by Governor Jonathan Trumbull to march north to Fort Ticonderoga. On 10 and 11 May 1775, Patriot troops led a successful surprise attack on Fort Ticonderoga and captured the fort from the British. The 4th Regiment was under orders to join the Patriot forces stationed there to help secure the post and serve as defense against recapture. After reaching their destination in June 1775, Colonel Benjamin Hinman took command of the fort until General Philip Schuyler could arrive.

The regiment continued to serve in the Northern Department until the expiration of its term of service in Dec. 1775. The 4th Regiment, like many other regiments stationed in the Northern Department, was plagued with

sickness in the fall of 1775. Lieutenant Benjamin Hungerford fell ill and was placed on the sick list 20 Aug. 1775. He was immediately sent home and succumbed to his illness at his home 4 Sept. 1775. Benjamin Hungerford was survived by his wife Kezia and his two young children Benjamin and Kezia. He was buried in South Cemetery, at Woodbury.

The inscription on his gravestone reads. "In memory of Lieu. Benjamin Hungerford, who died Sept. 4th 1775 in his 35th year. In him the Patriot and the hero join'd. The warrior's prowess with good sense combined. His country's wrongs provok'd his manly zeal, his love for virtue and the public weal. His noble breast undaunted courage fir'd. His men revered him and his friends admired. . . ." [remainder undecipherable].11



Grave of Benjamin Hungerford, South Cemetery, Woodbury, Conn. Image by Karen Kelly, FindaGrave.com, memorial #45368432.

#### **Example Biography**

Kesia Hungerford in June 1783, there is no further mention of a Kesia Hungerford. It is unknown if she remarried or the date of her death.

<sup>\*</sup> Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men, 476.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men, 59; Heitman, Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army, 309; Leach, Corrections for Thomas Hungerford, 39.

Grave of Benjamin Hungerford, FindaGrave.com, memorial #45368432.

# **Utilizing Context**

discharged shortly dicreater when the war chief.

Fifteen years after his enlistment in the French and Indian War, Orlando Mack was commissioned as a 2nd Lieutenant with the 8th Connecticut Continental Regiment 1 Jan. 1777 and was promoted to 1st Lieutenant 16 Feb. 1778. Although both Heitman and Johnston assert that his promotion to 1st Lieutenant was 16 Feb. 1777, his 8th Regiment service file clearly shows that promotion did not occur until 16 Feb. 1778. 16

After going into the field at Peekskill, New York in the spring of 1777, the regiment was ordered in Sept. 1777 to march to Pennsylvania to serve under Major General Alexander McDougall. On 4 Oct. 1777, Lieutenant Mack was with the regiment when it fought at the Battle of Germantown. After enduring the harsh winter at Valley Forge, he and the regiment engaged at the Battle of Monmouth 28 June 1778. Orlando Mack may have suffered at least some injury or illness during his service in the 8th Regiment. On his muster roll card for 4 Dec. 1777, he was marked "sick absent" and placed "on furlough" 3 Oct. 1778, remaining on furlough until his official discharge date of 15 Nov. 1778.

Effective 15 Nov. 1778, Mack was one of the officers declared supernumerary and honorably discharged, likely due at least in part to his advanced age of 54 years as well as possibly being sick.<sup>20</sup> After the war, he moved to Harpersfield where he can be found in the 1800 Federal Census and where his estate was probated starting 28 April 1803.<sup>21</sup> Lieutenant Orlando Mack is a Qualified Propositus because he was declared supernumerary and was honorably discharged pursuant to an Act of Congress.



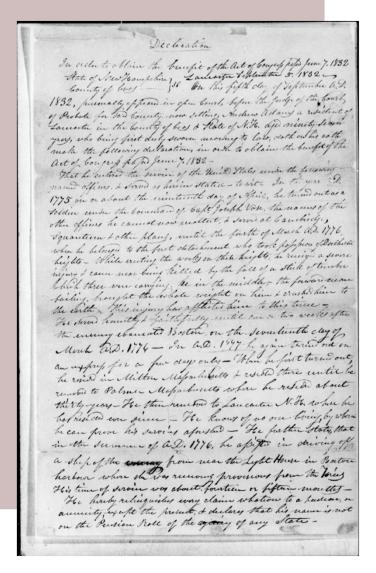
# Make a Timeline

# **Land Bounty Records**

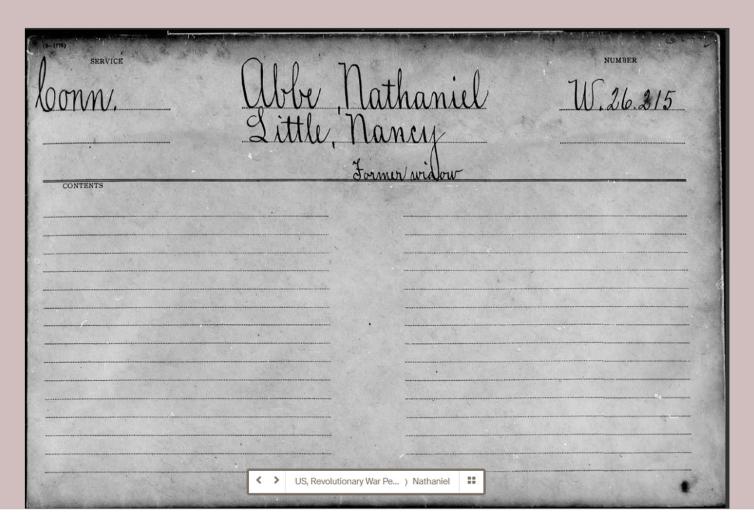
- Explains post-Revolution migrations
- Paperwork can provide details
- Rank
- Many applications have been lost or destroyed

## **Pension Records**

- Verify the declarations
- Identify any family members
  - Include name changes, marriages, grandchildren, ages
- Look into affidavits made by fellow soldiers
- Literacy
- Add information to your timeline



## Widow's Pension Records



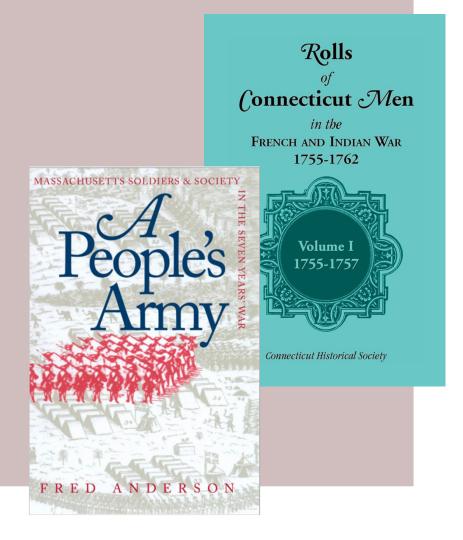
Declaration . ~ In order to obtain the benefit of the Acts of lon-gress of the Seventh of July 1838 and the 23? August 1842. County of Windham & Sof Windham On this Sith day of January AD one thou-Sand eight hundred & forty three personally appeared before the Court of Probate in 4 for The Destrict of Wendham Mr. Nancy Dettle a resident of aid Windhow in the County of Windham afores aged Seventy Lever years, Who being first duly sworn according to law dott on her oak make the following declaration in order to oblam the benefits of the provision made by The acts of bongrefs paped July 7. 1838, and the 23 of august AD1842, granting pensions to widows of persons who Served during the Kewslutionary War. That the is the widow of Nathamel Abbe who was a Soldier in the army during the recolutionary for. That he enlisted into Captain botters Company and afterwards joined the army and Served in Gol. Butter, regiment, She believes he derved three years for he enlested in the year Seventeen hundred and eighty and must have left the army in the

