

Advanced Strategies and Next Steps

Chris Child, Senior Genealogist of the Newbury Street Press;
Editor, *Mayflower Descendant*



American Ancestors®

by NEW ENGLAND HISTORIC GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY

Meet today's presenter



Christopher C. Child

Senior Genealogist of the Newbury Street Press;
Editor, *Mayflower Descendant*

OVERVIEW

- **Presentation (60 mins.)**
 - Advanced research strategies
 - DNA
 - Case studies
 - Next steps!
- **Q&A (30 mins.)**



Voice of
Christopher C. Child
Senior Genealogist of the Newbury Street Press
and Editor of *Mayflower Descendant*

Overview

- Advanced research strategies
 - Onomastic evidence
 - Sorting children out when father was married twice
 - Confirming theories through probate, land, and other records
- Using DNA in Mayflower research (Y-chromosome, mitochondrial, and Autosomal)
- Related case studies
- Publishing and updating your findings

Onomastic Evidence

- Some cultures may have defined naming patterns, while others may be less rigid
- Surnames as first names or less common first names can be clues of earlier kinships and origins
- Can be circumstantial evidence, but can be a starting point or provide a working theory

Jonathan Pinney of Plymouth, VT

- Was he really born in England?
- Evaluate names from wife's family
- Disregard very common names (usually)
- Had sons John and Jonathan
- Sons Solomon, Amial, and "Deline"

308 EARLY FAMILIES OF PLYMOUTH, VERMONT

JONATHAN¹ PINNEY

JONATHAN¹ PINNEY, b. _____ in England; d. 1812, Plymouth, Vt. and is buried in Plymouth Notch, is supposed to have emigrated from England about 1760 and settled in Guilford, Vt. He m. Priscilla Grover of that town who was b. Apr. 2, 1757, Killingly, Ct.; d. 1820, Plymouth, Vt. Jonathan Pinney learned the trade of carpenter and joiner in England, serving the required seven years with a master. He came from Guilford to Plymouth about the year 1800 settling in a valley in the northern part of the town, to which he gave the name of "Pinney Hollow." They had eleven children, all of whom were born in Guilford and came with their parents to Plymouth, Vt. Jonathan Pinney served in the Revolutionary War.

Issue of Jonathan¹ Pinney and Priscilla (Grover) Pinney:

1. Lizzie² Pinney.
2. John² Pinney. Settled in Boone, N. Y.
3. Jonathan² Pinney, b. Oct. 22, 1779; d. Mar. 2, 1844.
4. Eleazer² Pinney, m. Sept. 20, 1802
5. Priscilla² Pinney, b. _____; d. Oct
6. Solomon² Pinney, b. Nov. 9, 1787, Guilford, Vt.
7. Horatio² Pinney, b. Aug. 25, 1789
8. Gracia² Pinney, b. 1790; d. 1876;
9. Amial² Pinney.
10. Joel² Pinney.
11. Deline² Pinney, d. young.

Delano Pinney

Full Name of Deceased	Helana Pinney		
Age	20 Yrs.	Mos.	Days
Date of Birth			
Names of Parents	Johnathan & Priscilla Pinney		
Name of Husband or wife, if married			
Date of Death			
Name of Cemetery	Plymouth Notch		
Remarks			
A True Copy		Attest: Floyd T. Hadley	
A True Copy		Attest: Vernie S. Moore	
June 30		1921	
		Town Clerk of Plymouth	

John Penney and Elizabeth Delano

PENNEY, John [int. Penny] of Harwich and Elizabeth Delano
[int. Deleno], Oct. 15, 1741. [Penny of Harwich and Eliz-
a[beth] Dellano, P.C.R.]

NYGBR, 2002

- John Penny had a nephew named Amial
- Elizabeth Delano was the daughter and sister of a Jonathan Delano
- Moved to Dutchess Co., N.Y. in 1750s, John died soon after
- Moved back to Mass.; Elizabeth married (2) David Ayres (who had son Solomon)
- Moved with married Penny daughters to Plymouth, Vt.!

2002] *The Penn(e)ys of Harwich, Massachusetts, and Upstate New York* 8

ii. John, b. 15 Jan. 1720/1, d. prob. South Precinct, bet. June 1756 and Feb. 1757; m. Rochester, Plymouth Co., Mass., 15 Oct. (int. Harwich, 15 Aug.) 1741, Elizabeth Delano, b. Rochester, 11 Nov. 1725, d. Warwick, Hampshire Co., Mass., or Guilford, Windham Co., Vt., after 5 Sept. 1760, daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Winslow) Delano.^[14] Elizabeth Penny was admitted to the Harwich Church on 13 June 1742.^[15] John appears on South Precinct tax lists through June 1756 but not that of Feb. 1757 or thereafter.^[16] Their respective burial sites are unknown.

Soon after John Penny's death, widow Elizabeth went to live in New Braintree, Worcester Co., Mass., home of her sister Hannah (Mrs. Sampson) Wetherell and their late brother Jonathan Delano.^[17] There on 20 April 1757 she married, as his second wife, David Ayres.^[18] When on 5 Sept. 1760 David Ayres of Roxbury Canada (Warwick, 1763) sold "the [New Braintree] farm where I lately dwell," Elizabeth relinquished her dower right.^[19] Subsequent records fail to establish whether she lived to accompany Ayers from Warwick to Guilford, where he settled in 1770 (and died, prob. 1792).^[20]

Children (Penny), 1-3 b. Harwich:^[21] 1. *Judab/Judith*³, bap. 24 Oct. 1742, res. Guilford, 1791; m. New Braintree, 23 Nov. 1758, Barnabas Russell.^[22] 2. *Hannah*, bap. 23 Sept. 1744; no further record. 3. *John*, bap. 24 June 1747; no further record. 4. *Elizabeth*, b. South Precinct, c.Apr. 1753, d. Guilford, 8 Feb. 1796, aged 42y 10m; m. Petersham, Worcester Co., Mass., 1 Nov. (int. 25 Aug.) 1775, Abel Whitney.^[23] 5. (unlikely) *Capt. John* (see 2.vii). Perhaps others.

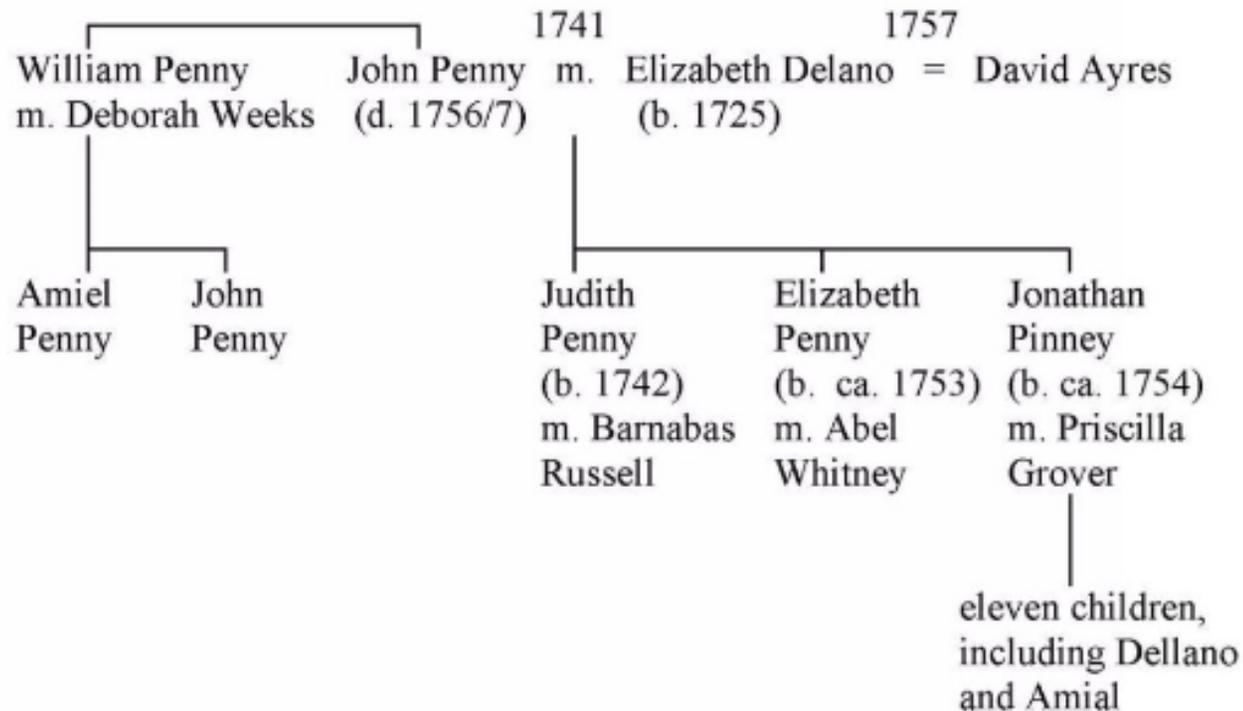
Jonathan Pinney of Plymouth, Vermont; only one still named Penney/Pinney

2009]

Identifying Jonathan Pinney

101

PENNY/PINNEY FAMILY



Caswell & Shaw Families of CT

- Ebenezer Rogers of Norwich, CT & Albion, NY

Ebenezer Rogers Bible
Town of Albion, N.Y.
Printed 1823

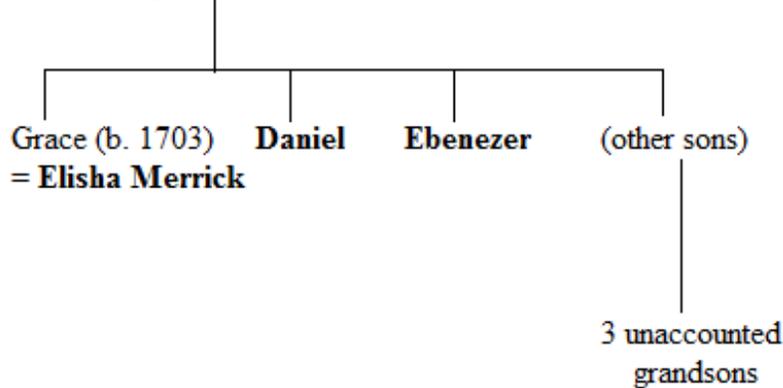
Present Owner: Mrs. Burt Griswold
West State St., Albion, N.Y.

Ebenezer Rogers b Oct 3, 1769
Betsy Lyman b Nov 15, 1771 (wife of E) d Aug 28, 1849
Ebenezer Rogers m Silvia Roberts Feb 12, 1850

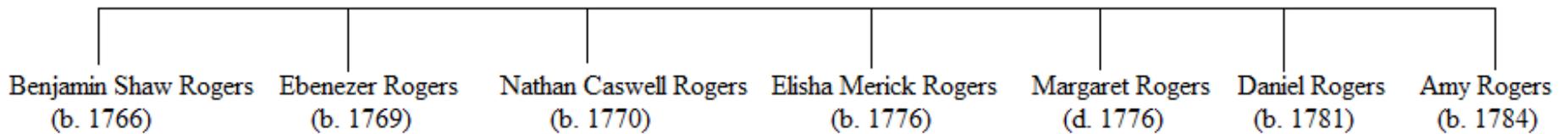
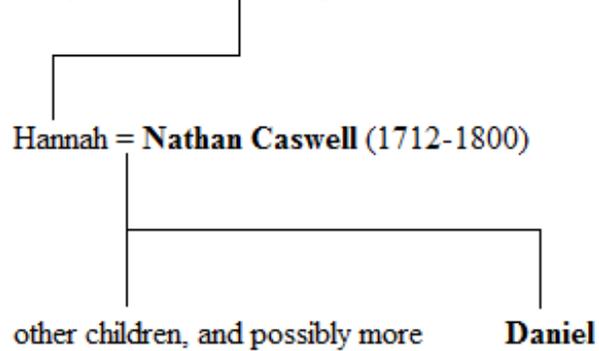
Loose page, very old paper:
Benjamin Shaw Rogers b Apr 22, 1756
Ebenezer Rogers b Oct 3, 1769 d Jan 28, 1855
Nathan Caswell Rogers b Oct 11, 1770
Elisha Merick " b 1776
Margret Rogers d 1776
Daniel " b Jan 16, 1781
Amy " b Apr 3, 1784

Rogers, Merrick, Shaw, and Caswell Families of Norwich, CT

Daniel Rogers = Grace Williams



Benjamin Shaw = Margaret Dean

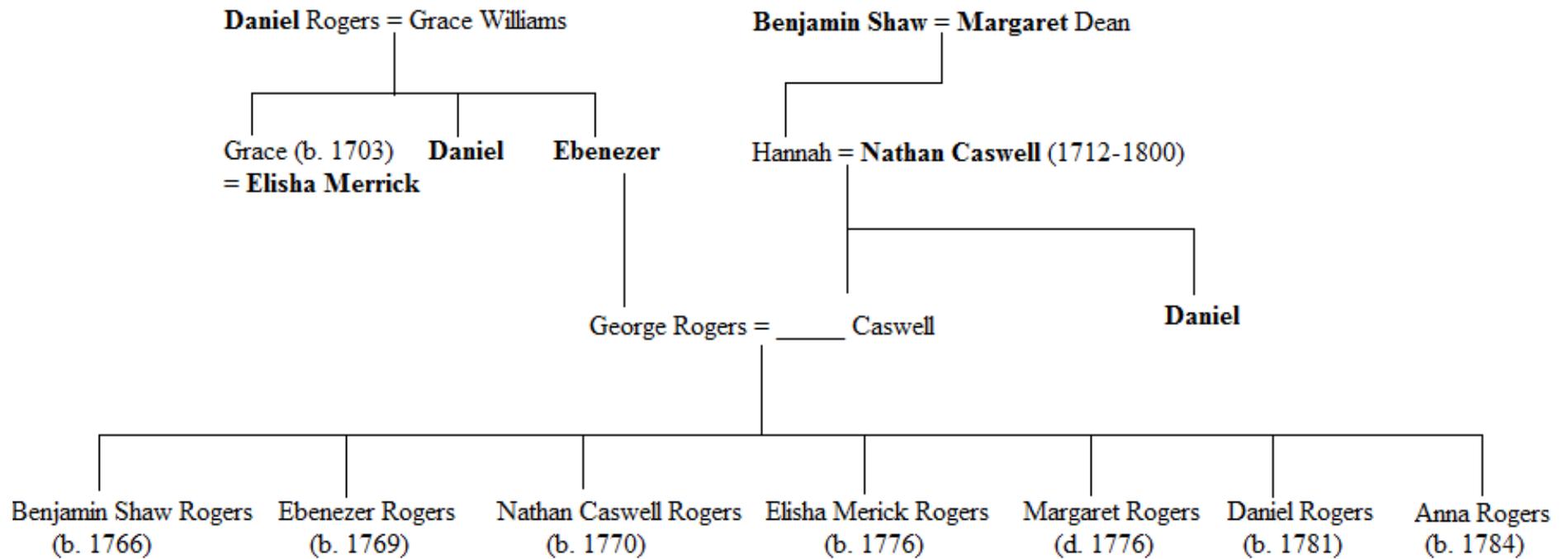


George Rogers of Whatley, MA

to my beloved wife Ann my whole estate both real and personal to have and to hold during her natural life & no longer. Then after her decease I will and bequeath that my son Daniel shall have the whole of my real estate that shall then remain, to have and to hold to him his heirs and assigns forever. I also give and bequeath to my daughter Anne Starke the wife of John Starke the whole of my household furniture after my wife's decease to have and to hold to her, her heirs and assigns forever. I also give and bequeath to my son Benjamin Shew one dollar to be paid within one year after my decease by my executor. I also give and bequeath to my son Eleaner George one dollar to be paid within one year after my decease by my Executor. I also give and bequeath to my son Nathan Caswell one dollar to be paid within one year after my decease by my Executor. I also give and bequeath to my son Elisha Merrick one dollar to be paid within one year after my decease by my executor. I also hereby name, make, constitute and ordain my son Daniel sole Executor of this my last will and testament. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal, the day and year above written.

