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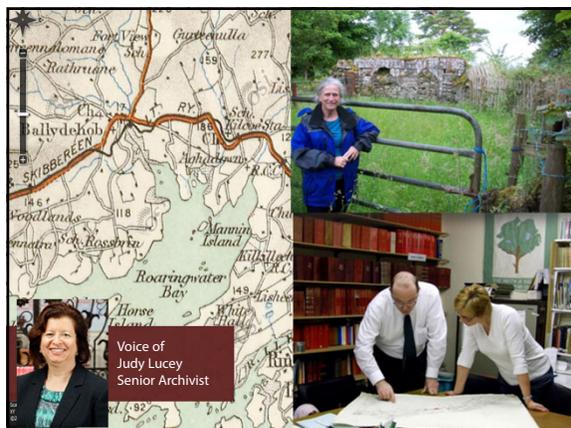
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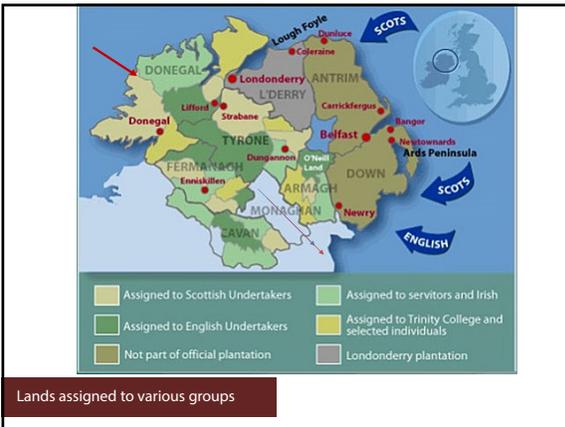
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### Antrim and Down

- Randal MacDonnell (Earl of Antrim)
  - Granted 300,000 acres
  - Brought over lowland Scots
  - Settled North Antrim
- James Hamilton and Hugh Montgomery
  - North-east County Down
  - Large group of Scottish Settlers (south-western counties of Scotland)
- Southern part of Antrim
  - English Landowners (Sir Arthur Chichester and others)
  - Mostly English settlers

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### County Monaghan

- “Forgotten County” of Plantation
  - Settlement in 1591
  - Most of lands in native Irish hands (MacMahons) until mid 17<sup>th</sup> century
- English, Scots, and Welsh settlers
  - Largest numbers settled between 1660-1730
  - 1659 census only 434 households of English, Scottish origins
  - By 1730 nearly every parish had “British” householders

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### The London Companies

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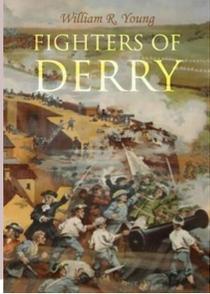
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**Williamite War of 1690**

- Siege of Londonderry 1689
  - Protestant resistance
  - 105-day siege
  - Over 15,000 died
- Led to Williamite War of 1690
  - Battle of the Boyne, 1690
  - Thousands of settlers from Scotland arrive
  - Granting of 31-year leases




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**18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> century:  
Penal Laws, Test Act,  
and Rebellion**

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**Events of 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> century**

- Penal Laws and Test Act (1704)
- 1798 Rebellion
  - Political reform
  - United Irishmen
- Act of Union 1800
- Large waves of emigration begins




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**Impact of Plantation**

- Planters become loyalists
- Irish become agitators, republicans
- Sectarian violence
- English law, language, culture introduced
- Replaced Irish language and law
- Large waves of immigration

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**20<sup>th</sup> century:  
Home rule, Civil War,  
and Partition**

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**"Ourselves Alone"**

- Home Rule Movement
- Sinn Fein
- Irish War of Independence
- Partition and its consequences



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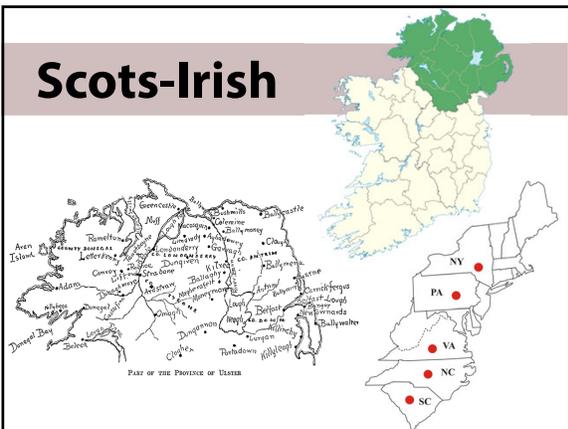
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**Why did my ancestor leave?**  
 (Source: Paul Milner's *Irish Emigration to North America: Before, During and After the Famine*)