#### Widow Pension Application of Nancy Little (Fold3)

The year Seventeen hundred and eighty Three, as The was morned soon after he left the army which way in the year Seventeen hundred deighte four. She further declares that She I. as no documents in her possession respecting his (her saw late Husbands Serving Mut She has often heard him tell of his handships When in the army, of his privation, & fatigue, but can not none recedleit of his naming particular battles he was in. The hand ship, The has underfone her-Self, and old age have much impaired her memory as well as her boddy Strongth. She further declar this she does not know of any Officers now leving, who were in the army with him, and the soldier, the presume, are most of them decears. Shefuthe declares that prior to her marriage to i. Nathaniel Abbe her name was Nancy Moon. The further declares that She was married to Nathanie Abbe on the twentieth day of September Seventeer hundred Veighty form by Herckiah Beflet Esq! a Justice of the Peace, and that her husband afores. Nathanul Abbe died November eleventh Secunteen hundred & minety eight, that she way not married to him prior to his leaving the Service, but that The marriage took place previous to the first of Junuary Securter him died Whinet, four vir at the time above Stated. The further declares that after the death of her husband afores. The was married to Philema Little on the 29. day of June feventer hundred and much nine that he dies on the thinteenth day of January eighten hundred & forty, and that she is still a willowy. Sancy X Sittle

## **Prior and Future Service**

- French and Indian War
- Militia/Trainband Service
- War of 1812
- United States Army or Navy



334 PUBLIC RECORDS

October,

This Assembly do establish William Stanton to be Captain of the fifth company or trainband in the town of Stonington.

This Assembly do establish John Williams the 4th to be Lieutenant of the fifth company or trainband in the town of Stonington.

This Assembly do establish John Belcher to be Ensign of the fifth company or trainband in the town of Stonington.

This Assembly do establish William Starr to be Ensign of the first company or trainband in the third regiment in this Colony.

This Assembly do establish John Avery june to be Lieutenant of the first company or trainband in the town of Preston

This Assembly do establish Ebenezer Brewster to be Ensign of the first company or trainband in the town of Preston.

This Assembly do establish Isaac Johnson to be Captain of the third company of trainband in the town of Norwick.

This Assembly do establish Asa Kingsbury to be Lieutenant of the third company or trainband in the town of Norwich

[377] This Assembly do establish Eli Hide to be Ensign of the third company or trainband in the town of Norwich.

This Assembly do establish Andrew Lathrop to be Captain of the troop of horse in the third regiment in this Colony.

This Assembly do establish Benjamin Throop jung to be Lieutenant of the troop of horse in the third regiment in this Colony.

This Assembly do establish Josiah Manning to be Cornet of the troop of horse in the third regiment in this Colony.

This Assembly do establish Ebenezer Lathrop junt to be Quarter-Master of the troop of horse in the third regiment in this Colony.

This Assembly do establish Nathaniel Wheeler to be Captain of the second company or trainband in the town of Strat-

This Assembly do establish William Thomson to be Lieutenant of the second company or trainband in the town of Stratford.

This Assembly do establish Nehemiah Curtiss to be Ensign of the second company or trainband in the town of Stratford.

This Assembly do establish Elijah Abel to be Captain of the first company or trainband in the town of Fairfield.

This Assembly do establish Peter Hendrick to be Lieuten-

#### ASA KINGSBURY

QUALIFICATION: Died in Service

MILITARY ABSTRACT: Prior Service: Ensign of the Trainband of West Farms, Connecticut, May 1772; Lieutenant of the Trainband, Oct. 1774; Qualifying Service: Lieutenant, Lexington Alarm, April 1775; Captain, 8th Connecticut State Regiment, 6 July 1775; Died in Service, 5 Sept. 1775.<sup>2</sup>

- Public Records
- Involvement before the war often resulted in higher rank
- Even if prior service does not fall under the revolution, it will still be relevant to your research

# **Road Map**

#### Individual Approach - Military

Research your

Regiment

Service Records

**Bounty Land** 

Warrants

Pensions

#### Individual Approach - Personal

Vital Records

Alternative Records

Family/Friends

Adopt a Regiment

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Organize

# Researching the Individual

- Remember that your ancestor was more than just a soldier
- Their service would have affected their lives after the war
- Compare the military records to the vital records to ensure you have the right person

#### THOMAS PHELPS

QUALIFICATION: Three Campaigns

MILITARY ABSTRACT: Prior Service: Sergeant, 2nd Connecticut Continental Regiment, 4 May 1775 – 8 Nov. 1775; Qualifying Service: Ensign, 22nd Connecticut Continental Regiment, 9 Nov. 1775<sup>2</sup> – 31 Dec. 1776; Lieutenant, Captain Jeduthan Baldwin's Artillery Artificer Regiment, 24 July 1777; Resigned, 1 May 1779.

BIRTH: Hartford, Hartford County, Connecticut 17 July 1741, son of Thomas Phelps and Margaret Watson. Margaret Watson was a daughter of John Watson and Sarah Steele.<sup>6</sup> Through his mother, Lieutenant Thomas Phelps was a first cousin of Captain James Watson (1750–1806), an Original Member of the Connecticut Society of the Cincinnati, and a first cousin of Captain Titus Watson (1743–1820), a Qualified Propositus of the Connecticut Society of the Cincinnati under the Rule of 1854.

MARRIAGE: Simsbury, Hartford County to **DOROTHY LAMB WOODBRIDGE**, who was born at Simsbury 13 Nov. 1745, daughter of Haynes Woodbridge and Elizabeth Griswold, and died Simsbury 1792, at the age of 46. Dorothy

Lamb Woodbridge was the sister of Lieutenant Theophilus Woodbridge (1754–1815), a Qualified Propositus of the Connecticut Society of the Cincinnati under the Rule of 1854. She was also a first cousin of Major Theodore Woodbridge (1748–1810), an Original Member of the Connecticut Society, and a second cousin of Major John Palsgrave Wyllys (1754–1790) and Colonel Samuel Wyllys (1738–1823), each an Original Member of the Connecticut Society of the Cincinnati..

DEATH: Simsbury 28 Feb. 1789, at the age of 47. Both Thomas and Dorothy Phelps were buried in Hop Meadow Cemetery at Simsbury.9

CHILDREN: all born at Simsbury:10

- i. WILLIAM "BILLY" HAYNES PHELPS, b. 24 Aug. 1767; d. unknown.
- GEORGE AUGUSTUS PHELPS, b. 12 Nov. 1769; d. 15 July 1788, at the age of 18; bur. Hop Meadow Cemetery.<sup>11</sup>
- iii. THOMAS WOODBRIDGE PHELPS, b. 6 May 1772; d. Lenox, Madison Co., N.Y. 5 Sept. 1838, at the age of 66; bur. Lenox Rural Cemetery, Lenox; m. (1) LIBERTY EVEREST, b. abt. 1775, d. Canton, Hartford Co. 13 June 1796, at the age of 21, bur. Dyer Cemetery, Canton; <sup>13</sup> (2) LUCINA PINNEY, b. abt. 1774, d. Lenox 15 May 1819, at the age of 46, bur. Lenox Rural Cemetery; <sup>14</sup> (3) SARAH \_\_\_\_\_\_, b. 1769, d. Ansonia, New Haven Co., Conn. 1860, at the age of abt. 91, bur. Pine Grove Cemetery, Ansonia. Thomas was a saddler and a harness-maker. <sup>15</sup>
- iv. Anson Greene Phelps, b. 24 March 1781; d. New York City, N.Y. 30 Nov. 1853, at the age of 72;<sup>36</sup> m. Hartford 26 Oct. 1806, Olivia Egleston, b. Conn. 30 March 1784, dau. of Elihu Egleston and Elizabeth Olcott, d. New York City 24 April 1859, at the age of 75. His middle name was chosen in honor of Nathanael Greene, whom his father greatly admired. Anson was a founder of Ansonia, Conn., and a successful manufacturer and merchant of Hartford and New York. Both Anson and Olivia were buried first in New York Marble Cemetery, Manhattan, and were later moved to the family mausoleum at Green-Wood Cemetery, Brooklyn, N.Y.<sup>17</sup>