George Rogers Seal

George Rogers family



Tip

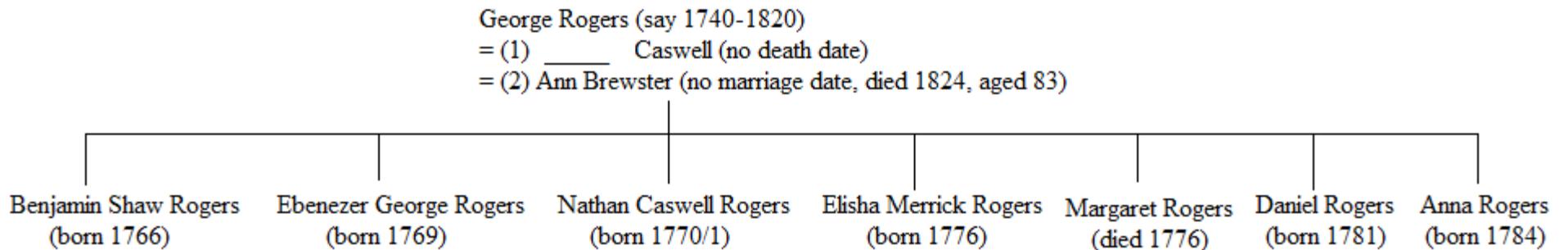
Naming patterns are not
always a guarantee
of kinship.

Challenge:
**Determining maternity
when a father has
two wives**

Challenges

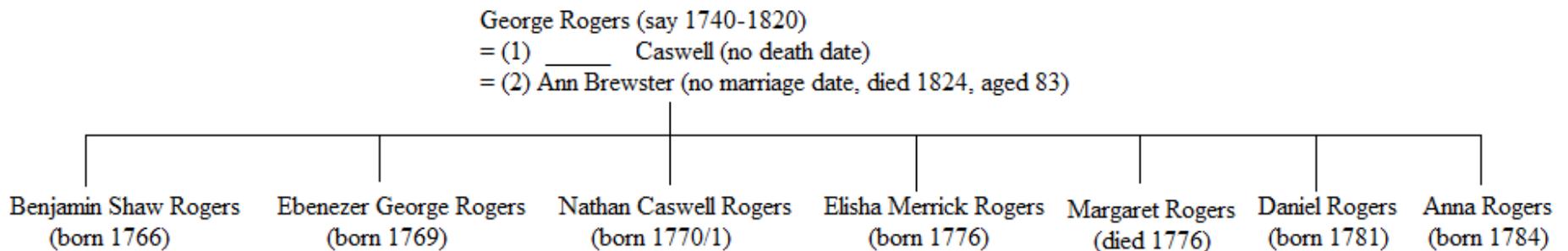
- Sometimes a man may be married to two women with the same first name, two sisters, or even (rarely) women who have the same full name!
- Researching a complete timeline with probate, land records, military, pensions, or any possible record
- Following leads on family members of male subject and both of his wives

Land Records and naming patterns

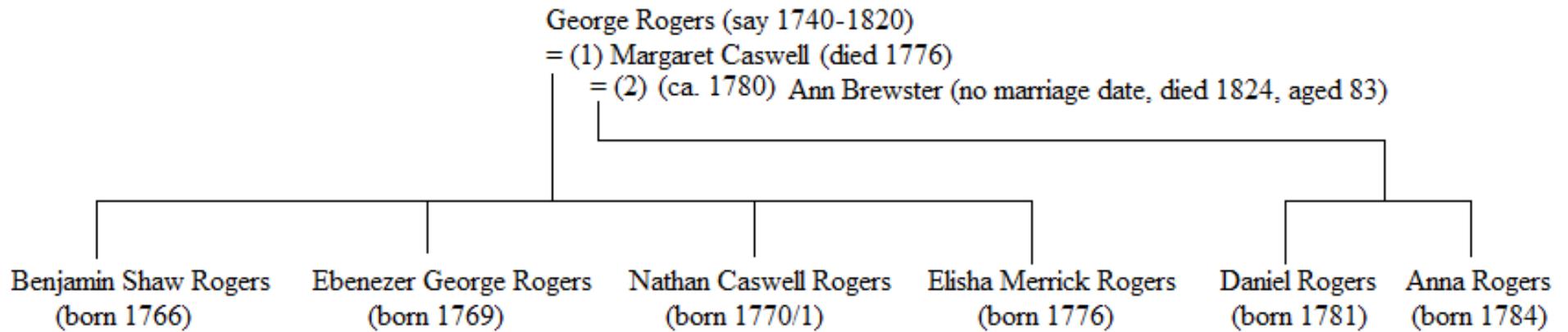


Key Documents

- Probate Record of Ann Brewster’s brother Daniel Brewster in 1779 lists sister Ann as still single
- Lebanon Land Records, 1781, “George and Ann Rogers,” sell land to Elijah Hyde, Jr.
- 1776 Death date of Margaret: sibling or mother?



Arranging the two mothers



DNA - Basic Principles

- DNA contains hereditary material.
- Testing companies use genetic markers to compare your DNA to other testers and population groups.
- Ethnicity results are speculative.
- Test results are only as good as a company's database—they will improve over time!

Using DNA in Family History

What DNA can do:

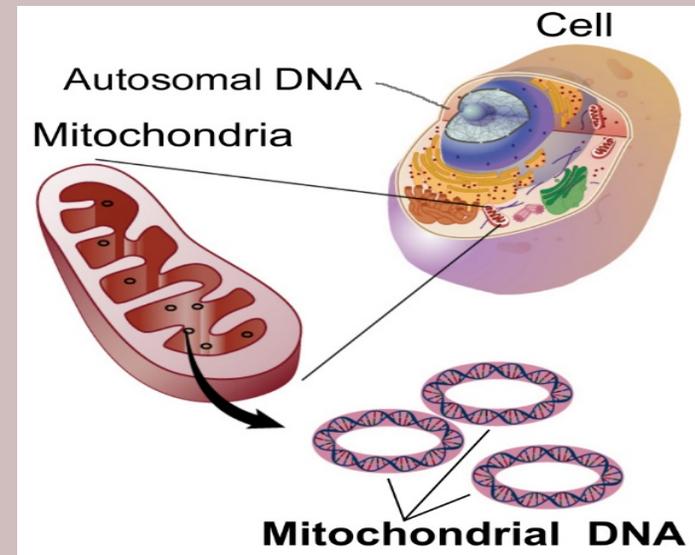
- Test a hypothesis
- Confirm a matrilineal or patrilineal origin
- Provide possibilities of recent non-paternity events
- Open up a can of worms

What DNA can't do:

- Solve a brick wall ancestor without any genealogical research
- Determine Native American tribe
- Be proof positive of a suspected distant kinship

What is DNA?

- Autosomal DNA
 - 22 Chromosome Pairs
- Sex Chromosome Pair (XX or XY)
- Mitochondrial DNA

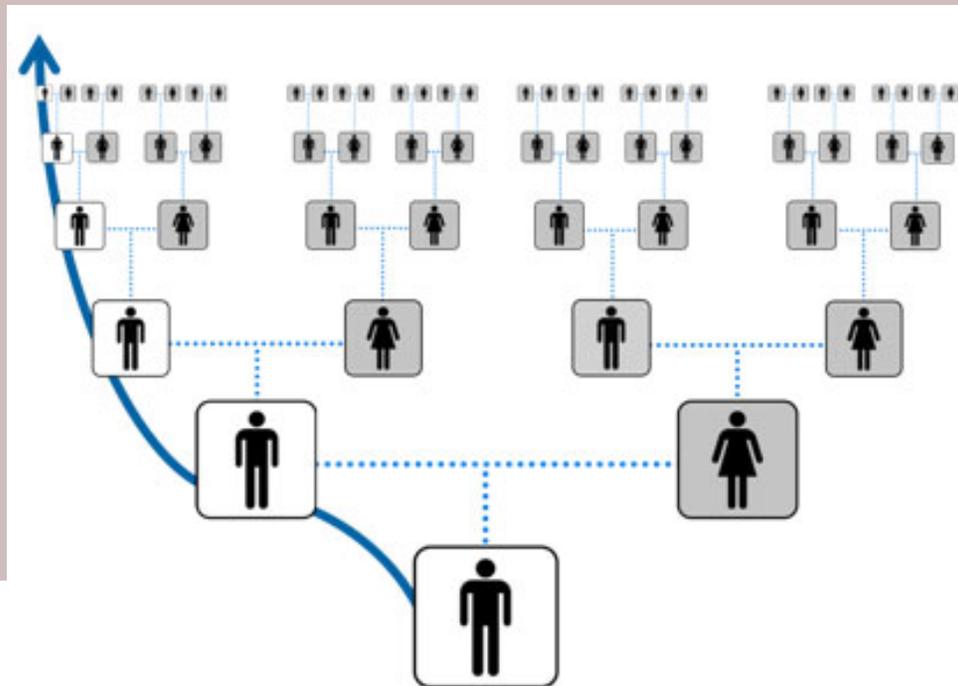


Basics of Y-DNA

- YDNA is inherited from a person's father
- Patrilineal-related people (even several generations back) share the same mtDNA markers
- People who do not share the same markers are not patrilineally related within recorded history (a few centuries)
- Most cases involve the solicitation of many people and existing descendants who have already participated

Y-DNA Testing

- Y-chromosome passed from father to son (only men can take this test)
- Testing Company: Family Tree DNA



Y-DNA is Best for:

- Researching your paternal ancestry
- One name study projects
- Comparing immigrants to the new world

*Grave of
Benjamin Child, Jr.*



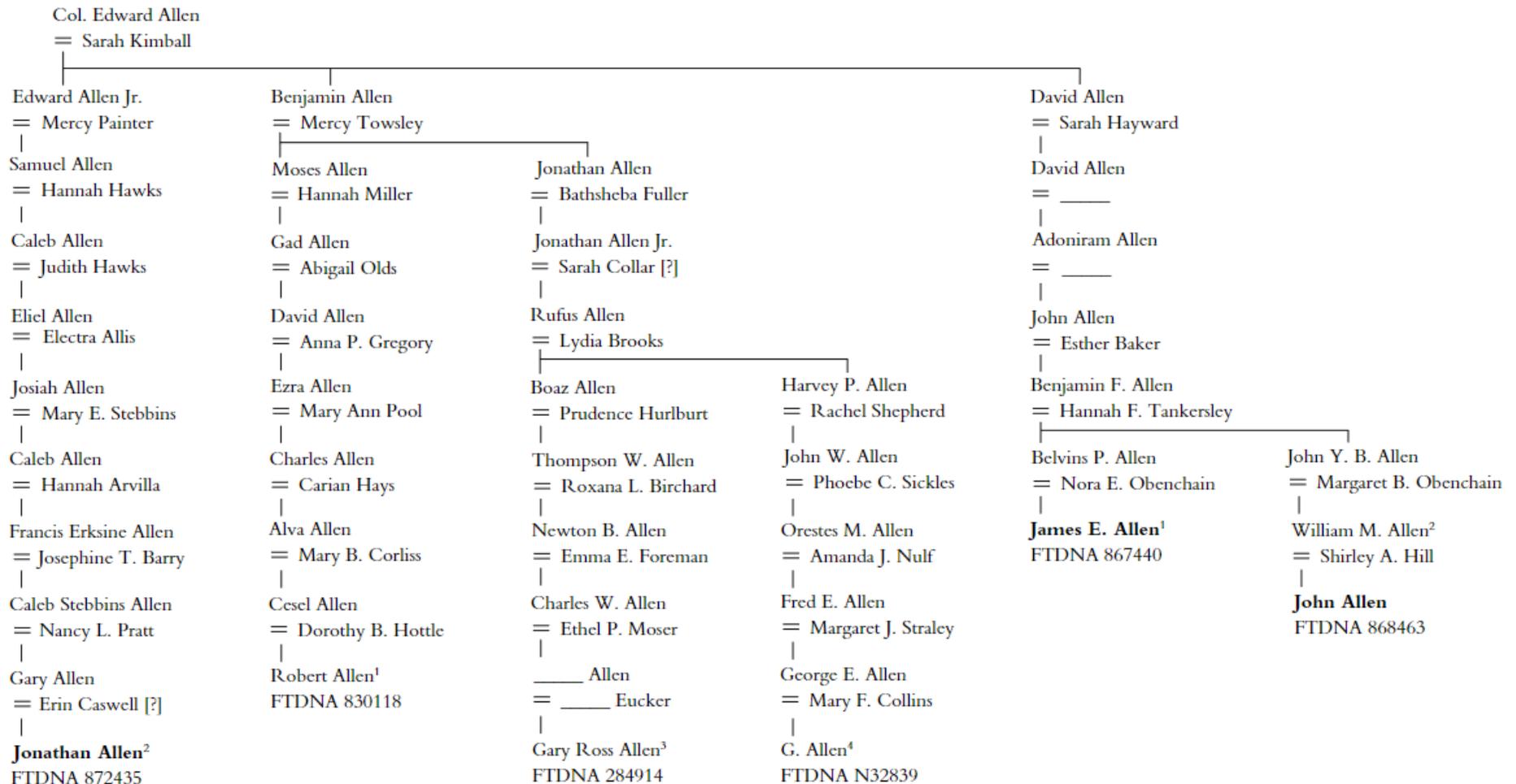
Case Study: Adoniram Allen (*Y-DNA*)

Adoniram Allen (ca. 1751-aft. 1830)

- Lived in North and South Carolina and Kentucky
- David Allen (b. 1712/3), born Suffield, Conn., later of Hanover, N.J., had a brother Adoniram that died young
- A David Allen, from New Jersey, was in Surry County, North Carolina by 1771, with two other Allen men of age to be his sons

Y-DNA

Tested Allen Descendants

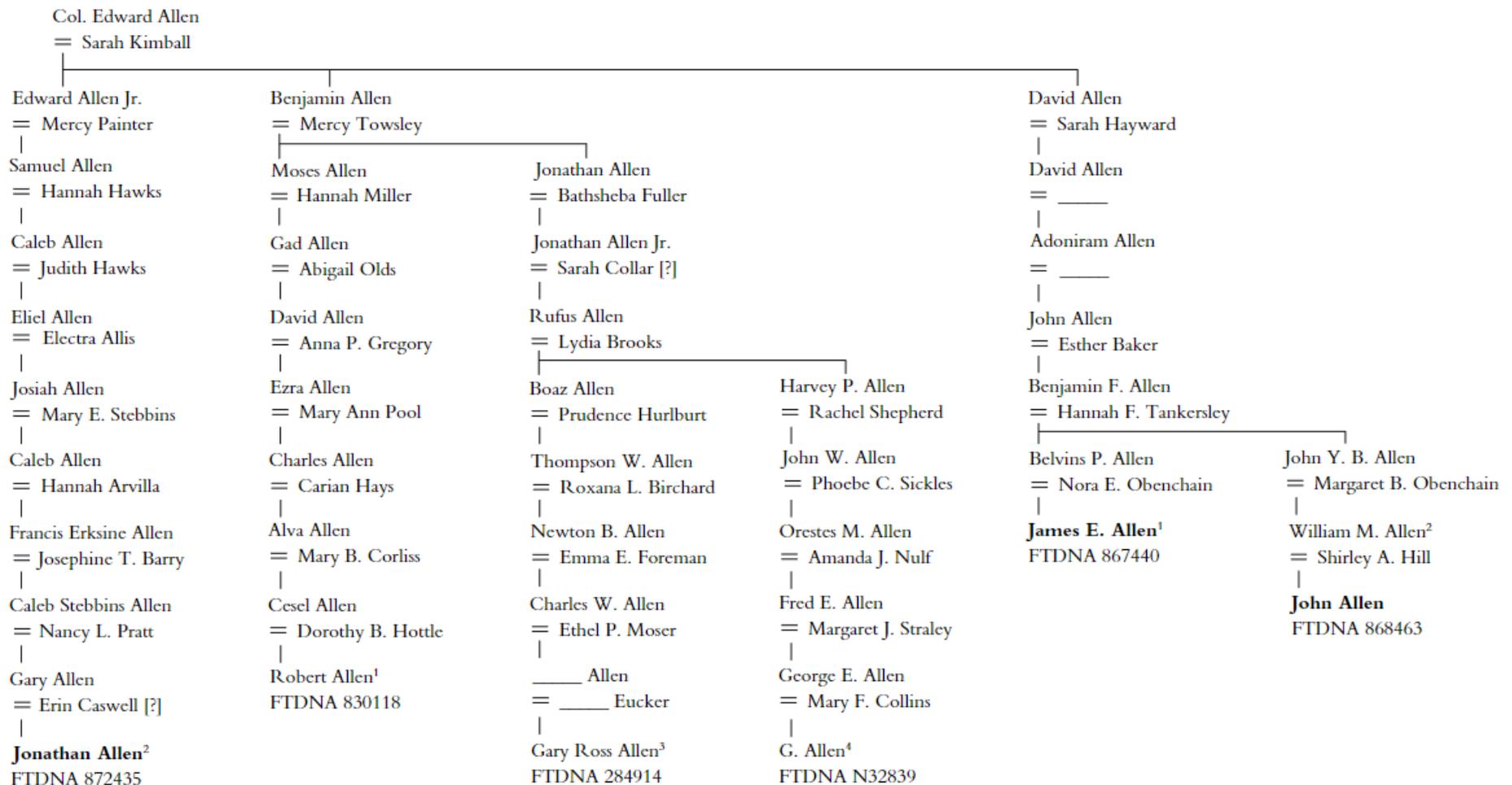


Adoniram Allen (ca. 1751-aft. 1830)