<b>"Push"</b>	<b>"Pull"</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Economic               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Rack-renting</li> <li>– Drought/famine</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Religious persecution</li> <li>• Political refugees               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– 1798 rebellion</li> <li>– 1922 Irish Civil War</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Economic               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Land</li> <li>– Business</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Religious tolerance</li> <li>• Chain migration – follow one's family and friends</li> </ul>

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### From the Bann Valley to New England

- Arrival 1718
- Where from?
  - Bann River Valley
  - Foyle River Valley
  - City of Londonderry
- Causes
  - Bad harvests/drought
  - Rack renting

Aghadowey Session Book, 1702-1745.  
AmericanAncestors.org

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## The 1718 Migration

**Emigration & Influence**

**America**

1718 Migration from East Dorset

Scots in Virginia

Ulster Colonizers Migration to America

Ulster American Emigration 1691-1800

The Scotch-Irish & America - a Memoir

Ulster Scots in America

1718 Migration from Ulster to New England

1718 Migration (Archives)

The Middle Ulster Scots Museum

**1718 Migration from Ulster to New England**

The Arrival of the Scotch-Irish in America

Transatlantic Kinfolk

In summer 1718, Ulster Scots communities along the River Foyle and the River Bann sailed goodbye to around five ships, carrying Presbyterian ministers and their congregations across the wild Atlantic. They left Ulster's coasts and valleys, churches and villages, to start a new life in New England - today's New Hampshire, Maine, Massachusetts and Connecticut.

They were one of the earliest waves. Hundreds of thousands followed. Presbyterians who would become patriots, pioneers and proselyts.

Today, over 20 million Americans have Scotch-Irish ancestry. This is our shared story.

**Related Documents**

THE 1718 MIGRATION  
From Ulster to New England - The

REFLECTIONS ON 300 YEARS OF THE SCOTS IN MAINE

<https://discoverulsterscots.com/emigration-influence/america/1718-migration>

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### Settlements in New England

- Massachusetts
  - Boston
  - Worcester, Sutton
    - Led by Rev. Edward Fitzgerald
  - Dracut, Lowell, Coleraine
- Maine
  - Casco Bay area
- New Hampshire
  - Derry, Londonderry, Windham
- Connecticut
  - Voluntown, New London




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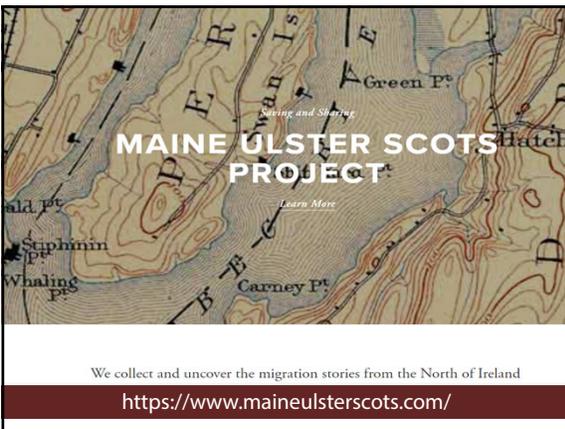
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We collect and uncover the migration stories from the North of Ireland  
<https://www.maineulsterscots.com/>

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### Worcester, MA: Scots-Irish Settlers, 1700-1850

Favorites

Search Database  
 Worcester, MA: Scots-Irish Settlers, 1700-1850

Exact Search    Soundex

First Name:  Last Name:   
First and/or Middle and/or (Maiden) name   Last Name

Years: From  To  Record Type:

Location:  Exact Location  
e.g. Boston, Massachusetts

Volume:  Page:

Family Members (Father/Mother/Spouse)  
 Any  First and Middle Names  Last Name

[+ Add family members](#)

Saved Searches:

Browse This Database

Volume:

Page:

See other databases in this category

Comment or Question  
 Write a comment

Help

- Tips on how to search
- Watch a video tutorial on search
- Guide to using the database search
- Learn from our experts

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said to have been a descendant of that family.<sup>2</sup>  
 William Crawford married, probably soon after his arrival, a wife Margaret who died soon after bearing several children in Shrewsbury.  
 The third, his brother John Crawford, may have arrived the following year. Bolton lists John Crawford as coming from Ireland with Capt. Dennis originally, and warned out of Boston in 1719.<sup>3</sup> William Crawford's will, dated 1761, names his brother John Crawford.  
 The probate and burial record of Samuel Crawford show the existence of other Crawfords that lived in Worcester County during this early period, and they will be covered also.  
 Other Crawford families had already arrived in New England and even in Worcester County, but this article will deal only with those of the migration to Worcester and vicinity during the 1718 migration.