#### **Compiling Personal Information**

Henry Phelps Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men in the I. War of the Revolution, II. War of 1812, III. Mexican War (Hartford, Conn.: Connecticut Adjutant-General's Office, Connecticut General Assembly, 1889), 45, 49, Francis Bernard Heitman, Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army During the War of the Revolution, April 1775 to December 1783 (Washington, D.C.: Rare Book Shop Publishing Co., 1914), 439.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "22nd Regiment" Revolutionary War Rolls compiled 1894–1913, documenting the period 1775–1783, Folder 98, Fold3.com, 4; "Phelps, Thomas: 22nd Cont." Compiled Service Records of Soldiers Who Served in the American Army During the Revolutionary War, compiled 1894–ca. 1912, documenting the period 1775–1784 (NARA: M881), Roll 0056, Record Group 93, Fold3. com, 2 shows that he was serving as an Ensign in that regiment as of 9 Nov. 1775 while serving at Roxbury, Massachusetts at the Siege of Boston.

Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men, 107; Heitman, Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army, 439.

Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men, 289, 290; Heitman, Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army, 439.

Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men, 290; Heitman, Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army, 439.

<sup>\*</sup> Hartford Vital Records, 1635–1855, Barbour Collection, Ancestry.com, Vol. FFS, pp. 29, 62, 82.

Simsbury Vital Records, 1670–1855, Barbour Collection, AmericanAncestors.org, Vol. TM3, pp. 153, 197; Albert C. Bates, Simsbury, Connecticut: Births Marriages and Deaths Transcribed from the Town Records (Hartford: Connecticut Historical Society, 1898), 60, 94; Oliver Seymour Phelps and Andrew T. Servin, The Phelps Family of America and their English Ancestors, with Copies of Wills, Deeds, Letters, and other Interesting Papers, Coats of Arms and Valuable Records (Pittsfield, Mass.: Eagle Publishing Company, 1899), Vol. II, pp. 318, 1354.

Connecticut Headstone Inscriptions, Connecticut, Hale Collection of Cemetery Inscriptions and Newspaper Notices, 1629-1934, Ancestry.com, Vol. 44, p. 47; Grave of Dorothy Lamb

Woodbridge Phelps, FindaGrave.com, memorial #60405990.

Connecticut Headstone Inscriptions, Vol. 44, p. 47; Grave of Thomas Phelps, FindaGrave.com, memorial #57496260; Phelps and Servin, The Phelps Family of America, 1354.

Simsbury Vital Records, Vol. TM4, p. 207; Bates, Simsbury, Connecticut: Births Marriages and Deaths, 208; Phelps and Servin, The Phelps Family of America, 1354.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Connecticut Headstone Inscriptions, Vol. 44, p. 47; Grave of George Augustus Phelps, FindaGrave.com, memorial #60406943.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Grave of Col. Thomas Woodbridge Phelps, FindaGrave.com, memorial #24426597; Phelps and Servin, The Phelps Family of America, 1408, 1409.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Connecticut Headstone Inscriptions Vol. 08, p. 161; Grave of Liberty Everest Phelps, FindaGrave.com, memorial #83080128; Phelps and Servin, The Phelps Family of America, 1408

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Grave of Lucina Pinney Phelps, FindaGrave.com, memorial #24426598; Phelps and Servin, The Phelps Family of America, 1408.

<sup>15</sup> Grave of Sarah Phelps, FindaGrave.com, memorial #151494115.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Grave of Anson Greene Phelps, FindaGrave.com, memorial #180317406; Phelps and Servin, The Phelps Family of America, 1409–1410.

Newspaper Extractions from the Northeast, 1704–1930, Connecticut American Mercury Marriage 1784–1822, Ancestry.com, 96; Grave of Liberty Everest Phelps, FindaGrave.com,

Class 5: Researching American Revolutionary War Patriots

## **Vital Records**

- Birth, marriage, and death Records
- Often provide the names of the individual's parents and/or spouse
- Depending on the state, records may be held on the state, county, and/or town/city level
- These facts will be the building stones of your research

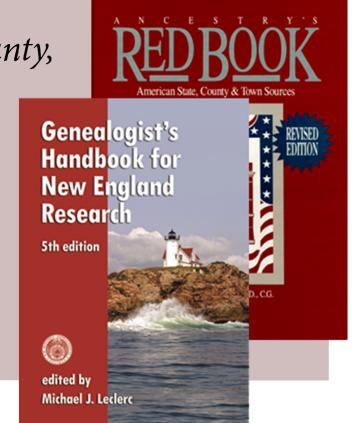
## **Vital Records: Resources**

Genealogist's Handbook for New England Research,
 5th ed. (NEHGS, 2012)

• Red Book: American State, County, and Town Sources, 3rd ed.

(Ancestry Publishing, 2004)

• The Source: A Guidebook to American Genealogy, 3rd ed. (Ancestry Publishing, 2006)

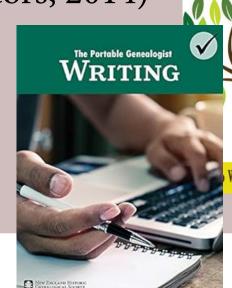


## **Citations and Footnotes**

• Evidence! Citation & Analysis for the Family Historian (Genealogical Pub. Co., 1997)

Guide to Genealogical Writing,
 3rd ed. (American Ancestors, 2014)

 The Portable Genealogist: Writing (American Ancestors, 2017)



& Henry B. Hoff, CG, FASG
Write and Publish Your Family History

Penelope L. Stratton

Genealogical

# Alternative Vital Records

## **Bible Records**

- Rare, but helpful
- Maintained by local historical societies, archives, or genealogical society (American Ancestors)



## **Town/State Records**

- What positions did your ancestor hold
  - Representative
  - Judge
  - Surveyor
- Declarations to the General Assembly

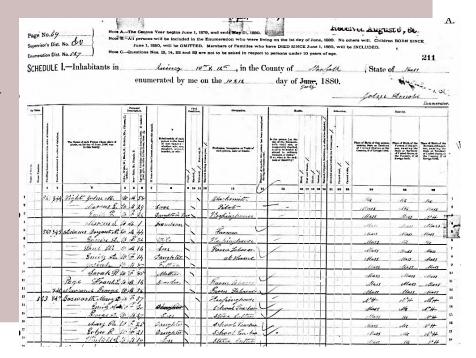
Upon the Petition of James Church of Hartford bearing Date the 19th Day of May 1786, against his Creditors, Shewing to this Assembly that by means of many great and Heavy Losses and misfortunes in the Course of Trade the last War\* he is greatly reduced and embarrassed in his Circumstances and become unable to pay all his Just Debts that he is advanced in Years and of a weakly infirm Constitution of Body and desirous that equal Justice might take Place amongst his Creditors as far as is in his Power, and is willing to resign up into the Hands of Trustees upon Oath all his Estate both real and personal to be disposed of for the Benefit of his Creditors except his own and his Wife\* wearing Apparel and their Household Furniture, and praying that thereupon he may be exonerated and discharged from all his Debts contracted before the Date of his Petition, and it appearing to this Assembly that the Facts stated in said Petition are Just and true, and more than four fifths of his Creditors in number and value having requested the same by a Writing under their Hands and exhibited to this Assembly,