- Lived in North and South Carolina and Kentucky
- David Allen (b. 1712/3), born Suffield, Conn., later of Hanover, N.J., had a brother Adoniram that died young
- A David Allen, from New Jersey, was in Surry County, North Carolina by 1771, with two other Allen men of age to be his sons

Y-DNA

Tested Allen Descendants

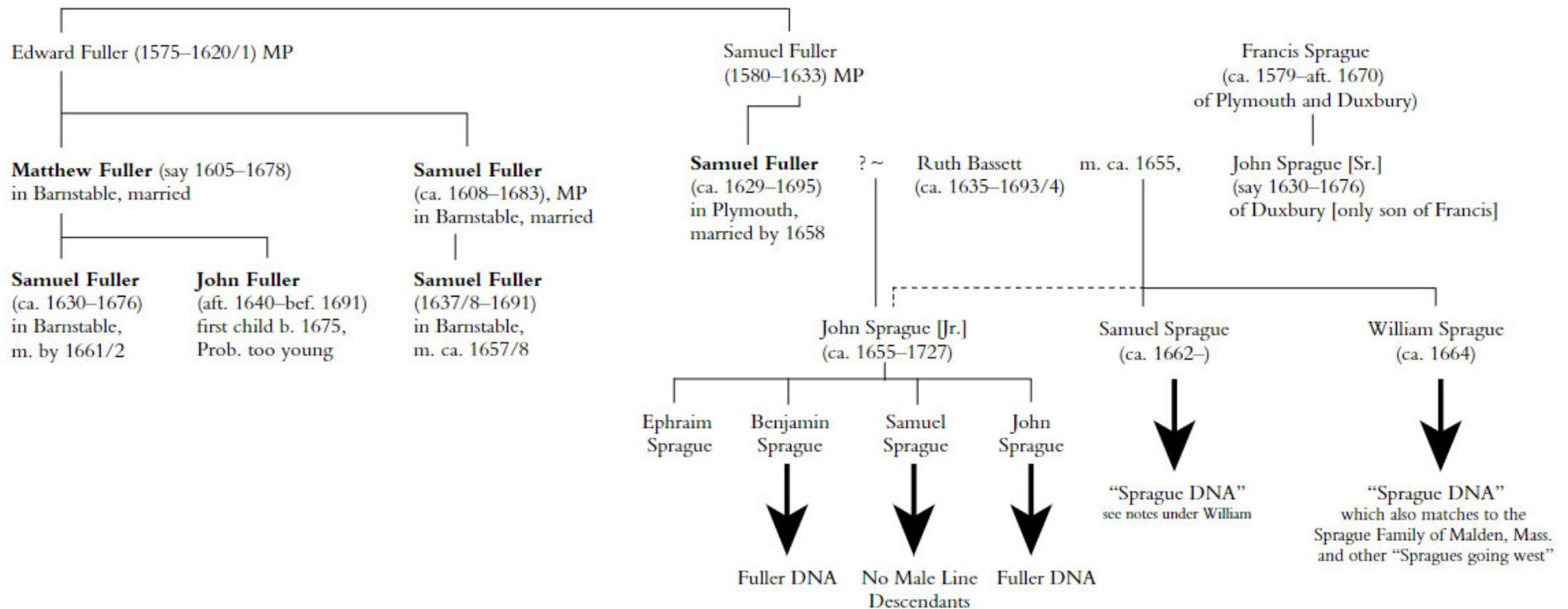


Case Study: Lt. John Sprague (*Y-DNA*)

John Sprague's Matches

Genetic Distance ↑	Name	Earliest Known Ancestor	Y-DNA Haplogroup
0	Michael Alan Sprague  Y-DNA67	Francis Sprague, London, England	R-M269
1	Daniel Mason Fuller  Y-DNA111 FF Big Y	Edward Fuller b1575 and d 1621	R-FT14518
1	William Joseph Holbrook  Y-DNA111		R-M269
2	Mr. Ted Ernest Fuller  Y-DNA111 FF	John Fuller b 1400 (Johiel 1778-1849)	R-M269
2	Jim Fuller  Y-DNA111 FF Big Y	Lorenzo Dow Fuller, b. 1848 in NY.	R-Y98567
2	Robert Fuller  Y-DNA111 FF Big Y		R-FT14518
2	Mr. Charles Alonzo Fuller  Y-DNA67		R-M269
2	Eric Raymond Fuller  Y-DNA111 FF Big Y	Edward Fuller 1575-1620 Redenhall, Norfolk, Englan	R-Y85916
2	Emmett Fuller  Y-DNA111 FF Big Y	Eli Fuller 1766-1828	R-FT14518
2	Robert Christopher Fuller  Y-DNA111	Jonathan Fuller b.1785 Mass. d.1853 SaratogaCty, N	R-M269
2	Mr. LaVern Ray Fuller  Y-DNA111		R-M269
2	Bruce Larry Fuller  Y-DNA67	Benjamin Fuller b ca 1775 Washington Co., NY	R-M269
2	David Richard Fuller  Y-DNA111	Benjamin Fuller b.c.1775	R-M269
3	Patrick Lynch  Y-DNA67 FF	Daniel J Lynch, B: 1885 & D: 1968	R-M269
3	David W Fuller  Y-DNA111 FF	Edward Fuller, b. 1575 and d. 1620	R-M269

Y-DNA



Tip

DNA probably won't "throw" you out of the Mayflower Society (especially in cases of misattributed parentage)

Fuller Big Y Test

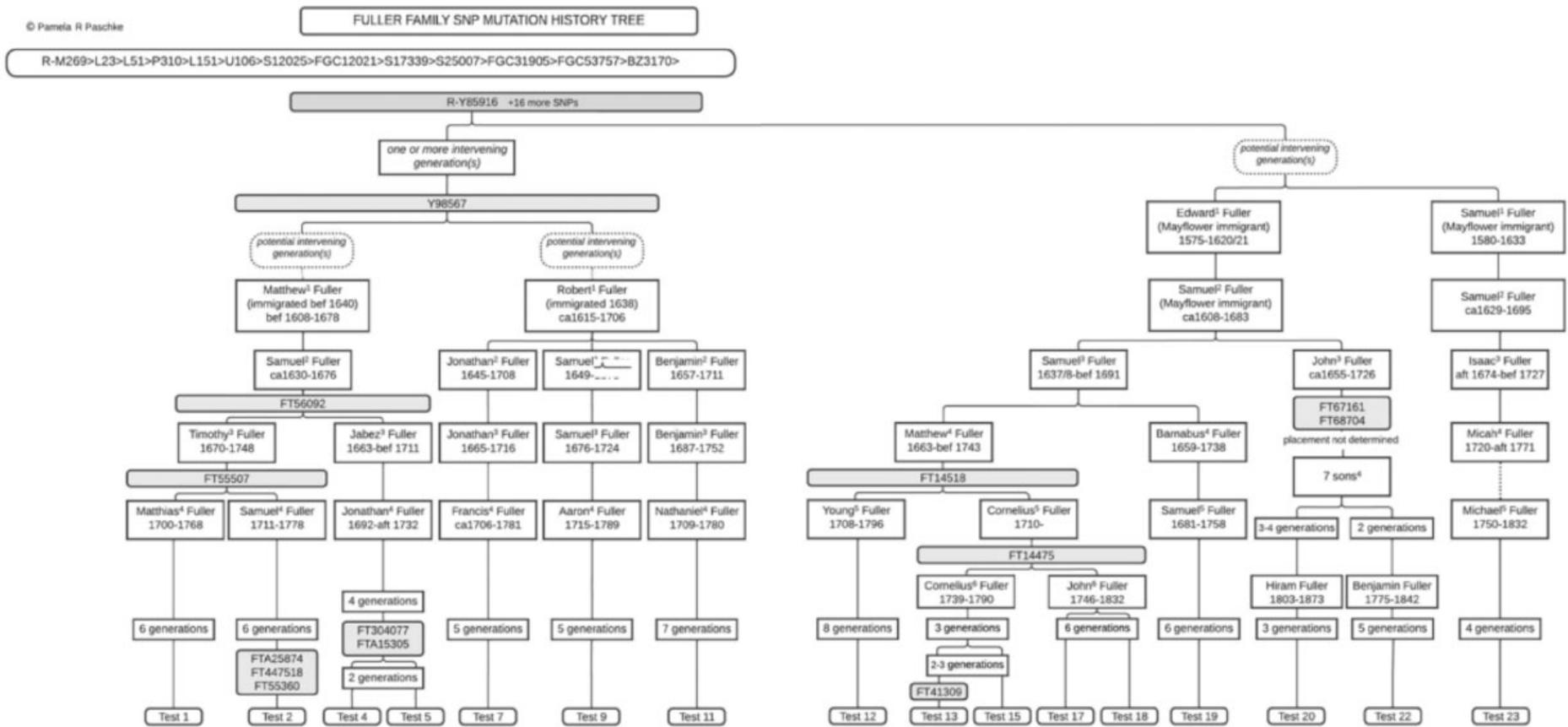
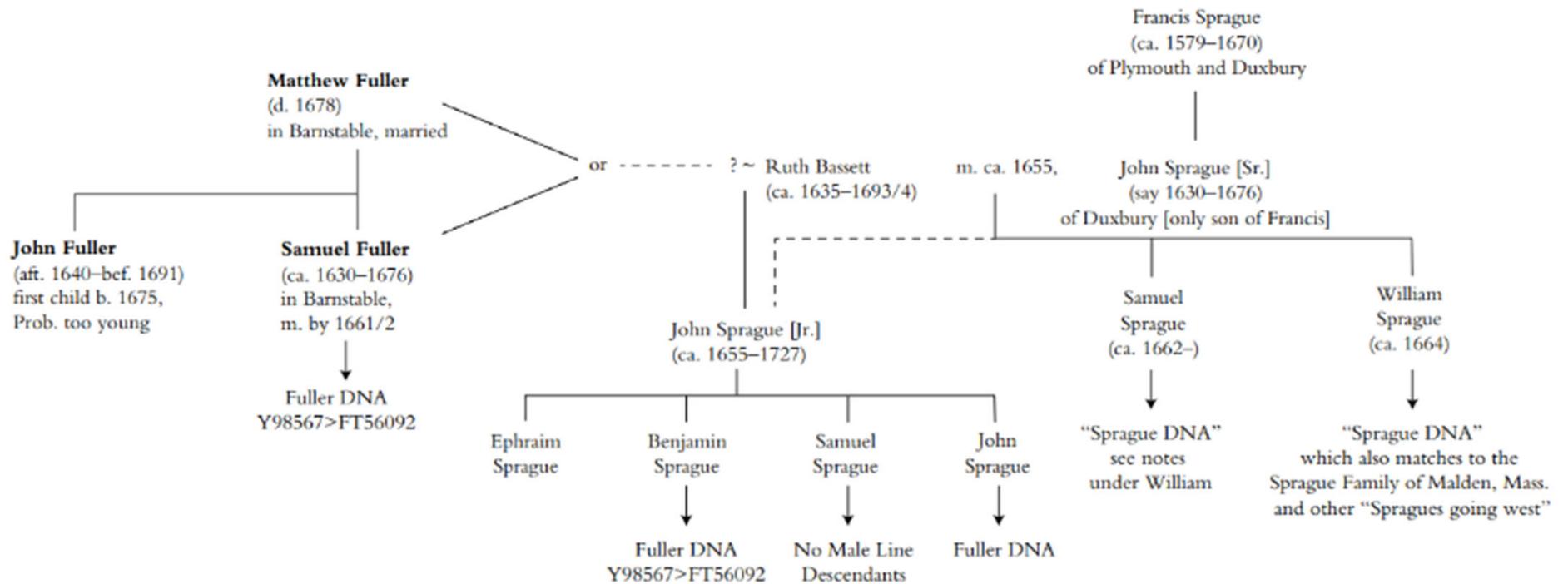


Figure 2. SNP Mutation History Tree.

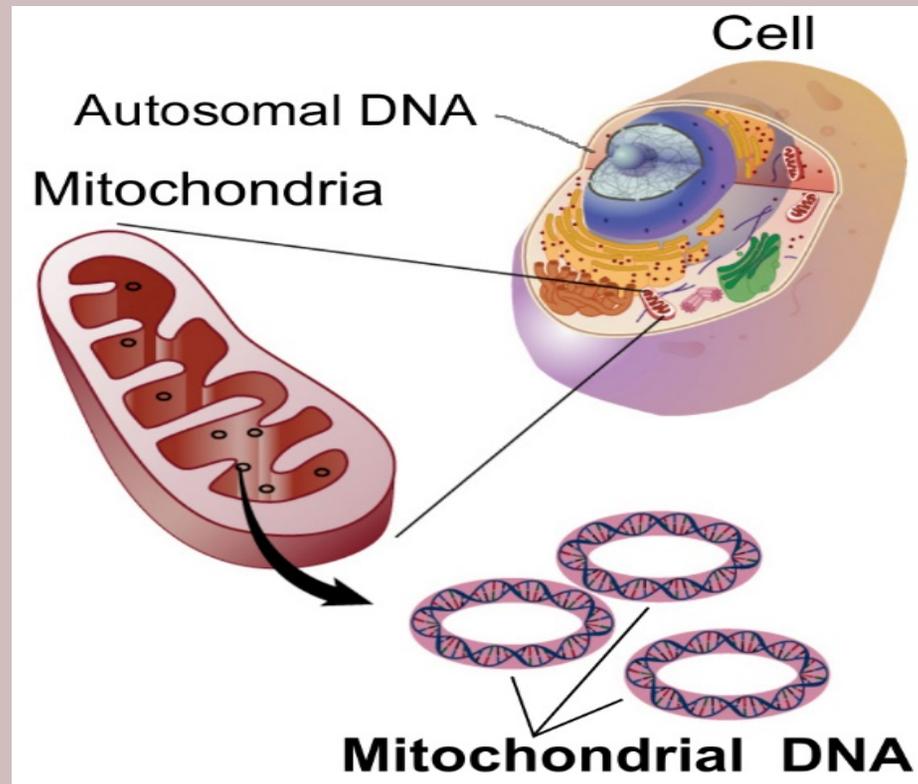
Big Y DNA update



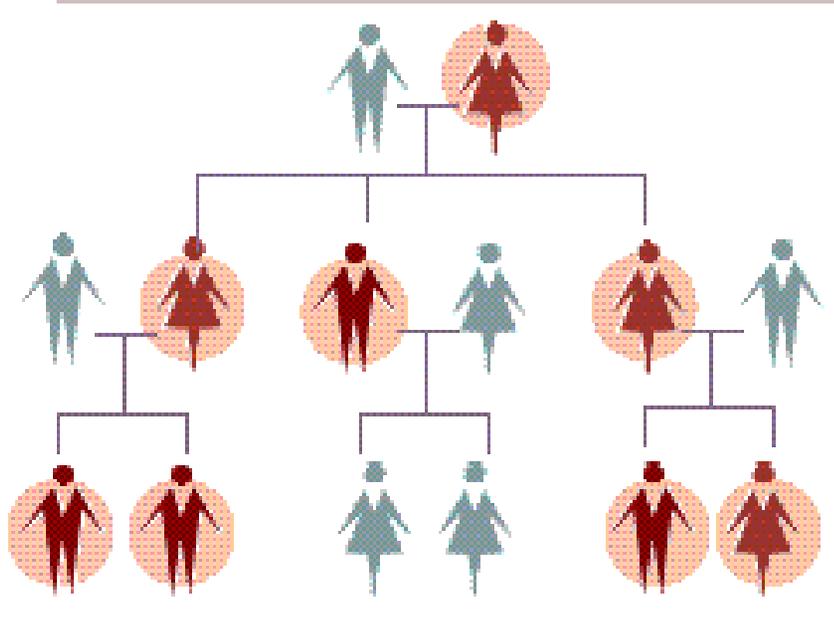
QUESTIONS?