Whereupon it is Enacted and Resolved by this Assembly that upon said James Church, delivering upon Oath and assigning unto Mess" Richard Alsop Daniel Pitkin and William Adams who are hereby appointed Trustees to receive the same all his Property both real and Personal except his own and his Wifes wearing Apparel and their Household Furniture for the Use and Benefit of his Creditors, and obtaining from said Trustees a Certificate of his having so done said James Church his Person and Property shall be by force of this Act exonerated and discharged from all Attachments Executions and Suits in Law or Equity for and on Account of any Debt or Debts Contracted before the Date of his said Petition, and said Trustees are hereby directed and Impowered to warn a Meeting of said Creditors to be held at the House of Mr David Ball in said Hartford on the 20th of July next, by advertising the same in the several News Papers in this State three Weeks successively twenty Days before the Time of said Meeting, and said Creditors, or a Major part of them present at said Meeting may displace ony or all of said Trustees and appoint others in their stead,

Public Records of Connecticut, Vol. XI, p. 320

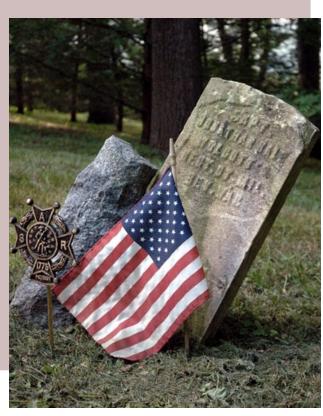
## **Census Records** (Federal and State)

- U.S. Federal Census available 1790–1940
- Before 1850, U.S. Federal Census did not name each member of household
- Online resources:
  - AmericanAncestors.org
  - familysearch.org
  - fold3.com
  - ancestry.com



# **Cemetery Records and Inscriptions**

- Look for clear photos
- Be careful of inscriptions without any photo
- Online resources:
  - findagrave.com
  - billiongraves.com
  - interment.net
  - locateagrave.org
- Do not rely on military markers



# **Mismarked Graves**





Gravestone of Captain Simon Gross (Lebanon, Conn.)

### SIMON GROSS

QUALIFICATION: Rule of 1854

MILITARY ABSTRACT: 2nd or 3rd Lieutenant, Continental Frigate Boston, 12 Oct. 1776; taken prisoner, 9 July 1777; exchanged, 24 Jan. 1778; Lieutenant, Continental Frigate Confederacy, by 30 Oct. 1778; taken prisoner, 14 April 1781; released, summer or fall 1781; Subsequent Service: Captain, Revenue-Marine cutter Active, Jan. 1791; resigned, July 1792, succeeded by Captain David Porter; 1st Lieutenant, United States Frigate Constellation, 30 Aug. 1797; resigned or discharged, May 1798.

BIRTH: His birth and parentage are unclear.2

MARRIAGE: Conjectural: (1) possibly Baltimore, Md. 14 Aug. 1787 to MARY LEWIS, whose birth is unknown, died before 1798; (2) possibly Baltimore 22 Jan. 1798 to Ann Job Allison, whose birth and death are unknown. Given the uncertainty of his birth and parentage, these marriages are speculative.

DEATH: After 1803.4



Include explanation of discrepancies found in documents

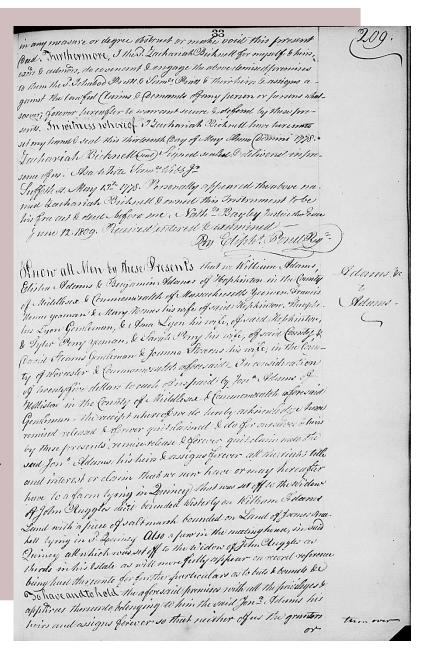
# **Church Records**

- Baptisms, marriages, confirmations, burials
- To find, identify your ancestor's religion and church
- Sources:
  - Church archives
  - American Ancestors Library
  - American Ancestors.org
  - familysearch.org

40	RECORDS OF THE WEST CHURCH OF BOSTON
January 9th	Sarah Kendall daughter of Mr Bailey Cushing
16	Nathaniel Son of Mr Joseph Fosdick
Febry 20	Mary, daughter of Mr Edward [&] Mrs Mary Taylor
100 3 20	in private.
	Mary Jackson Etat 7 yrs daughter of M <sup>r</sup> Bant Brimsdell
	decd, at the desire of M <sup>r</sup> & M <sup>rs</sup> Taylor, in private
27th	Benjamin, Son of Mr Matthew Bayley
27	Eliza Ann, daughter of M <sup>r</sup> Joseph Mansfield in private
March 6.	Albart Swan Son of Mr Amos Penniman
13	Eben <sup>r</sup> , Son of M <sup>r</sup> Ebenezer Eaton, born March 5 <sup>th</sup> 1803.
	Killed by ye natives on one of ye Seal islands July 1823
20	Martin, Son of Ebenezer Gay
April 10.	William Gordon, Son of Capt James Prince
24.	Sally, Daughter of Mr Asa Page
	~····), — ····0 ···0
[294]	1803
June 12.	George, son of Mr Jonas Coolidge
July 24	John Son of Mr John Andrew
August 7	George, Son of Mr Thomas Dennie
21	Thomas Perkins, Son of Mr Matthias Murch (By Mr Porter)
Septr 4th	Frederick, Son of Mr James Henderson.
	Thomas Austin Son of Mr Ebenezer Adams
7	Lexia, daughter of Mr Murdoc Mackay & Betsey his wife,
	lately arived from Scotland; the child being dangerously
	sick was baptised in private
Octr 2d	Daniel, Son of Mr John Kuhn born Sept 25. 1803
16	Elizabeth, daughter of Mr John C. Howard
	since Mrs [Cyrus A.] Bartol
30	Samuel Rand, son of Mr Andrew Floyd born Oct 15. 1803
Nov <sup>r</sup> 13	Thomas Dennie, posthumous son of Wm Harris Esqr decd &
	Eliza Harris
	Margaret, daughter of Mr John Low
	Lydia, daughter of Mr Zebulon Hall
	Sarah, daughter of Mr Perez Gill
15	Robert, Son of Mr —— Clayton in private, being sick
Decr 11	Sarah Bent, daughter of Mr Bill Vose
	after Mrs W[illiam Henry] Cunningham obiit Novr [20]
	<u>1853</u>
	Nancy, daughter of Mr George Cushing
18	Francis, son of Mr Thomas Tilden.
	1804
Jan <sup>ry</sup> 1	Oscar Son of M <sup>r</sup> Job Drew
Jair J	Oscar Son of Mr. Joo Diew

# Deeds & Land Records

- May identify relationship between grantor (seller) and grantee (purchaser)
- Adds to the timeline
- Sources:
  - American Ancestors Library
  - familysearch.org
  - Family History Library



# Local Histories & Well-Documented Genealogies

- Be cautious and critical
- Helpful for pioneers
- Online resources:
  - archive.org
  - books.google.com
  - books.familysearch.org

#### CHAPTER LI

#### ILLUSTRIOUS SONS

JOHN ADAMS—JOHN QUINCY ADAMS—JOHN HANCOCK—PAUL REVERE—FISHER AMES—HORACE MANN—WILLIAM T. ADAMS—ELEAZAR SMITH—WILLIAM M. THAYER—ALBERT D. RICHARDSON—HANNAH ADAMS—MARY E. WILKINS FREEMAN—A LITERARY GROUP.

Shakespeare tells us that "Some men are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them." In every community there are certain individuals who, through accident of birth, through their own efforts, or through some fortunate combination of circumstances, rise above their fellow-men in the professions, in literary pursuits, as great inventors or in the political arena. Norfolk County has a number of these "Illustrious Sons," who have helped to shape the nation's destiny and add lustre to its history. Norfolk is the only county in the United States that can claim the distinction of being the birthplace of two presidents of the United States—John Adams and his son, John Quincy Adams.

#### JOHN ADAMS

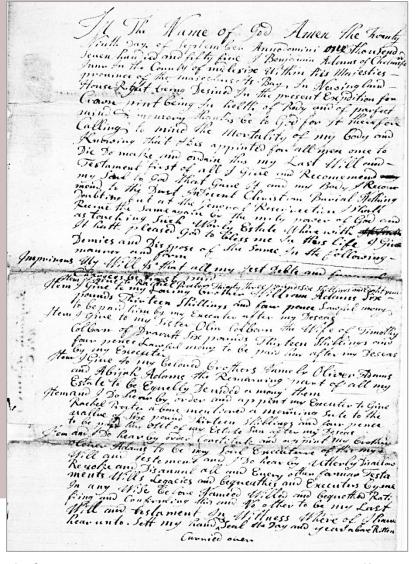
John Adams was born in that part of Braintree now Quincy on October 19, 1735, the eldest son of John and Susanna (Boylston) Adams. After suitable preparation he entered Harvard and graduated as a member of the class of 1755. His first intention was to study for the ministry, but not being in full sympathy with the orthodox views regarding election and reprobation, he decided upon the law as his profession. While preparing himself for the bar, he taught school at Worcester, and in 1758 was admitted to practice. In 1761 he heard James Otis deliver his famous address on "Writs of Assistance," of which he afterward said: "American independence was then and there born." Such an influence did this address have on Mr. Adams that when the tory government offered him the position of advocate-general in 1763, he declined the honor. In 1764 he married Abigail Smith, a granddaughter of Col. John Quincy, and about this time published his "Essay on Canon and Feudal Law."

The passage of the Stamp Act in March, 1765, brought Mr. Adams prominently into politics for the first time. He drew up the petition in the Town of Braintree and procured the signatures of a number of the leading citizens, instructing their representatives in relation to the stamps. On December 18, 1765, the Town of Boston employed him to appear with Gridley and Otis before the governor and council in support of his memorial. This introduced him to the people of Boston and in 1768 he opened a law office in that city. In the

459

# **Probate Records**

- Identify heirs: spouse, children, grandchildren, and siblings
- May include death information
- Sources:
  - American Ancestors Library
  - AmericanAncestors.org
  - familysearch.org
  - Family History Library





# Take note of vital records for siblings and spouses

Sound. On 12 Aug. 1779, Elisha Hinman succeeded in getting *Trumbull* past the sand bar and out to sea after only two months of effort.<sup>33</sup> With his triumph of accomplishing what Saltonstall had failed to do for two years, it seemed sure that Hinman would become the next Captain of the *Trumbull*. Much to the surprise of Elisha Hinman and the Navy Board, the Marine Committee granted the commission to Captain James Nicholson on 6 Oct. 1779.<sup>34</sup> According to one source the reason was: "Rules of appointment to command in the Navy forbade the selection of Capt. [Elisha] Hinman for the *Trumbull* when Capt. [James] Nicholson was the first captain on the Navy List and considered a man of merit."<sup>35</sup>

On 6 June 1780 Captain Hinman was given command of the Connecticut Ship Deane. On 25 Aug. 1780, the Deane and her crew of 210 men successfully captured a British Brigantine and brought the prize, loaded with brandy and cordials meant for British officers, into Boston. Captain Hinman and the Deane captured another cargo-loaded prize 26 March 1781. On 13 June 1781 Elisha Hinman was given command of the Connecticut Brigantine Marquis de Lafayette with a crew of 100 men. While commanding the Marquis de Lafayette, Captain

Hinman managed to overtake the British brig Dispatch and take it as a prize.<sup>40</sup>

While Elisha Hinman was out at sea, the traitor Benedict Arnold attacked New London and Groton. On 6 Sept. 1781, the British troops commanded by General Benedict Arnold advanced on Fort Griswold, burning much of Groton and New London on their way. Abigail Hinman, Elisha's wife, was one of the only residents who did not flee the city. By staying, Abigail came face to face with Benedict Arnold, who just years before had been a family friend. It is rumored Benedict Arnold asked for directions to the print shop and post office, but Abigail misled him. General Arnold promised to protect Elisha Hinman's property from destruction, which led Mrs. Hinman



Grave of Elisha Hinman, Cedar Grove Cemetery, New London, Conn. Image by Irma, FindaGrave.com, memorial #21359.

#### Biography of Elisha Hinman

to claim multiple buildings that were not theirs, to protect as much property as possible. To keep his promise. General Arnold stood guard in front of the Hinman's house throughout much of the attack.

Elisha Hinman

As the attacks continued and the city burned, Abigail grew enraged. According to the Hinman genealogy, she marched to the closet, grabbed a musket, and took aim at the General's back. Her efforts were for naught, as the gun was not loaded. General Arnold heard the click of the pan but Abigail quickly withdrew the musket so he suspected nothing, seeing her quiet at the window. According to this family lore, Abigail Hinman came close to executing one of America's most infamous traitors. The story was memorialized in a painting now in the collection of the Lyman Allyn Art Museum in New London, Connecticut.

After the war, Captain Elisha Hinman returned to his merchant business and commanded the Revenue Cutter Argus at New London for some years. 42 He died at New London 29 Aug. 1807, at the age of 73. He was survived by all four of his children and his brave and resourceful wife Abigail. 43

Captain Elisha Hinman was a first cousin of Ensign Titus Hinman (1733– 1778), a Qualified Propositus of the Connecticut Society of the Cincinnati as Died in Service.



Daniel Huntington's painting of Abigail Hinman at the window.

Lyman Allyn Art Museum, New London, Conn. 44

<sup>13</sup> Hinman, A Catalogue of the Early Puritan Settlers, 817.

Morgan, Captains to the Northward, 167-168.

<sup>15</sup> Lincoln, Naval Records of the American Revolution 1775-1788, 119.

Middlebrook, History of Maritime Connecticut, Vol. 2, p. 66; A Catalogue of the Early Puritan Settlers, 817.

<sup>30</sup> Middlebrook, History of Maritime Connecticut, Vol. 2, p. 66.

Middlebrook, History of Maritime Connecticut, Vol. 2, p. 67.