The Mitochondrial Test

- Tests the full Mitochondrial DNA



mtDNA Testing



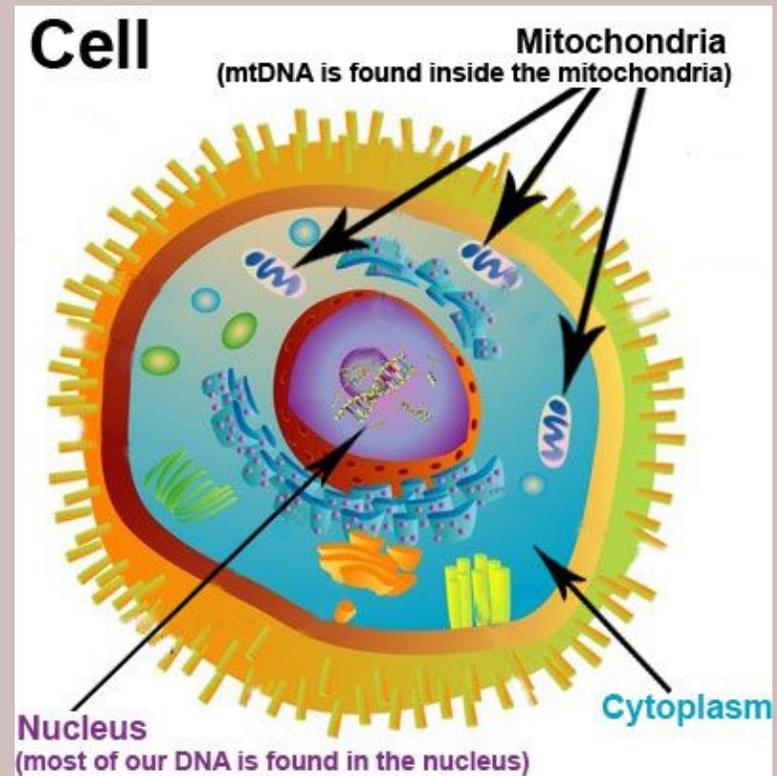
- Inherited from mother to child (both men and women can take this test)
- Males inherit mtDNA, but do not pass it to their children
- Testing Company: Family Tree DNA

Basics of mtDNA

- mtDNA is inherited from a person's mother
- Matrilineal-related people (even several generations back) share the same mtDNA markers
- People who do not share the same markers are not matrilineally related within recorded history (a few centuries)
- Most cases involve the solicitation of many people and existing descendants who have already participated

mtDNA is Best for:

- Researching your maternal ancestry
- Comparing to see if two people have the same mother or maternal grandmother

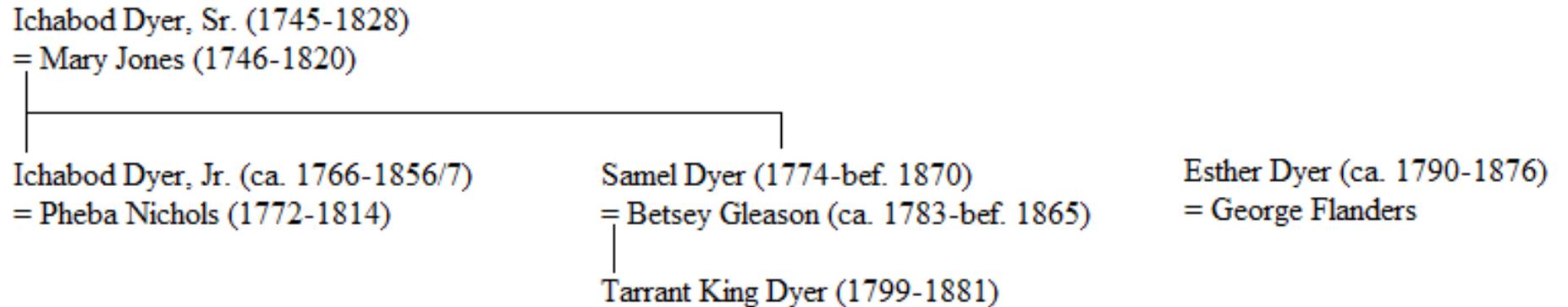


Case Study: Esther (Dyer) Flanders *(mtDNA)*

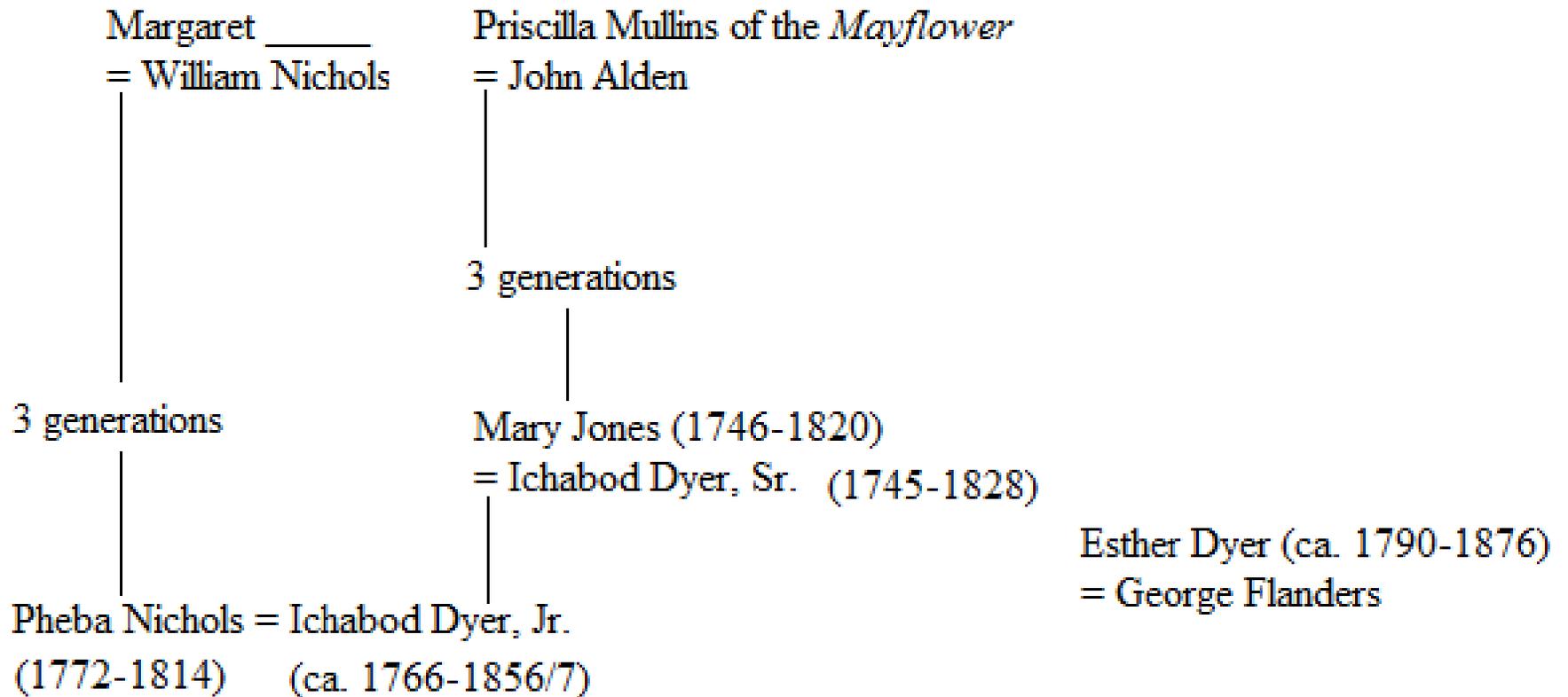
Esther Dyer of Braintree, Vermont

- Born Vermont, about 1790
- Married Braintree, Vermont, 1814, George Flanders, and moved to New York
- In later censuses, Esther lived with Tarrant Dyer, a grandson of Ichabod Dyer, Sr. of Braintree, Vermont
- Based on the 1800 censuses, Esther could be a daughter of Ichabod Dyer, Jr., or his eldest son Ichabod Dyer, Jr.

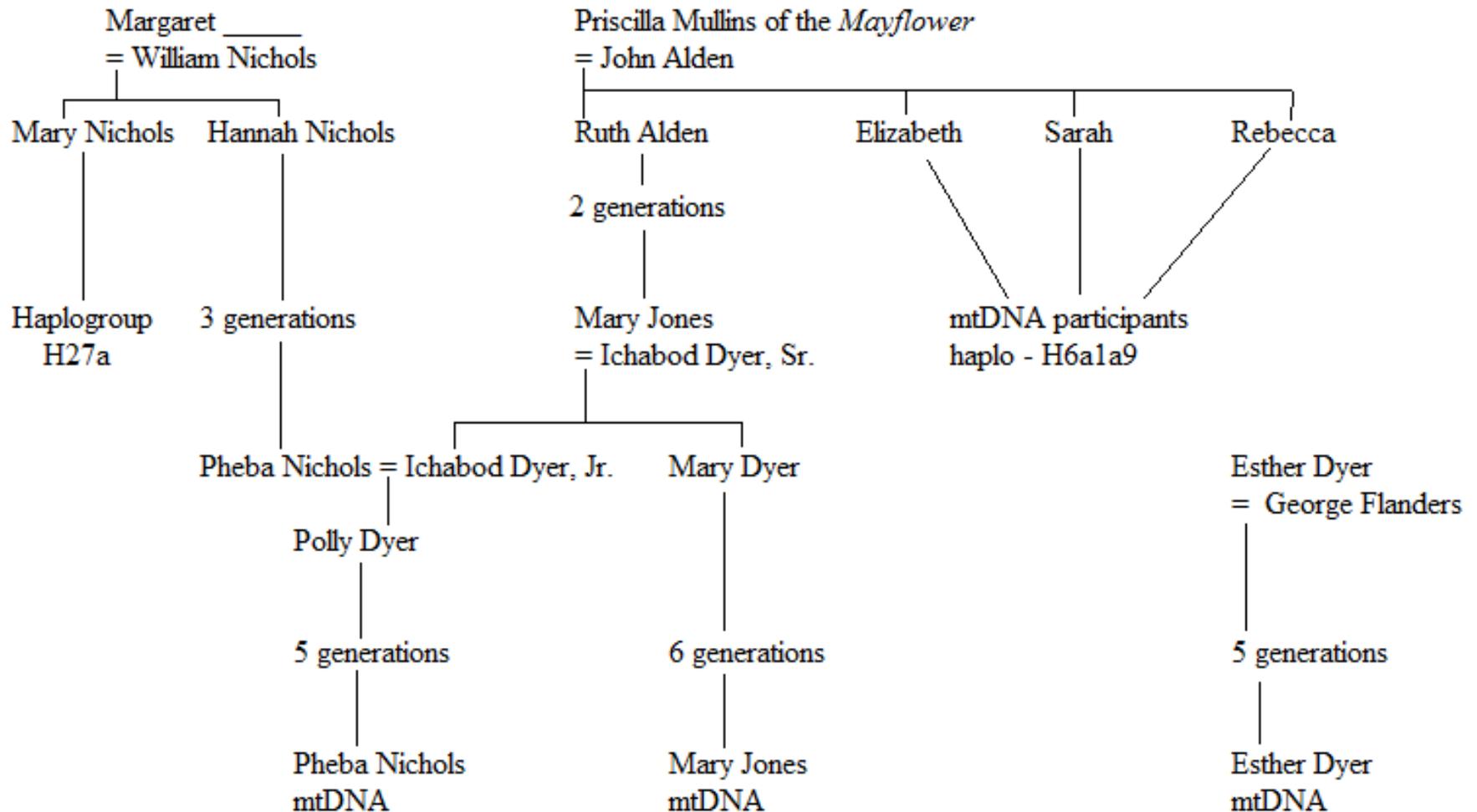
Which family does Esther belong to?



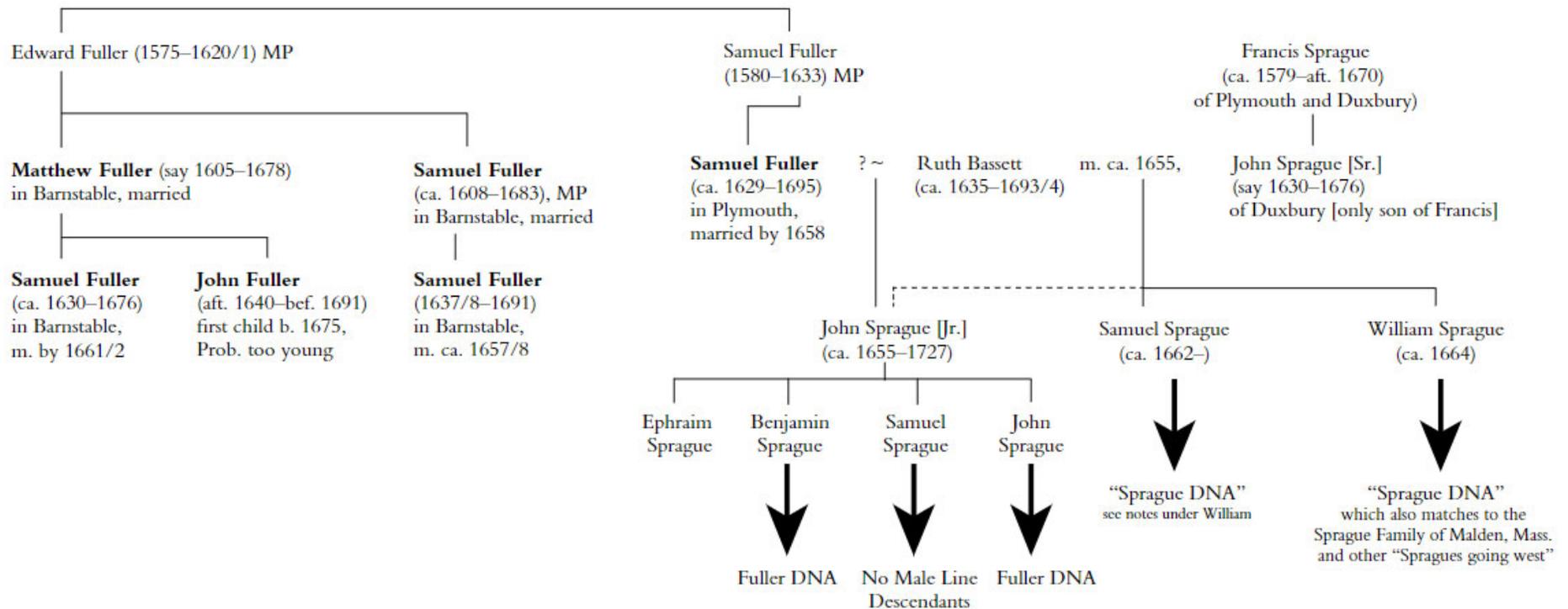
Matrilineal descendants



Matrilineal descendants



2022 update!



Esther Dyer of Braintree, Vermont

- Born Vermont, about 1790
- Married Braintree, Vermont, 1814, George Flanders, and moved to New York
- In later censuses, Esther lived with Tarrant Dyer, a grandson of Ichabod Dyer, Sr. of Braintree, Vermont
- Based on the 1800 censuses, Esther could be a daughter of Ichabod Dyer, Jr., or his eldest son Ichabod Dyer, Jr.

Which family does Esther belong to?