<sup>38</sup> Middlebrook, History of Maritime Connecticut, Vol. 2, pp. 67, 150.

Lincoln, Naval Records of the American Revolution 1775–1788, 263, 384; Middlebrook, History of Maritime Connecticut, Vol. 2, pp. 66, 67, 150.

<sup>41</sup> Hinman, Descendants of Edward Hinman, 820; Carol Sommer, "Abby, Get Your Gun," The Day, New London, Conn., 7 Nov. 2021.

<sup>42</sup> Hinman, A Catalogue of the Early Puritan Settlers, 818.

<sup>43</sup> The Connecticut Courant (Hartford, Conn.), 1 Sept. 1800, p. 3, Newspapers.com.

<sup>44</sup> Abigail Dolbeare Himman, by Daniel Huntington (1853–1856), Oil on Canvas, in the collection of the Lyman Allyn Art Museum, New London, Conn.

# **Artifacts**

- Mementos left by your ancestor can add more than you might think
- Weapons, badges, original commissions, clothing, personal effects





force was moved across to the Brooklyn lines, under the command of General Nathanael Greene. Those troops assisted in the construction of Fort Sterling at Brooklyn Heights and the fort on Cobble Hill. The 2nd Battalion went on to see action in the Battle of Long Island and the subsequent retreats. However, Colonel Gay himself was not present. The Colonel fell ill at camp and, after only two months and three days at his post as Colonel, Fisher Gay succumbed to dysentery on 22 Aug. 1776. Colonel Gay's sword was preserved, its inscription reading "Freedom or Death." The sword is currently on display at the Stanley-Whitman House in Farmington, Connecticut. With his passing, Colonel Fisher Gay left behind his second wife Ruth and three surviving children.



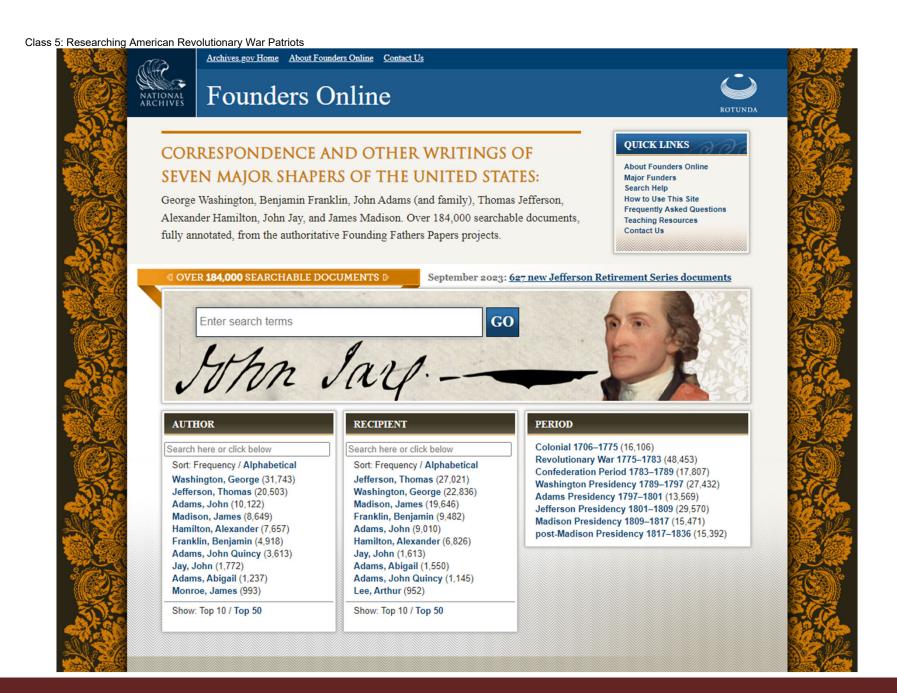
Sword of Col. Fisher Gay. Courtesy of the Stanley-Whitman House, Farmington, Conn.



Fisher Gay's commission to Colonel. Courtesy of the Stanley-Whitman House, Farmington, Conn.

- <sup>5</sup> Camp, History of New Britain, 420: "He died . . . of dysentery in camp near Brooklyn on August 22, 1776"; Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. II, p. 582. Apparently even General Washington was not aware of Gay's death as of 4 September 1776, when he wrote to Col. Gay: see Founders. Archives.gov.
- Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men, 392, 395; Johnston, Yale and Her Honor Roll, 219–220, Arthur L. Bandegee, Eddy N. Smith, Farmington, Connecticut: the Village of Boautiful Homes, (Farmington, Conn., 1906), 115; "Cay, Fisher: Gay's Regiment" Compiled Service Records of Soldiers Who Served in the American Army During the Revolutionary War, compiled 1894—a. 1912, documenting the period 1775–1784 (NARA MS81), Roll 0368, Record Group 93, Fold3.com, 1–35; Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. 2, pp. 581, 582. The date of his death varies from one source to another, but most sources have it as 22 Aug. 176.

Stitched Pocketbook and Powder Horn, Museum of the American Revolution



# Letters & Correspondence - founders.archives.gov

# Newspapers

ESERTED from Capt. William Richards's Company in Col. Huntington's Regiment, a Soldier, who calls himfelf Christopher Shermand, of North Kingston in the State of Rhode-Island; he is 5 Feet 7 Inches high, has blue Eyes, thort light Hair, light Complexion, a pretty well for Man; he inlifted January the 9th 1777, and went towards New London. Whoever will apprehend faid Deserter, and secure him in Goal in the United States, and notify the Subfcriber, at Say-Brook, shall receive five Reward, and all necessary Charges.

## Connecticut Gazette, 11 April 1777

# **Road Map**

#### Individual Approach - Military

Research your

Regiment

Service Records

**Bounty Land Warrants** 

Pensions

Individual Approach - Personal

Family/Friends

Vital Records

Adopt a Regiment

Chain of Command

Muster Rolls

**Crew Lists** 

Organize

Lineage Societies

When the Connecticut Society of the Cincinnati was formed in May 1783, Ebenezer joined as an Original Member, along with his older brother General Jedediah Huntington. Not only were the brothers Original Members, but both were among the founding members of the Society, as Jedediah Huntington was the first to sign the Connecticut Society's copy of the Institution, and Ebenezer Huntington was the third. On 4 July 1783, Ebenezer Huntington was elected Treasurer of the Connecticut Society and his brother Jedediah was named President.

After his celebrated service in the Revolution, Ebenezer Huntington was named Adjutant General of the Connecticut Militia in 1792 by his cousin Governor Samuel Huntington and held that post until 1823.<sup>70</sup> He was also appointed Brigadier General in the United States Army 19 July 1798 and was honorably discharged two years later on 15 June 1800.<sup>71</sup>

On 13 Oct. 1789, Ebenezer Huntington was granted a land bounty warrant for 450 acres based on his Revolutionary War service as a Lieutenant Colonel.<sup>72</sup> On 6 May 1818, he applied for a pension based on his Revolutionary

#### Post-Military Biographical Notes

War service and it was approved at the rate of \$20 per month.<sup>73</sup> At some later point, perhaps because Lieutenant Colonel Huntington had too many assets, it appears that his pension benefits were halted because in Aug. 1824 he applied for his pension benefits to be "restored".<sup>74</sup>

Outside of his military career, Ebenezer Huntington maintained an active life from his home in Norwich. He worked as a businessman and was heavily involved in public works. He was one of the driving forces supporting the development of the turnpike from Norwich to New London in 1791, as well as the establishment of the first insurance company at Norwich in 1794 and its first bank in 1796. He served as the bank president for many years. He also served as a Representative in Congress for the first three months in 1810 and then a full term 1817–1819.

child who was born 2 June 1793, but just months later, Sarah died 3 Dec. 1793. Almost two years after the death of his first wife, he remarried 7 Oct. 1795. With his second wife Lucretia Mary McClellan, he had three sons and six daughters. His wife Lucretia died 5 Nov. 1819 in her 47th year. Ebenezer Huntington died 17 June 1834 at the age of 79, and was survived by all of his ten children.

Lieutenant Colonel Ebenezer Huntington's father Colonel Jabez Huntington (1719–1786) is a Qualified Propositus of the Connecticut Society of the Cincinnati as Permanently Incapacitated. His half-brother General Jedediah Huntington (1743–1818) was an Original Member of the Connecticut Society and his half-brother Commissary Andrew Huntington (1745–1824) was a Qualified Propositus of the Connecticut Society under the Rule of 1854. His sister Elizabeth Huntington (1757–1834) married Colonel John Chester (1748–1809), an Original Member of the Connecticut Society. His aunt Lydia Huntington (1727–1798) was the mother of Captain Gurdon Bill (1757–1815), an Original Member of the Connecticut Society, and Lieutenant Ephraim Bill (1759–1780), a Qualified Propositus of the Connecticut Society as Died in Service.

Heitman, Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army, 310; Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men, 330, 354; Johnston, Yale and Her Honor Roll, 310; Caulkins, History of Norwich, 419; Gilman, A Historical Discourse, 63–64.

Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. III, p. 566. John Trumbull's painting is on display in the Capitol Rotunda in Washington, D.C.; "Surrender of Lord Cornwallis," Wikipedia.org.

Month of Service of Connecticut Men, 359; Heitman, Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army, 310.

<sup>15</sup> Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men, 359.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men, 368; Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. III, 566.

Johnston, Record of Service of Connecticut Men, 373.

Johnston, Yale and Her Honor Roll, 310; Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. III, p. 566; Caulkins, History of Norwich, 420.

Heitman, Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army, 310–311; Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. III, p. 566, says was in 1799.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Huntington, Ebenezer: S.36595" Case Files of Pension and Bounty-Land Warrant Applications Based on Revolutionary War Service, compiled ca. 1800-ca. 1912, documenting the period ca. 1775-ca. 1900 (NARA: M804), Roll 1376, Record Group 15, Fold3.com, 1. The Bounty Land Warrant file of Lt. Col. Ebenezer Huntington (BLWt 949-450) is part of his 128-page Revolutionary War Pension File.

<sup>\*</sup>Huntington, Ebenezer: S.36595" Case Files of Pension and Bounty-Land Warrant, 1-2.

<sup>\*</sup>Huntington, Ebenezer: S.36595\* Case Files of Pension and Bounty-Land Warrant, 109-114.

<sup>25</sup> Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. III, p. 566.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. III, pp. 566–567; Caulkins, History of Norwich, 420; Hollister, The History of Connecticut, Vol. III, p. 645.

Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. III, p. 567.

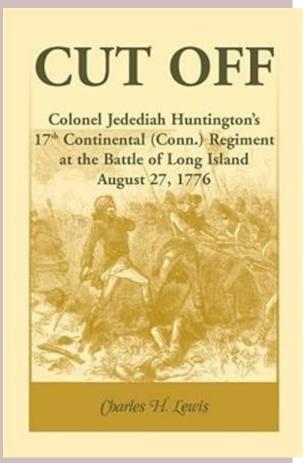
Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. III, p. 567.

Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. III, p. 567.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> Johnston, Yale and Her Honor Roll, 311; Dexter, Biographical Sketches of the Graduates of Yale College, Vol. III, p. 567; Caulkins, History of Norwich, 420; Hollister, The History of Connecticut, Vol. II, p. 645.

# **What Makes This Different**

- Adopting the Regiment allows a researcher to learn more about the regiment itself and possibly more about your ancestor
- Your ancestor is just a small piece of the puzzle, and widening your lens will allow you to understand more



# Where to Begin

- Start with what you know
  - State, Regiment, Company, Ship, etc.



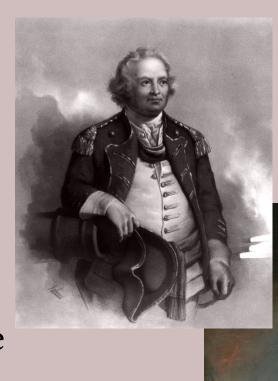
Continental
Army Uniforms,
by Charles M.
Lefferts



USS Confederacy, Navy Art Gallery

# **Research The Officers**

- Written Records
  - Journals
  - Official Correspondence
- Biographies, Military Histories
- The bigger the name, the more written works that likely exist





#### Biography of Gen. Samuel Holden Parsons – AmericanAncestors.org

Class 5: Researching American Revolutionary War Patriots

Researching American Revolution	iary War Famois		A State of the same of the sam	- American
Commission	Officer Names Me	anh A	remarks	
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3<sup>rd</sup> Conn. Continental Regiment (Fold3.com)

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1	Last Name	First Name	Rank	Commision	Muster Roll Date	Source	Residence	Birth	Death	Pension	Marriage	Spouse
2	Grosvenor	Thomas	Lt. Col./Capt.	15 March 1778	1 Sept. 1780	fold3.com	Pomfret	20 Sept. 1744	11 July 1825	Yes	25 June 1785	Ann Mumford
3	Goodell	Silas	1st Lt.	4 Jan. 1777	1 Sept. 1780	fold3.com	Pomfret	16 Aug. 1747	20 March 1825	Yes	24 June 1784	Sally/Sarah Marshall
4	Hosmer	Prentice	2nd Lt.	25 April 1778	1 Sept. 1780	fold3.com	W. Hartford	1752	7 Jan. 1787	No	10 May 1783	Elizabeth Steel
5	5th Company											
6	Stilwill	Elias	Capt.	1 July 1779	1 Sept. 1780	fold3.com						
7	Ransom	Elijah	1st Lt.	1 May 1780	1 Sept. 1780	fold3.com						
8	Higgins	William	Ens.	23 July 1777	1 Sept. 1780	fold3.com						

Softem 1. 900 Muster of the Tied Stoff & Commissioned Officers

as sprified the above Roll

David Smith B. Imputor

# **Journals and Diaries**

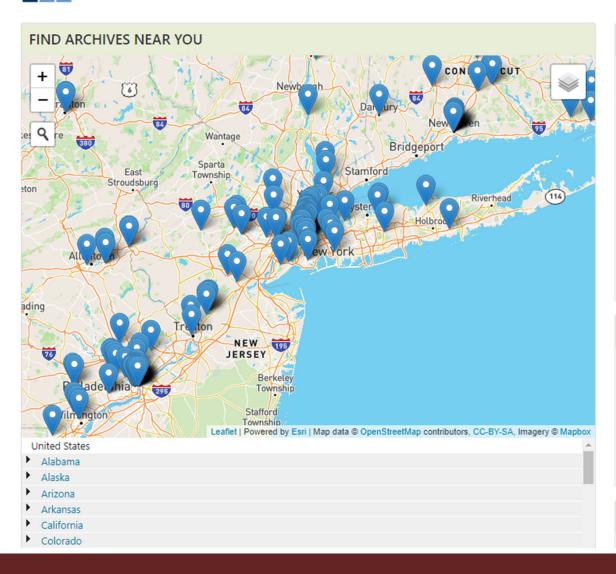
• Journals, Manuscripts, Letters, and Historical Society Collections