Ichabod Dyer, Sr. (1745-1828)
= Mary Jones (1746-1820)

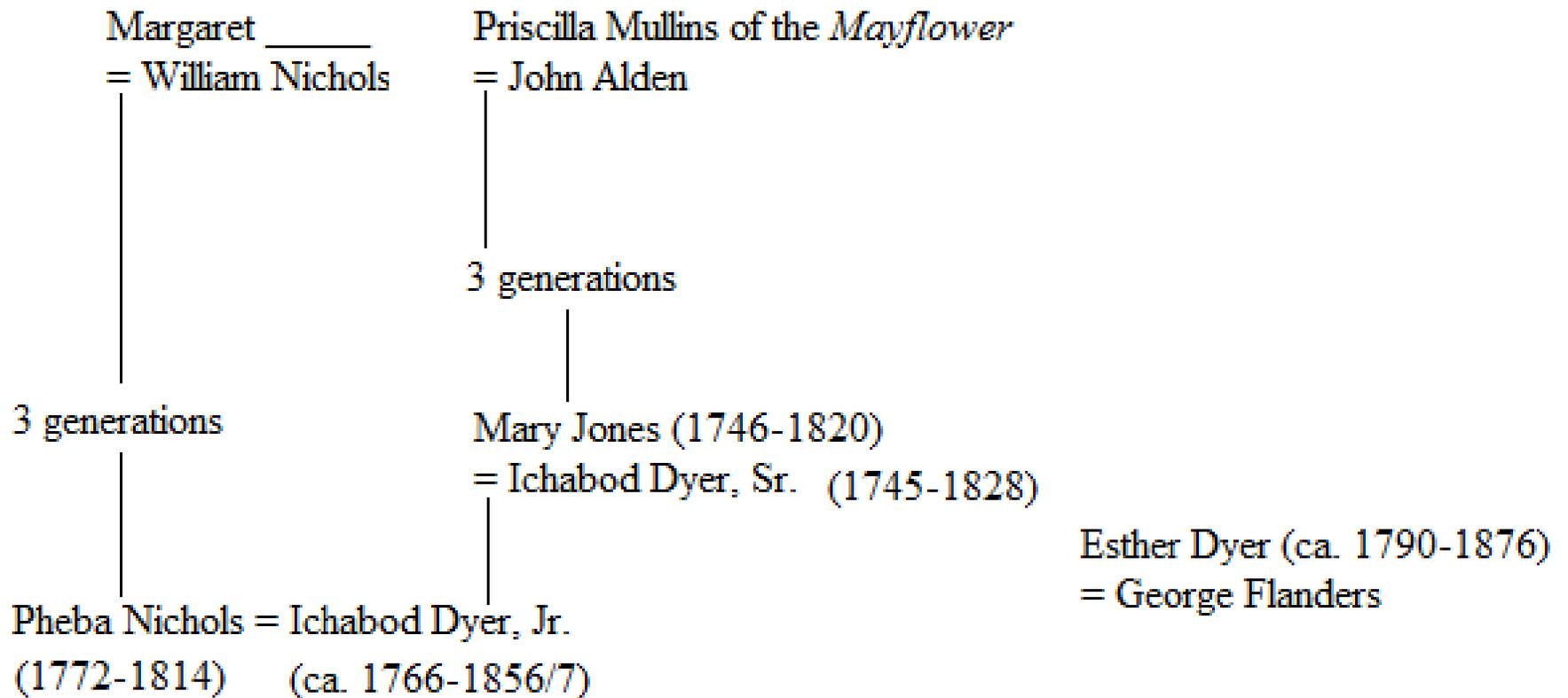
Ichabod Dyer, Jr. (ca. 1766-1856/7)
= Pheba Nichols (1772-1814)

Samel Dyer (1774-bef. 1870)
= Betsey Gleason (ca. 1783-bef. 1865)

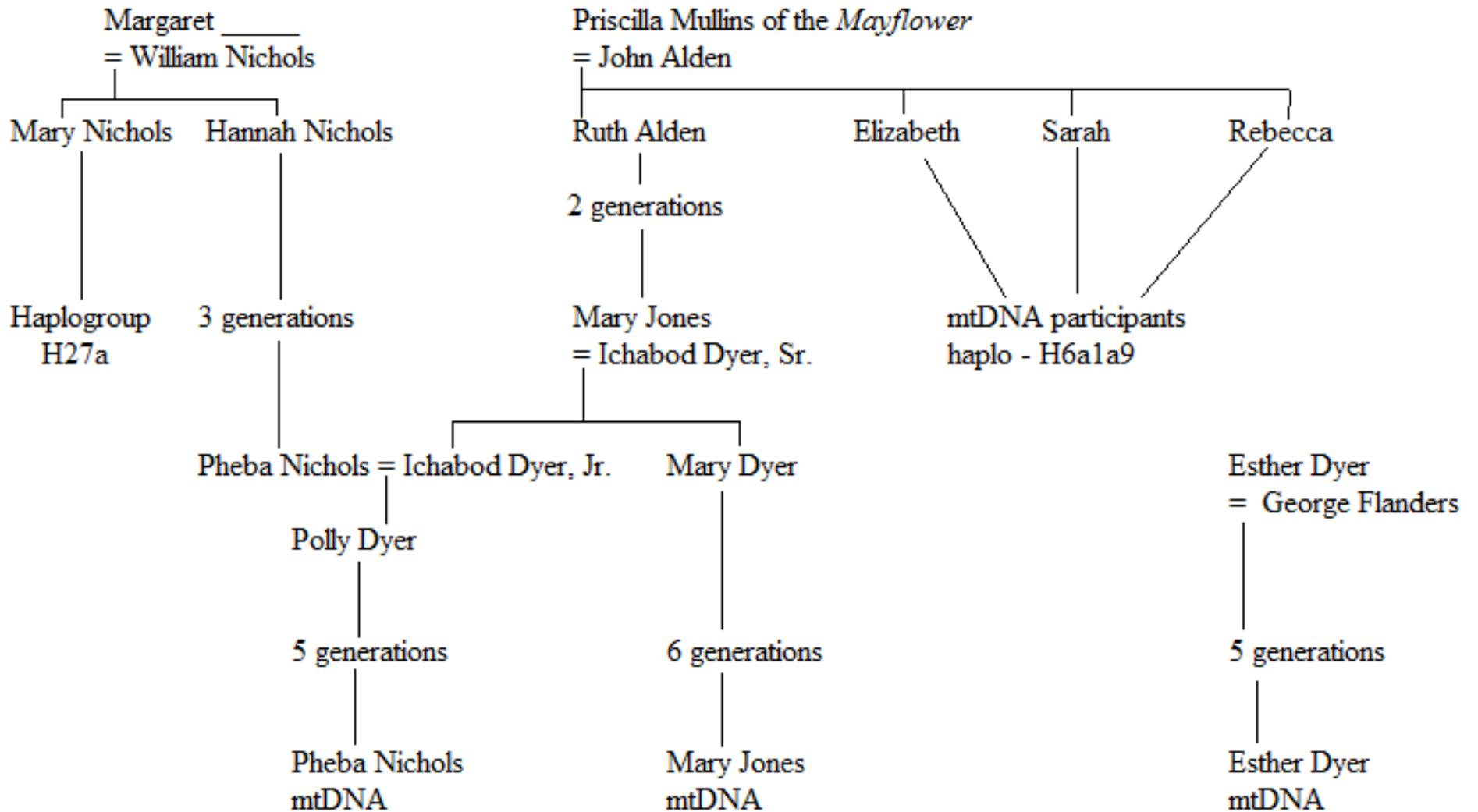
Tarrant King Dyer (1799-1881)

Esther Dyer (ca. 1790-1876)
= George Flanders

Matrilineal descendants



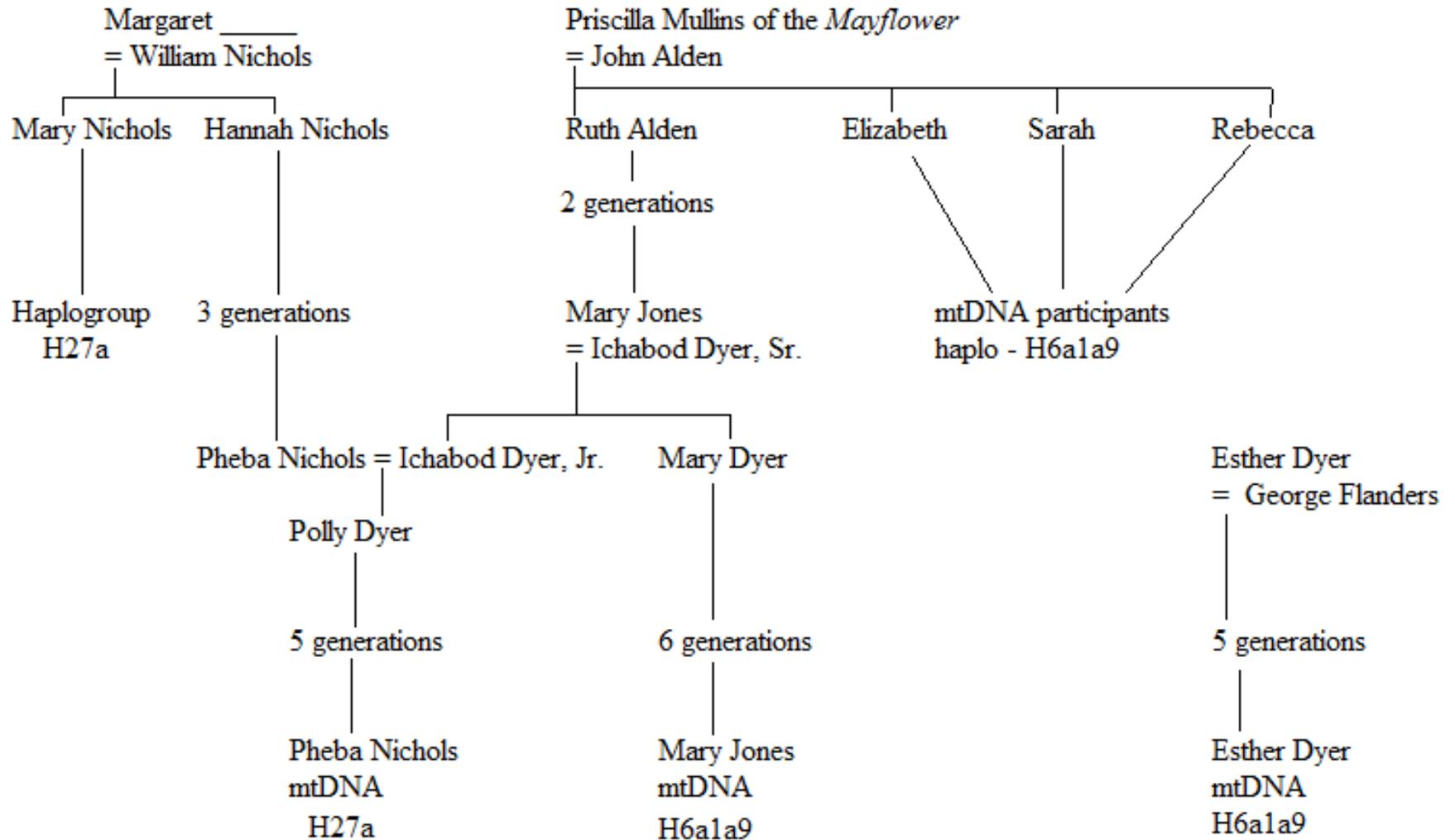
Matrilineal descendants



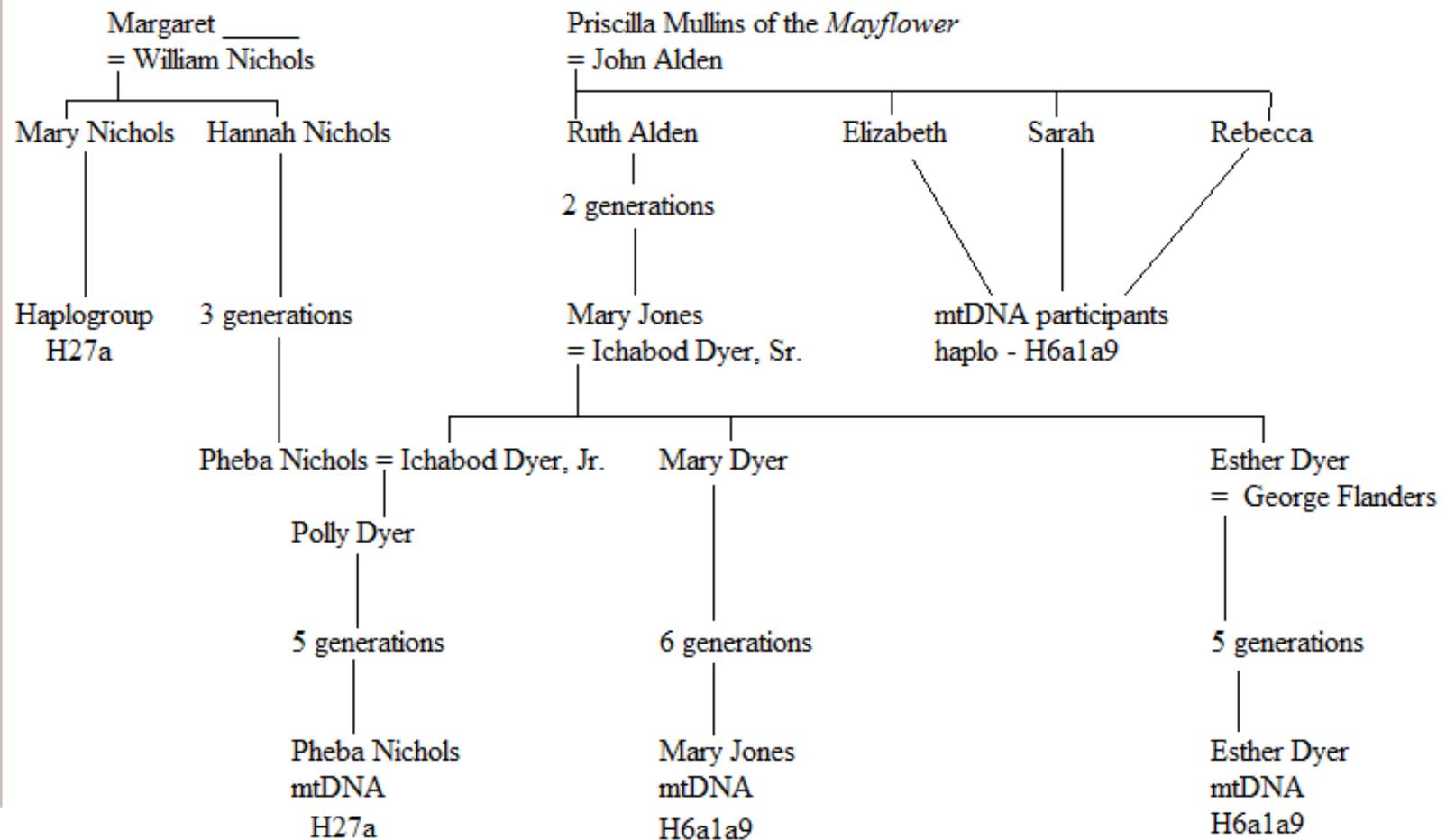
Expected Conclusions

- Matrilineal descendants of Phebe Nichols should match descendants of Margaret (_____) Nichols
- Matrilineal descendants of Mary Jones should match descendants of Priscilla Mullins
- Matrilineal descendants of Esther Dyer should match one of these two groups
- If Esther's descendants match the Nichols bunch, she was a daughter of Phebe Nichols and Ichabod Dyer, Jr.
- If Esther's descendants match the Mullins/Alden bunch, she was a daughter of Mary Jones & Ichabod Dyer, Sr.