• Diary of Lt. Jabez Fitch (New York Public Library)



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revolutionary war diary



#### 1,354 revolutionary war diary

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Records 1 to 10 of 1,354 1 2 3 4 5 > > Show: 10 V

#### Revolutionary War diary, 1775

Library of Congress - Research and Reference Services

Printed version of Bickerstaff's Boston almanack for 1775, containing brief handwritten diary entries listing whaling vessel arrivals and departures, kept by an unknown individual



i View the Catalog Record

#### Revolutionary War diary, 1775?

Library of Congress,-- Manuscript Division

Printed version of Bickerstaff's Boston almanack for 1775, containing brief handwritten diary entries listing whaling vessel arrivals and departures, kept by an unknown individual



■ View the Catalog Record

#### Revolutionary War soldier's diary; manuscript, 1778-1779

New York State Library - Manuscripts and Special Collections

Diary kept by an anonymous soldier from August 7, 1778 to July 29, 1779. Much of the recorded information relates to the author's participation in the Sullivan Indian Campaign, particularly the expedition from the Mohawk River to Tioga Point. His entries tended to be brief notes about troop movements

# researchworks.oclc.org/archivegrid

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#### **Revolutionary War Manuscripts (NEHGS)**

#### About this collection

This collection contains selected manuscripts from the R. Stanton Avery Special Collections related to the American Revolutionary War (1775-1783). These collections include account books, commissions, diaries, letters, orderly books, rolls, receipts, and other materials produced by soldiers and sailors that provide details about their military experiences as they served during this war. The collection includes similar documents produced by civilians that provide insight into economic and other effects of the war. The documents primarily relate to events that occurred in New England, New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania.

Additional manuscripts will be added to this digital collection on a regular basis.

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- Bunker Hill, Battle of, Boston, Mass., 1775.
- Diaries
- Military records
- · Orderly books
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# digital.AmericanAncestors.org

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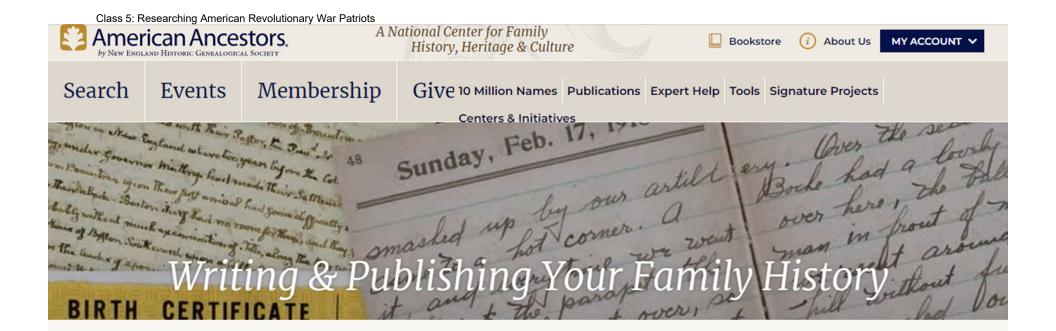
Indians and Frotish Brooks, leaving warry thing

**Lieutenant Samuel Armstrong** 

diary, Page 2

# What To Do With Your Research

- Write a biography
- Write a book on a regiment
- Start a social media group/Connect with your fellow enthusiasts
- Apply to a lineage society



#### By Penny Stratton

#### Introduction

Why is it important to write your family history? Think about the legacy you will be leaving if you write and publish your own family research: not only a legacy for current and future family members, but an important resource for current and future genealogical researchers. If you've been researching your family for any significant length of time, probably no one knows your family story like you do. The ease and affordability of digital printing give you all the more reason to write and publish! This subject guide provides information, tips, and resources for the basic steps of writing and publishing your family history.

#### AmericanAncestors.org/tools/writing-publishing-your-family-history

# Popular Lineage Societies for Patriot Ancestors

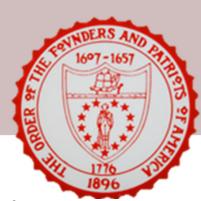


# **Lineage Societies**

- National Society Sons of the American Revolution
- National Society Daughters of the American Revolution
- Sons of the Revolution
- Society of the Descendants of Washington's Army at Valley Forge
- The Society of the Cincinnati
  - Order of the Founders and Patriots of America











#### Complete List of Active Hereditary Societies

Included in these pages are the known names, addresses, websites, founding dates, descriptions and membership guidelines for active hereditary societies of the United States of America. The listings are alphabetical, and the index links at the bottom of this text will direct you to the page you seek.

The information contained herein may occasionally become outdated. The HSC webmaster welcomes notification of new societies, as well as updated information regarding existing societies. If any information here is incorrect, or the officers of any society listed here wish certain elements to be altered or removed, please contact the HSC webmaster, and he will do so in a timely manner.

The criteria used in determining whether an organization is an hereditary society is comprised of several factors. The nature of, and requirements for membership, the structure of the organization and the scope of membership allowance are all elements HSC evaluates. Some lineage society recognize descent from a single, specific ancestor. Because of the growing number of such organizations, HSC has designated a separate page for singular ancestor societies, which can be accessed here. In exceptional cases, allowances are made for singular ancestor societies on the complete society listings if it is determined that the ancestor is of sufficient, historical significance (ie. Charlemagne, Thomas Jefferson, Mayflower passengers, etc.)

Furthermore, HSC presents the information included on this website, simply as a consolidated list of recognized lineage societies. In no way does HSC validate the integrity of the genealogical standards or membership qualifications of any specific group, but simply presents the information as a source of data. We encourage anyone interested in membership to carefully evaluate the reputation and genealogical standards of each, respective lineage society before becoming a member or making payment or contributions.

Furthermore, those societies which list "membership is by invitation only" should not be contacted concerning membership. This is not only inappropriate, but will significantly hinder a potential member's future candidacy in a society. HSC strongly advises against contacting those societies, except in cases of peripheral research or through members of that society.

# hereditary.us/list\_a.htm



AmericanAncestors.org/research-services research@nehgs.org

# Conclusion

- What you do with your research is up to you; Find a style or template that works for you!
- By establishing a timeline for your research, you can adequately organize your research and begin piecing together the puzzle of your ancestor's life
- Explore records *outside* of the military
  - Vital records establish the beginning and end of your ancestor's story, plus details throughout their life
  - Explore records not directly related to your ancestor
  - By searching throughout the regiment and personal connections, you may uncover more than you could have imagined

# QUESTIONS?

Schedule a consultation consultations@nehgs.org

Hire Research Services research@nehgs.org

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Centers & Initiatives

Researching American Revolutionary War Patriots 2024

#### Thank you for registering for the online seminar, Researching American Revolutionary War Patriots!

Nearly 250 years ago, America declared its independence from the British Empire, changing the course of history. For those of us with American ancestry from that period, we want to know if—and how—our ancestor served the cause. This five-week online course will delve into the many primary and published records that exist to document your ancestors' role in the American Revolution and their contributions to the cause for independence.

This course includes five 90-minute classes and exclusive access to handouts and recordings of each presentation. These recordings and all course materials will be available for the foreseeable future.

#### Zoom Link for Live Sessions:

Click here to join the live broadcasts: https://zoom.us/j/98918998971

If you are unable to attend the live sessions, you will be able to watch the recordings on this course page.

American Ancestors.org/researching-american-revolutionary-war-patriots-2024



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