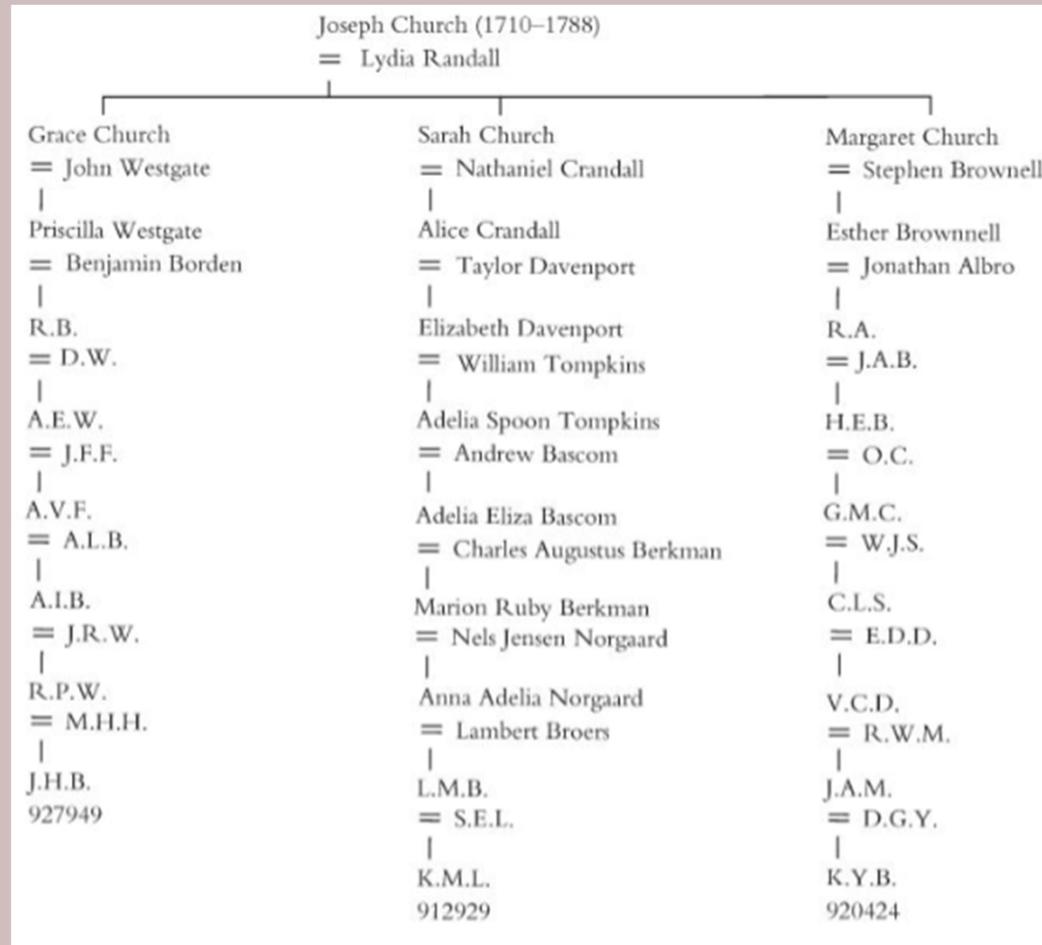
Results!



Esther Dyer is a daughter of Ichabod Dyer, Sr. and Molly Jones



The Sisters of Sarah Church



Why DNA testing can aide in colonial *Mayflower* research

- An additional piece for the paternity of a male ancestor or maternity of a female ancestor, by comparing DNA results of living descendants

What Companies are useful

- For most of this talk relating to 17th century *Mayflower*:
 - FamilyTreeDNA.com
- In a very limited scope:
 - AncestryDNA
 - 23andME
 - MyHeritage

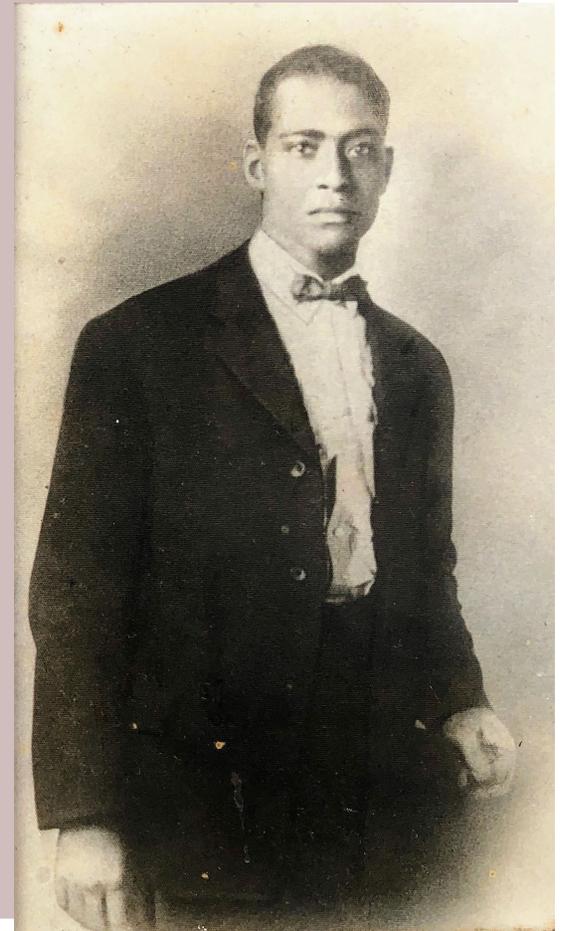
Autosomal DNA

Limitations

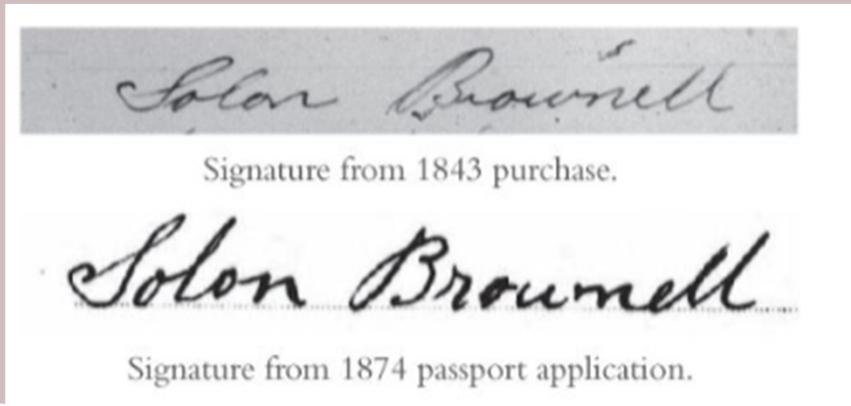
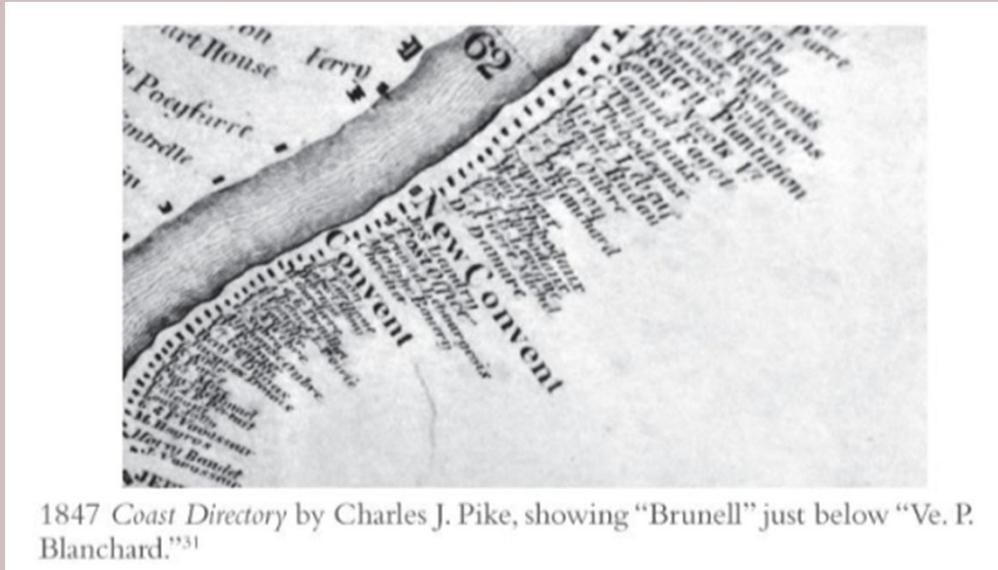
- While the identification of the unrecorded person may be perfectly reasonable and sound, a registrar may want all pertinent vital records, many might be impossible to legally obtain
- Getting permission from your matches to have an article published in print or online
- Some articles have included Gedmatch numbers

The father of Laura (Brown) Doley of Louisiana

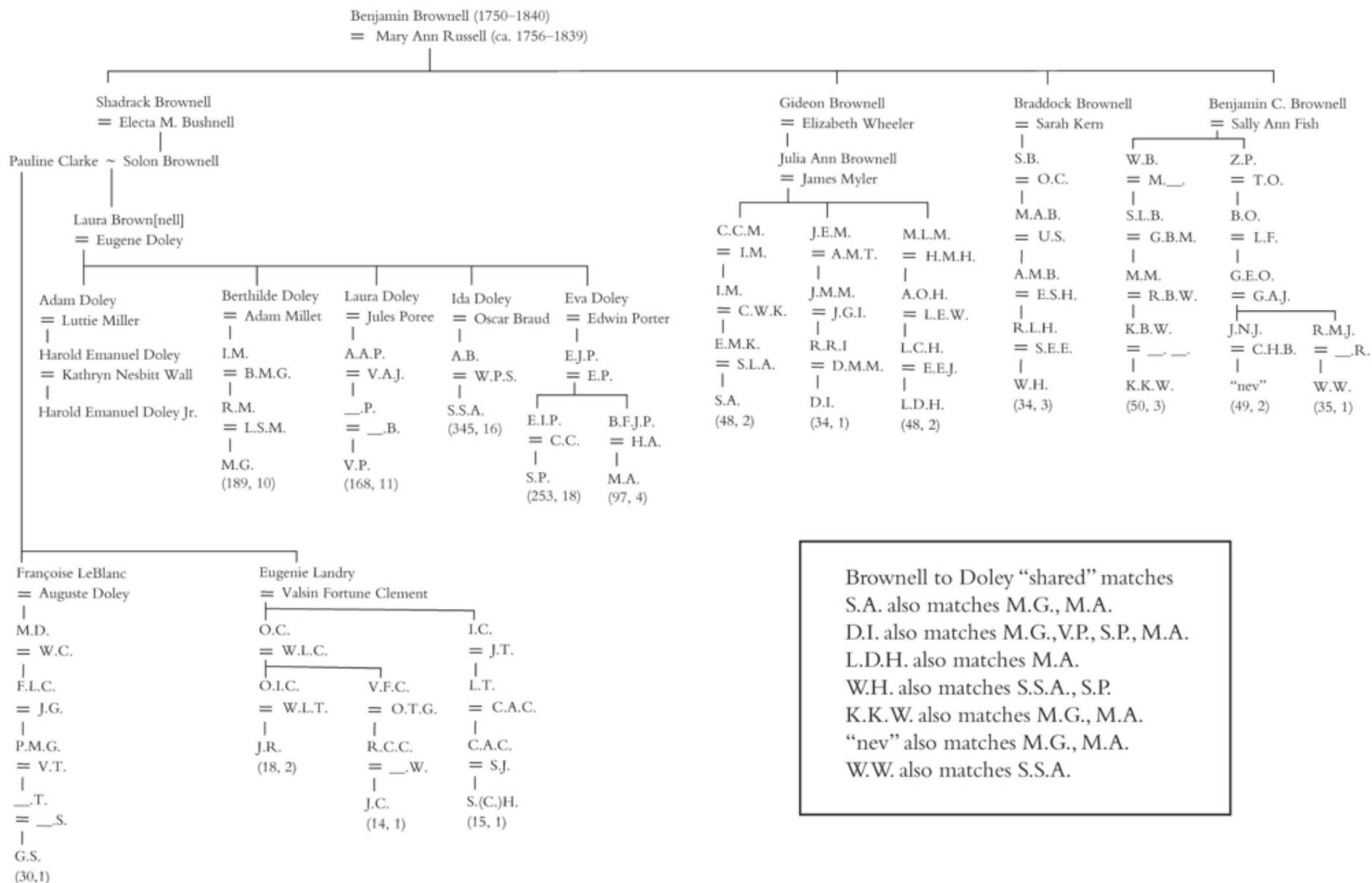
- Born in 1846 to Pauline Clark, a free woman of color, and “Brenna Brown”
- Searches of the area for men named Brown/Braun/Brownel, etc.
- Solon Brownell (1810-1880)



Following Solon's movements



Class 3: Verifying Your Mayflower Lineage



Brownell to Doley "shared" matches
S.A. also matches M.G., M.A.
D.I. also matches M.G., V.P., S.P., M.A.
L.D.H. also matches M.A.
W.H. also matches S.S.A., S.P.
K.K.W. also matches M.G., M.A.
"nev" also matches M.G., M.A.
W.W. also matches S.S.A.

Tip

In many situations, genealogical theories on 17th century families cannot be aided by DNA (or your own DNA is "useless")

**Does your problem
have a DNA
component?**

Is DNA possible?

- Are there living descendants?
- Are they willing to test?

Does your problem . . .

- Discuss the paternity of a male?
- Maternity of a female?

Do you Need DNA?

Children of William Orcutt, probably by Hannah Smith, possibly not in the correct order:

- 9 iii. JANE ORCUTT, b. say 1704; m. JOSHUA WARREN.
- 10 iv. NATHAN ORCUTT, b. say 1706; m. PHEBE LILLIE.
- 11 v. DELIVERANCE ORCUTT, b. ca. 1707; m. (1) JOSEPH WASHBURN⁶ (*Josiah Washburn⁵, John⁴, Elizabeth Mitchell³, Jane² Cooke, Francis¹*); m. (2) ABIEL PACKARD.

116	<i>Mayflower Descendant</i>	Summer
12	vi. MARTHA ORCUTT, b. ca. 1708; m. SOLOMON WASHBURN ⁶ (<i>Samuel Washburn⁵, Samuel⁴, Elizabeth Mitchell³, Jane² Cooke, Francis¹; Abigail Leonard⁵, Jacob⁴, Sarah Chandler³, Isabella² Chilton, James¹</i>).	
13	vi. DAVID ORCUTT, b. say 1710; m. SUSANNAH PACKARD ⁶ (<i>Mary Harris⁵, Mercy Latham⁴, Susanna Winslow³, Mary² Chilton, James¹</i>).	
14	vii. MOSES ORCUTT, b. say 1713; m. MERCY ALLEN.	
15	viii. CALEB ORCUTT, b. ca. 1715; m. MEHITABLE HARVEY.	

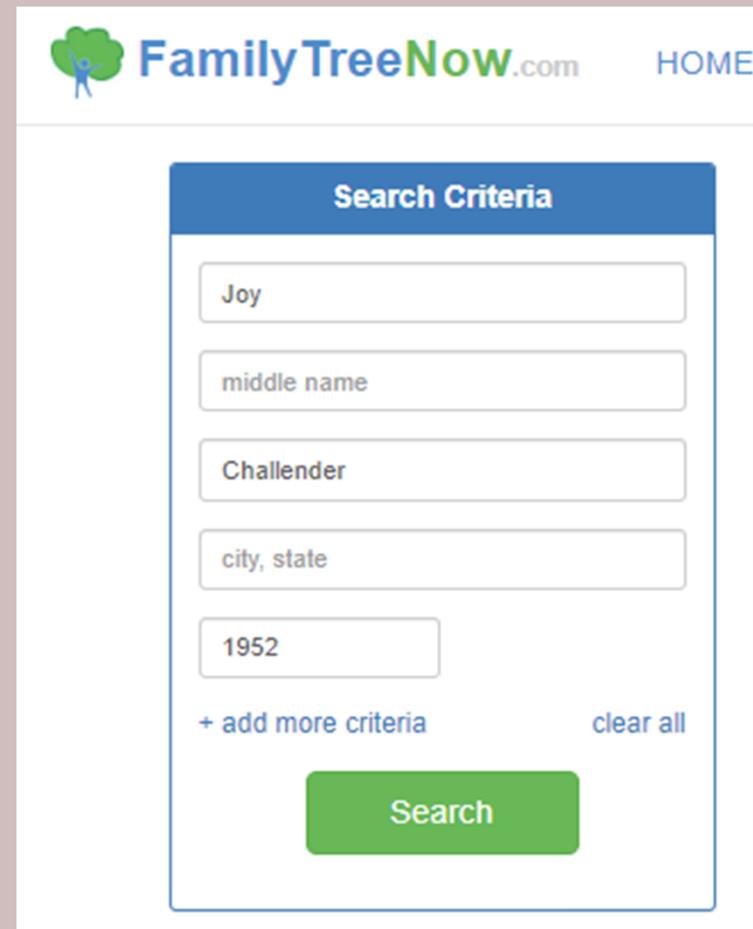
Getting Participants

Finding them

- Looking through published genealogies, vital, census, and probate records, for people who appear as children in the 1930 and 1940 census
- Finding deaths of these people through the Social Security Death Index and State Death Indexes
- Getting obituaries that identify children and their then residences
- Using online people finders

Online finders

- U.S. Public Records Index, 1950- 1993 (Ancestry.com) [for birthdates]
- Whitepages.com
- FamilyTreeNow.com
- Netronline.com
- Voter Records
- Assessor Records



The screenshot shows the FamilyTreeNow.com website interface. At the top, there is a logo for FamilyTreeNow.com and a 'HOME' link. Below the header is a 'Search Criteria' section with a blue header. The search criteria are as follows:

- First name: Joy
- Middle name: middle name
- Last name: Challenger
- City, state: city, state
- Year: 1952

Below the search criteria, there are two links: '+ add more criteria' and 'clear all'. At the bottom of the search criteria section is a green 'Search' button.

Associated Relatives, Contact Info

Full Name	Joy D Challender
Birth Year	1952
Age	68

SPONSORED SEARCHES

family tree genealogy michelle rodriguez cell phone num

allen office number pictures of hiawatha

Associated Names
Joy C Child
Joy Challenderchild
Joy D Child

Way more information on Joy Challender at TruePeopleSearch.com

Possible Relatives		
Name	Age	Birth Year
William C Child Jr	69	1951
Carole Topol Orland	67	1952
Carolyn E Child	35	1984
Christopher C Child	39	1980
J Child		1952
Katherine Joy Child		1988

Current & Past Addresses	
608 Beacon Park, Webster, MA 01570 <i>Current Address</i>	map
609 Beacon Park, Webster, MA 01570 <i>(Jun 2014 - Jun 2020)</i>	map
2 Tatnuck Ter, Worcester, MA 01602 <i>(Oct 2007)</i>	map
PO Box 71, Putnam, CT 06260 <i>(Dec 2005 - May 2006)</i>	map
390 Main St #1000, Worcester, MA 01608 <i>(Jul 1993 - May 2006)</i>	map
30 Front St, Putnam, CT 06260 <i>(Oct 2004 - Nov 2004)</i>	map
928 N Carter St #106, Wichita, KS 67203 <i>(Nov 2000 - Nov 2000)</i>	map
390 Main St, Cherry Valley, MA 01611 <i>(Nov 1996)</i>	map
79 Mechanics St, Putnam, CT 06260 <i>(Sep 1996)</i>	map

Phone Numbers	
(860) 928-6676	Landline
(203) 928-6676	Wireless
(617) 780-5020	Wireless
(508) 949-0028	Landline
(508) 791-5525	Landline
(508) 366-9100	Landline

Getting DNA from strangers

- Say enough so they don't think you are a spammer
- Be as forthcoming with your goals
- Don't sound too "stalkerish"
- Your request may sound weird
- Offer them a genealogical gift if they are interested
- Pay for the test

Tip

Have a plan A, B, C, D

Some people may just want to be left alone . . .

David could not be your husband's father. He was married at the time. He was faithful to his wife. I am sorry but Greg won't get his answers from David. David is a good man but is not happy to think that someone thinks he was unfaithful. I wish you the best of luck.

Figuring people out without contact information

The screenshot shows a DNA match interface. At the top, there are two circular icons labeled 'TH' and 'WM'. To the right, the name 'T and wmschnauzer' is displayed. Below this, it states 'Predicted relationship: 3rd-4th Cousin' and 'Shared DNA: 95 cM across 5 segments'. There are two buttons: 'Add to group' and 'Add note'. Below the match information, there are three tabs: 'Trees', 'Ethnicity', and 'Shared Matches'. The 'Trees' tab is selected. Underneath, there are two panels. The left panel is titled 'Common Ancestors' and says 'Tom Hagen hasn't linked a family tree to their DNA results. If they do, you may discover ancestors they have in common with their matches.' The right panel is titled 'wmschnauzer hasn't built a searchable tree.' and says 'wmschnauzer hasn't built a searchable tree yet.'

The screenshot shows a Google search for 'wmschnauzer'. The search bar contains the text 'wmschnauzer'. Below the search bar, there are navigation options: 'All', 'Maps', 'Videos', 'Images', 'Shopping', 'More', 'Settings', and 'Tools'. The search results show '6 results (0.75 seconds)'. A suggestion is made: 'Did you mean: "schnauzer"'. The first result is 'CMP Directory - Music For Healing & Transition Program' with the URL 'https://www.mhttp.org > find-a-certified-music-practitioner-cmp'. Below the URL, there is a snippet of text: 'wmschnauzer@... 7-2619. Graduated 2008. CEU credits due 12/31/16. P. Allen Macfarlane Lap dulcimer. Lawrence, KS macfarlanepa162@gmail. You've visited this page 2 times. Last visit: 10/27/19'.

Ethical Obligations and Possible Consequences

Your participant doesn't match

- Bad genealogy?
- Adoption?
- Parentage outside of marriage
- Your obligations or future assistance
- Publish negative findings?

Tip

DNA may corroborate one generation, but you still have to verify the rest!

QUESTIONS?

What's Next?

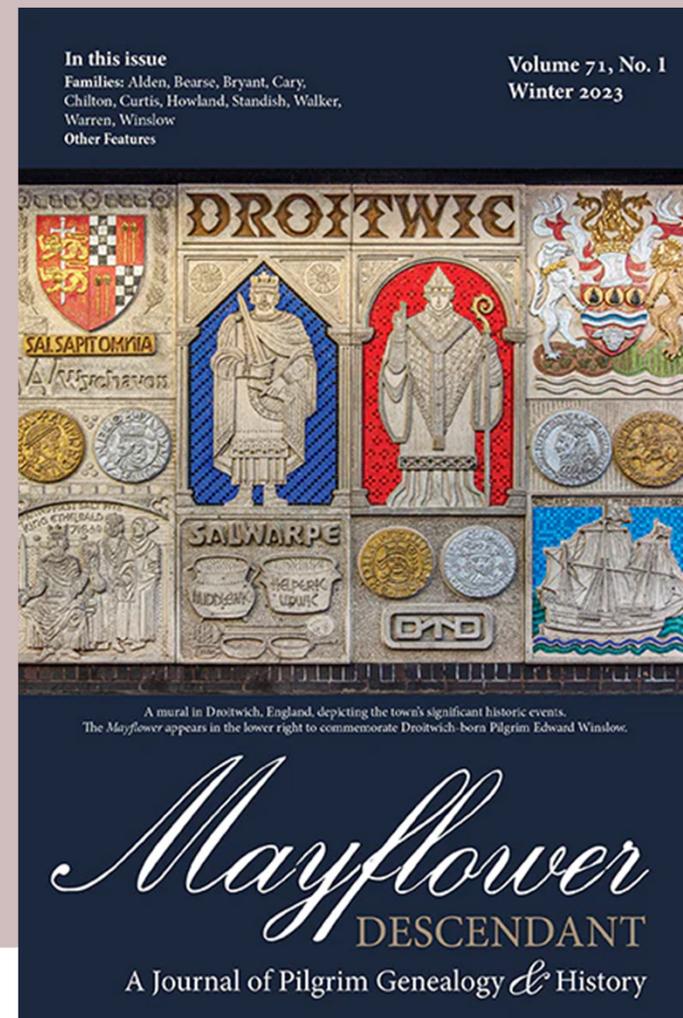
Publishing your findings

Publication outlets

- *Mayflower Descendant; Mayflower Quarterly Mag.*
- *Register; TAG; TG*
- Other regional journals
- Family Associations and Newsletters
- Blogs (Vita-Brevis)
- DNA groups
- Later updates!

Mayflower Descendant

- Proof arguments with genealogical summaries
- Serial genealogies
- Problems within the first 5 or 6 generations and later



Tip

You'll likely find other problems once you get to the summary!

Just doing the genealogical summary

Children of John and Abigail (Aspinwall) Child, born Woodstock:^[33]

- i. DOROTHY⁴ CHILD, b. 6 Oct. 1722; d. Woodstock 4 March 1804; m. (1) Woodstock 19 May 1743^[34] EBENEZER SMITH, JR., b. Barrington, R.I., ca. 1720, son of Ebenezer and Sarah (____) Smith,^[35] d. Woodstock 9 Sept. 1767,^[36] She m. (2) (int. Oxford, Mass., 26 Sept. 1773)^[37] THOMAS DAVIS, b. Roxbury 4 Nov. 1715, son of Samuel and Mary (Chamberlain) Davis,^[38] d. Oxford 1 Aug. 1778.^[39]
- ii. SARAH CHILD, b. 12 May 1724; d. Woodstock 5 April 1805; m. Woodstock 19 Feb. 1746/7^[40] JEDIDIAH MORSE, b. Woodstock 8 July 1726, son of John and Sarah (Peake) Morse,^[41] d. there 29 Dec. 1819.^[42]
- iii. ABIAH CHILD, b. 7 Sept. 1726; d. Woodstock 18 May 1777; published intentions at Woodstock 29 Oct. 1748^[43] to marry PRISCILLA MORSE, b. Woodstock 2 Feb. 1729/30, daughter of John and Sarah (Peake) Morse,^[44] d. there 22 Dec. 1760^[45] — by whom Abijah had a son *Abijah⁵ Child, Jr.*, b. Woodstock 27 March 1749.^[46] Abijah and Priscilla's marriage never took place and Priscilla m. Woodstock 11 Oct. 1750^[47] John⁵ Perrin, b. Rehoboth, Mass., 19 March 1717/18, son of John⁴ (*John³⁻²⁻¹*) and Rachel (Ide) Perrin,^[48] d. Woodstock 24 March 1807.^[49] Abijah⁴ Child m. (1) Woodstock 18 Sept. 1749^[50] ABIGAIL JOHNSON, b. Woodstock 20 Aug. 1727, daughter of Isaac and Abigail (Peake) Johnson,^[51] d. there 9 Sept. 1774.^[52] Abijah⁴ Child m. (2) Woodstock 13 April 1775^[53] ELIZABETH PERRIN, b. Woodstock 23 Sept. 1727, daughter of John⁴ (*Samuel³, John²⁻¹*) and Abigail (Morris) Perrin,^[54] d. there 9 May 1777.^[55]
- iv. ABIGAIL CHILD, b. 1 Jan. 1728/9; m. Woodstock 11 Oct. 1750^[56] NATHAN AINSWORTH, b. Woodstock 20 July 1715, son of Edward and Joanna (Hemingway) Ainsworth,^[57] d. there 6 Dec. 1794.^[58]
- v. JOHN CHILD, b. 8 Aug. 1733; d. Woodstock 28 July 1768; m. Woodstock 22 Jan. 1756^[59] SYBIL BUGBEE, b. Woodstock 14 Jan. 1737, daughter of Jonathan and Eunice (Draper) Bugbee,^[60] d. there 11 March 1802.^[61]
- vi. SHUBAEL CHILD, b. 13 Aug. 1735; d. Woodstock 7 June 1811; m. Woodstock 27 Dec. 1759^[62] ABIGAIL BOWEN, b. Woodstock 1 March 1739, daughter of Isaac and Jerusha (Prentice) Bowen,^[63] d. there 14 May 1788.^[64]
- vii. BENAIAH CHILD, b. 17 April 1740;^[65] d. by 1764 (since not in his father's administration).
- viii. HANNAH CHILD, b. 3 Oct. 1742;^[66] d. by 1800; m. Woodstock 17 June 1762^[67] JAPHETH BICKNELL, b. Rehoboth, Mass., 6 Jan. 1741/2,^[68] d., probably Rensselaerville, N.Y., between 1800 and 1810, illegitimate son of Japheth Bicknell and Rachel Perrin, and nephew of John⁵ Perrin (*John⁴⁻³⁻²⁻¹*) of Rehoboth and Woodstock, mentioned above under Abijah Child. Japheth and Hannah moved to Albany Co., N.Y., before 1790, according to Bowen's *Woodstock*.^[69] Japheth was recorded in the 1800 census in Rensselaerville, but with no woman of an age to be Hannah.^[70]

Omission versus Comission

iii. AUGUSTA TAYLOR LIPPITT, b 14 Oct. 1863; liv. Denver Colo| 13 June 1902.⁷⁸⁸

⁷⁸⁸ 1900 U.S. Census, Denver, Arapahoe Co., Colo., - James Lippitt household; "Died. ... Mrs. Athalia B. Lippitt ... leaves four children ... Miss Augusta Lippitt, in Denver," *The Wilmington [N.C.] Messenger*, 10 June 1902, p. 1; Augusta may have married Sept. 1903, Dennis J. Tirsway (ca. 1863-1955). **<CHRIS: source?>**.

Tip

It's okay to publish
an update

My first MD article 2004

1. **GEORGE ROGERS**, son of Ebenezer⁴ (*Daniel*,³ *Samuel*,² *James*¹) and Dorothy (Denison) Rogers,^[28] was born in Norwich, Conn., say 1740 and died in Whately, Mass., on 29 October 1823.^[29] George married first **MARGARET CASWELL** probably in Norwich, Conn., *circa* 1765.^[30] Margaret, daughter of Nathan⁶ (*Daniel*,⁵ *Mary Ramsden*,⁴ *Daniel*,³ *Rachel*² *Eaton*, *Francis*¹) and Hannah (Shaw) Caswell,^[31] was born in Norwich say 1745 and died there on [14 August] 1776.^[32] George married second **ANN BREWSTER** probably in Lebanon, Conn., *circa* 1780.^[33] Ann, daughter of Comfort⁵ (*Benjamin*⁴, *Benjamin*³, *Jonathan*², *William*¹) and Deborah (Smith) Brewster,^[34] was born there on 10 May 1741^[35] and died in

-
25. William Gerald McLoughlin, ed., *The Diary of Isaac Backus* (Providence, 1979) 2: 676, 1 Nov. 1767. "Nathan and his wife from Norwich" were visiting his parents' in Middleborough.
 26. *Caswell Gen.*, MD, 40 [1990]: 146.
 27. For Nathan Caswell's descent from Francis Eaton, see George Freeman Sanborn Jr., "Mary (Ramsden) Caswell: A New Francis Eaton Line?" in *MD*, 39 [1989]: 1-3.
 28. *Rogers Gen.*, 82.
 29. Corbin Collection, Reel #82-36A Whately, age 82; Whately Baptist Church Records [FHL #0886750]. He was buried in the Eastern Whately Cem. (or Hope Hill Cem.), Whately.
 30. This is an estimate based on the birth of their first child Benjamin Shaw Rogers.
 31. *MD*, 40 [1990]: 145; Lee Douglas Van Antwerp and rev. by Robert S. Wakefield, *Mayflower Families Through Five Generations, Volume Nine: Family of Francis Eaton* (Plymouth, Mass., 1996), 87.
 32. *Ebenezer Rogers Bible*. [Note: No citable source has been found for the day and month.]
 33. Ann was single in 1779 from her brother's estate and a mother in 1781.
 34. *Jonathan² Brewster*, 190.
 35. *Barbour VRs*, 22: 28.

Next issue!

CORRECTION

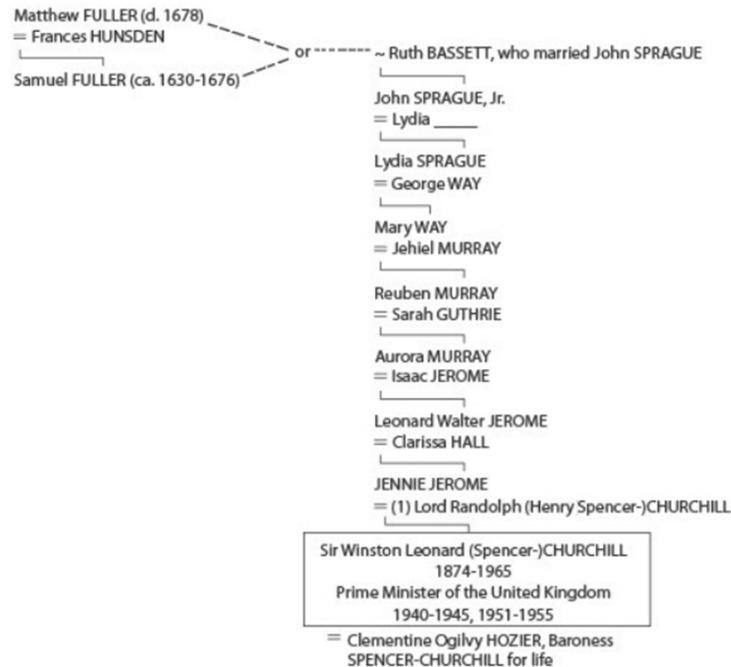
In my previous article “George Rogers of Norwich” [*MD*, 53 [2004]: 19-28], footnotes 32 and 66 indicated that no citable source could be found for the day and month for the birth date of Elisha Merrick Rogers and the death date of Margaret (Caswell) Rogers. These two dates come from the same source, the papers of James S. Rogers, a manuscript collection at the New England Historic Genealogical Society. The item is a questionnaire answered by Albert Wyman Rogers, a grandson of Ebenezer Rogers of Albion, N.Y.^[2]

From Christopher Challender Child of Boston, Mass. (cchild@nehgs.org)

-
2. James S. Rogers Papers, manuscript at the New England Historic Genealogical Society, Boston, Mass., call number Mss 305/II/C/1/25/1651.

Blogs are even easier

ETA: As a result of a lengthy article by Pamela R. Paschke and Raymond T. Wing, based on a comprehensive Big-Y DNA study of 25 Fuller men, Matthew Fuller, previously considered a son of *Mayflower* passenger of Edward Fuller, has been shown to be an agnate relative of the passengers Edward and Samuel Fuller, but cannot be their descendant. Related to this study, the five candidates of paternity of Lt. John Sprague that I discussed have been reduced to two men – Dr. Matthew Fuller and his son Samuel – who are not descendants of passengers Edward or Samuel Fuller. Winston Churchill’s revised Fuller (but likely not *Mayflower*) lineage is outlined below. [Subscribe](#) to the the *Mayflower Descendant* to learn more about these recent developments (also discussed in this more recent [post](#)).



Can your DNA results be used by the Mayflower Society?

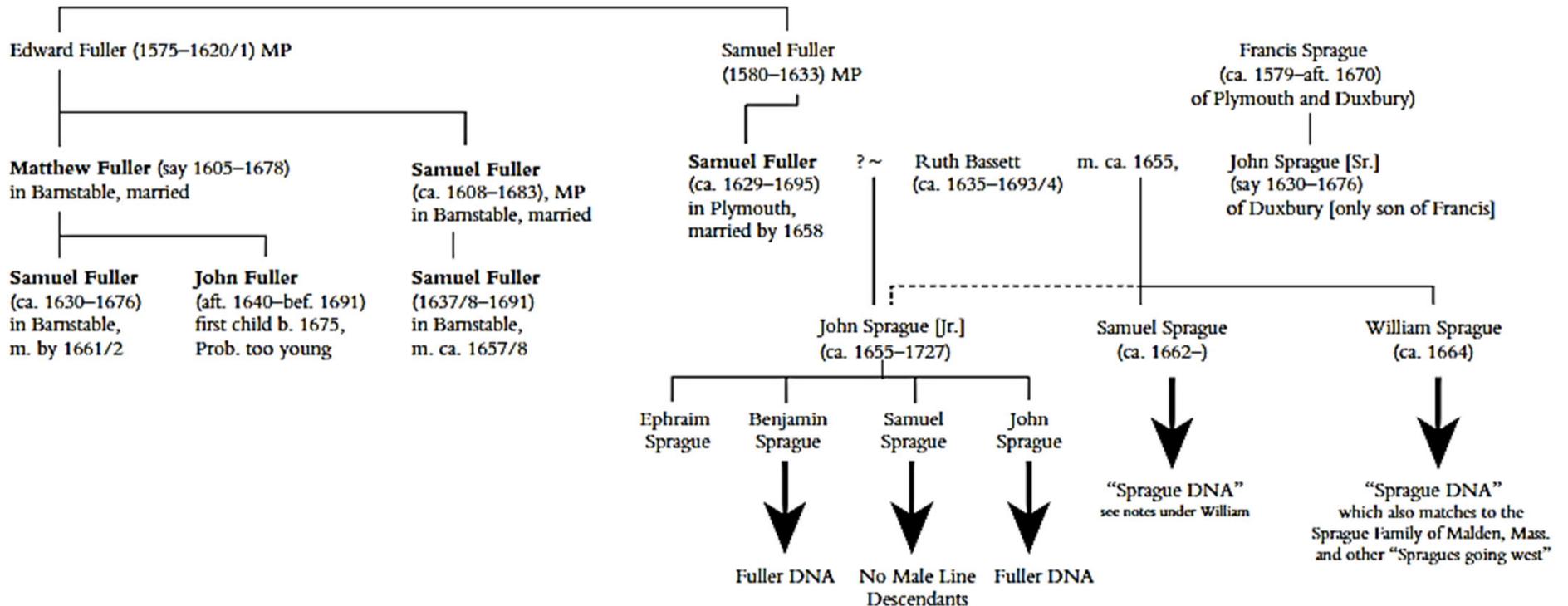
- Some societies only allow one self-written "proof argument" to be included in a single application
- Some societies currently only accept Y-DNA evidence
- How to demonstrate the evidence with agreements of all involved parties
- Publishing your findings in a peer-reviewed journal

How much of the line of the participants do you include?

- FTDNA kit numbers?
- Initials?
- Full names entirely
- Only deceased individuals
- Nothing?

Example

Figure 1



Examples

Part Two: Descendants of Samuel and William Sprague

1. **SAMUEL³ SPRAGUE** (*John², Francis¹*), born about 1670; died at Rochester, Massachusetts, 25 July 1740. He married at Duxbury, Massachusetts, 29 November 1694, **RUTH³ ALDEN**, born at Duxbury about 1674, daughter of David² (*John¹*) and Mary (Southworth) Alden. She died at Rochester 2 July 1758.⁴²

2. **NOAH SPRAGUE**, born at Duxbury 18 January 1696; died at Rochester 3 September 1773. He married at Rochester 26 April 1722, **SARAH HAMMOND**, born at Rochester 23 December 1695, daughter of John and Mary (Arnold) Hammond. She died at Rochester 26 September 1778.⁴³

3. **NOAH SPRAGUE**, born at Rochester 3 April 1773; died there 30 May 1773. He married at Rochester 28 November 1756, **MERCY DEXTER⁶**, born at Falmouth, Massachusetts, 9 September 1736, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Burge) Dexter⁵ (*Mercy Lombard⁴*,

both buried in Forest Lawn Cemetery, Buffalo.”

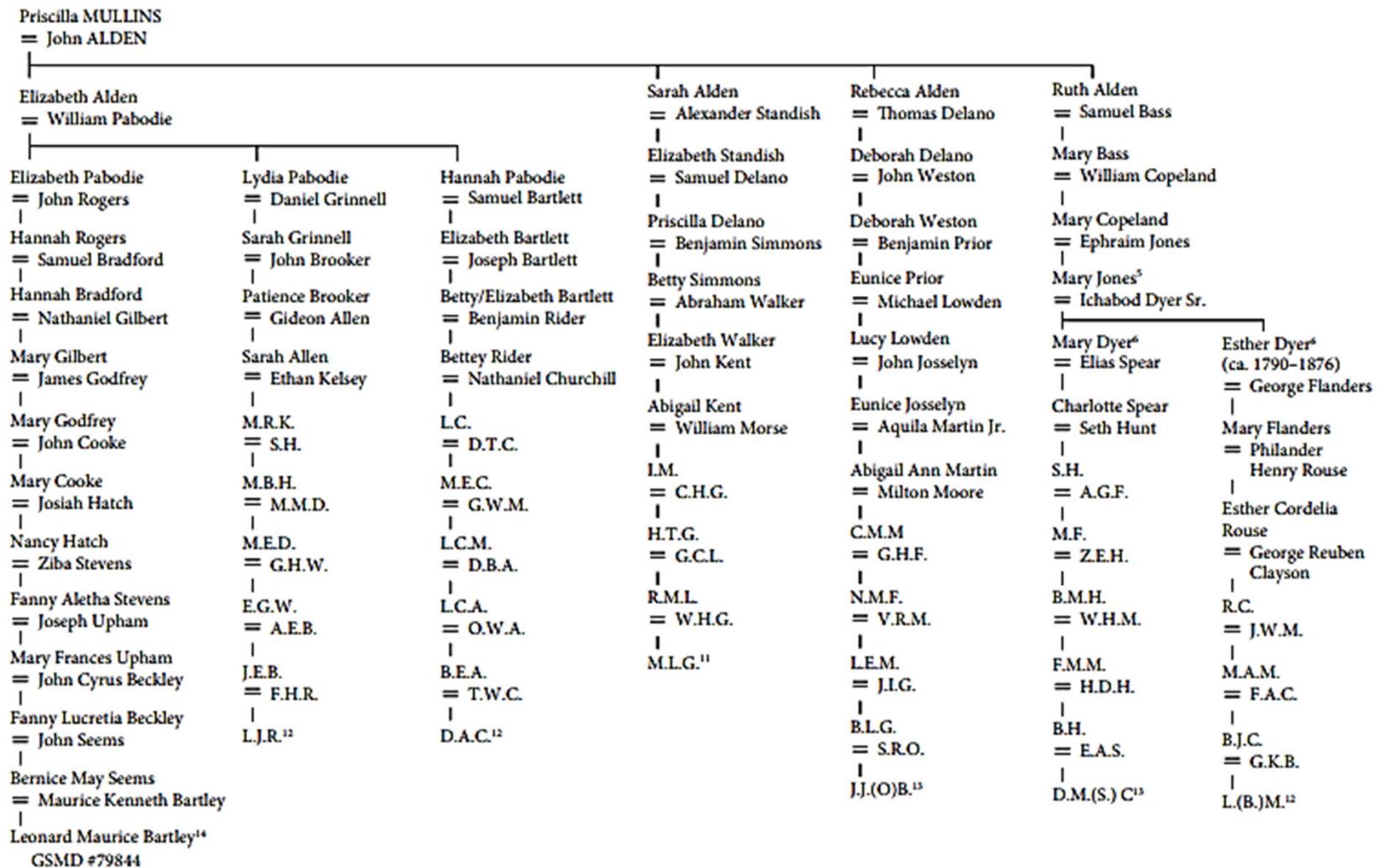
8. **EBEN CARLETON SPRAGUE**, born at Buffalo 12 July 1889; died at Newport Beach, California, 23 September 1957. He married at Buffalo 11 October 1917 **KATHARINE JEBB**, born at Buffalo 12 March 1893, daughter of William Thomas and Anna (Baker) Jebb. She died at Newport Beach 30 May 1979.⁴⁹

9. **HENRY WARE SPRAGUE**, born at Buffalo 25 December 1918; died 7 September 2008, living at Lake Elsinore, California. He married at New Orleans, Louisiana, 9 October 1942, **SUZANNE POWNER**, born at Palm Beach, Florida, 8 March 1923, daughter of Willard Earl and Rubie Wray (Riddiford) Powner, from whom he was divorced. Suzanne married, second, at San Francisco, California, 11 March 1950, William Charles Freutel, and, third, at San Francisco 30 July 1955, George Lyster. Suzanne died at San Francisco 11 October 1955.⁵⁰

10. **H.W.S.** [Kit No. 882418], matches J.S. below at 61/67 markers.

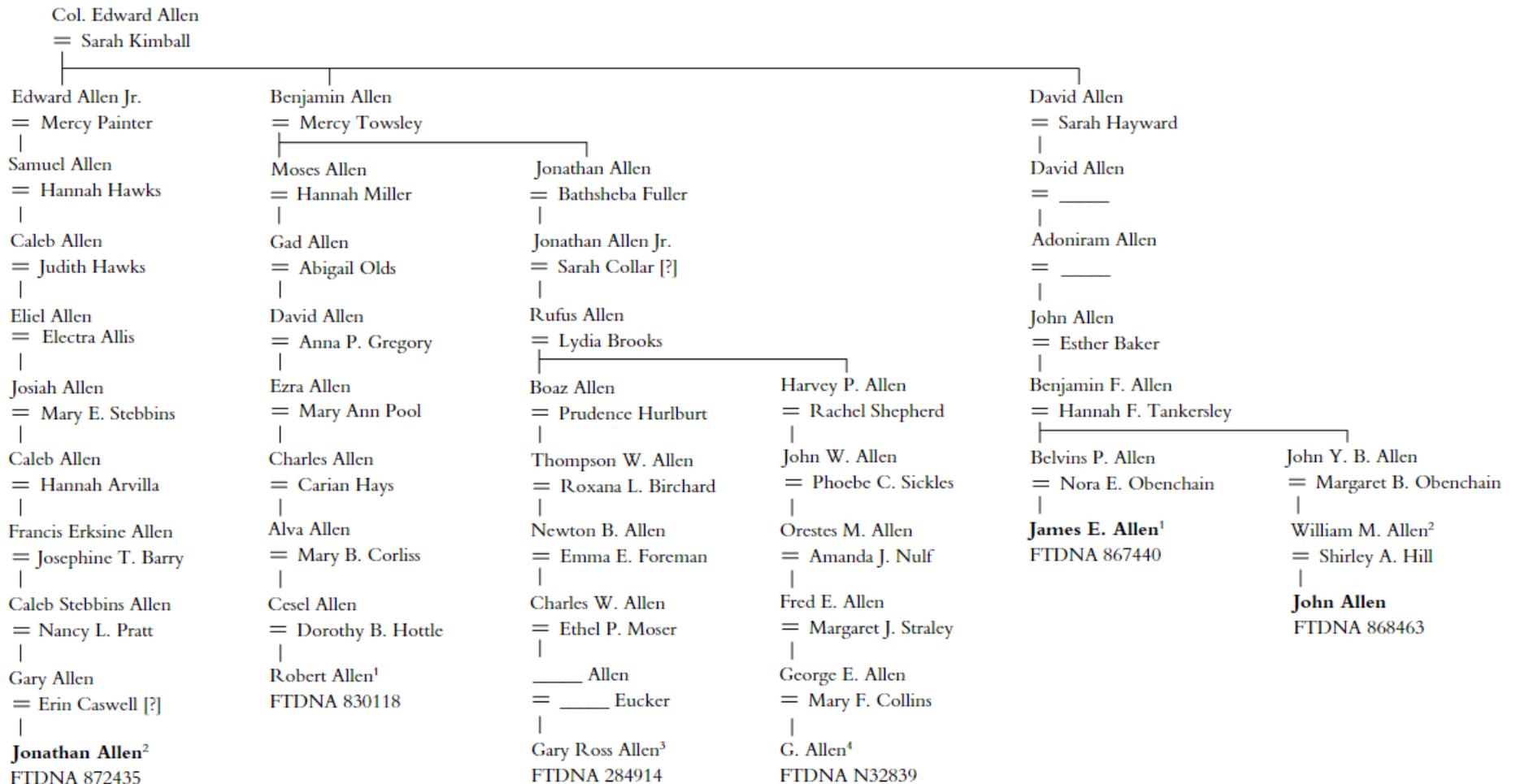
~

Example



Y-DNA

Tested Allen Descendants



Final thoughts

- Publishing your findings will benefit additional generations of descendants
- Genetic findings within an MD article can be cited for the purposes of documenting a descent
- DNA evidence can be one piece of evidence (amongst many), and should not be the only piece of evidence
- Every lineage society has their own policies on accepting circumstantial and genetic evidence, which can change periodically
- Publishing your genetic evidence (especially for more recent findings) may not be possible
- Just because the lineage society rejects your evidence does not mean you are wrong

QUESTIONS?

Schedule a consultation
consultations@nehgs.org

Hire Research Services
research@nehgs.org

Search

Events

Membership

Give 10 Million Names

Publications

Expert Help

Tools

Signature Projects

Centers & Initiatives

Verifying Your Mayflower Lineage 2023

Thank you for registering for the online course, *Verifying Your Mayflower Lineage*!

Four hundred years ago, the *Mayflower* landed on the shores of Massachusetts with 102 passengers aboard. Today, there is an estimated 35 million *Mayflower* descendants worldwide. Join experts from American Ancestors for a three-part online course that will explore the many resources, record collections, and research strategies for verifying your connection to the *Mayflower*. We will also include several case studies demonstrating ways to break down brick walls, including an examination of using DNA to confirm a hypothesis.

This course includes three 90-minute classes; exclusive access to handouts and recordings of each presentation; and in-depth q&a sessions with the instructors.

JOIN LINK

Click here to join the live broadcasts: <https://zoom.us/j/97684086029>

If you are unable to attend the live sessions, you will be able to view a full recording here on the course page.

COURSE SCHEDULE

November 1 - Class 1: Getting Started: Mayflower Resources and Records

Presented by Lindsay Fulton

AmericanAncestors.org/verifying-your-mayflower-lineage-2023



THANK YOU!

AmericanAncestors.org



NEW ENGLAND HISTORIC
GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY

AmericanAncestors.org

Copyright © 2023