**AARON CRAWFORD**

1. **AARON<sup>4</sup> CRAWFORD** supposedly arrived in Boston in 1713 from "Cappy" (Cappagh), County of Tyrone, Ireland.<sup>5</sup> He was born about 1677 and died at Rutland on 6 August 1754 at the age of seventy-seven.<sup>6</sup> He came here with a wife whose maiden name was **AGNES WILSON**,<sup>7</sup> also born in County Tyrone, Ireland, about 1678 and died in Rutland 10 December 1760, aged eighty-two. They are both buried in the Old Burying Ground there.<sup>8</sup>  
 There is no doubt that Aaron and his wife and family were very early settlers in the town of Rutland. The history of the town dates its beginning from 1715 when the first town meeting was held.<sup>9</sup>A

<sup>1</sup> Gen. William Crawford *The Crawford Family of Oakham, Massachusetts* (no date, priv. printing viewed online: [ForgottenBooks.com](http://ForgottenBooks.com)), *Crawford Family*, 6. This book gives the history of the family back to Scotland in 1140.  
<sup>2</sup> Jonas Reed, *History of Rutland, Worcester County, Massachusetts, from its earliest settlement, with a biography of its first settlers* (Worcester: Minck & Bartlett, 1836), Reed, *Rutland*, 155.  
<sup>3</sup> Ethel Stannard Bolton, *Immigrants to New England 1700-1775* (Olea, n.d. by Essex Institute, Salem).

Aaron Crawford, Cappagh, County Tyrone

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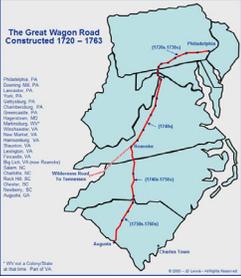
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## Migration beyond New England 1725-1775

- Ports of entry:
  - Philadelphia
  - Newcastle
- Causes
  - Drought, rack rents
  - Famine 1740-41
  - Evictions by Marquis of Donegal (County Antrim)
- Initially S.E. Pennsylvania
- By 1740s moving into Shenandoah Valley, VA and into the Carolinas



The Great Wagon Road Constructed 1720 - 1763

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 All other titles: Part of USA  
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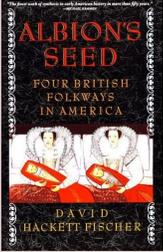
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## Settlement of Appalachia

- Largest settlement in North Carolina
  - South Carolina
  - Tennessee
- Cultural influences
  - Music
  - Language and storytelling
  - Agriculture



The four seeds of folkways in each American colony in 1700

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**Migration into the 19<sup>th</sup> c.**

- By 1820 over 200,000 came to North America
- 1820-1890
  - Over 1.3 million left
  - Includes Irish Catholics and Protestants
- Causes
  - 1798 Rebellion and United Irishmen
  - Agrarian violence and reform
  - Great Famine

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**Migration to Canada**

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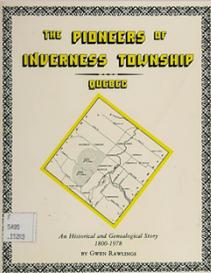
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**From Ulster to Canada**

- Loyalists to Canada
  - Scots-Irish from the U.S.
- Nova Scotia
  - 1760s in Colchester County
- Eastern Townships of Quebec
  - Inverness township between 1827-1830 from counties Tyrone and Armagh
- Upper Canada



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## Alexander McNutt and Nova Scotia

- Settlers from New Hampshire and Northern Ireland
- Settled in Colchester County
  - Truro
  - Onslow
  - Londonderry
- Nearly 500 families
  - McCurdy
  - Morrison
  - Blair
  - McNutt

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## Migration to Upper Canada

- Upper Canada settlement
  - 1798 rebellion
  - After War of 1812
- Toronto, Prescott, Coburg, Kingston
- 1820 - families from Ards Peninsula, Down to Amherst Island
- Loyal to Great Britain
  - Formed Orange Lodges

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Upper Canada Emigrants, 1817-1819, volume 27, passes numbered 12220-12269, microfilm number C-97, Secretary's Correspondence - Passes signed by British Consul, New York, for Emigrants from Great Britain, 1817-1819. Microfilm available at [Canadiana.org](http://Canadiana.org) but it is not indexed.

I have extracted the names and basic information for each of the 199 people listed below. The actual passes contain more information including age, place of origin, occupation, how many in family and sometimes detailed notes about the immigrant.

The passes begin at image 33 with number 17228. To find an ancestor pass, just find him in the list below, copy his pass number then paste it into the search engine that says *Search within this reel*

- 17228. Joseph Jefferson, wife + 2 daughters. Cumberland. Weaver
- 17230 John Drummond, wife + 3 children. Manchester. --maker
- 17232 Benjamin Bernard, 23 years, Miller and farmer
- 17234 George Carterwell/Cutterwell, Suffolk, Watchmaker, 22 years, no family
- 17236 George Underhill, Shropshire, butcher, wife + 4 ch (See 1851 census Vaughan, York co. age 70)
- 17238 John Wilson, Cavan, Ireland, farmer, wife + 1 dau
- 17240 Robert Jones + wife, Tyrone, N. Ireland, weaver
- 17242 Richard William, Cheshire, weaver, wife + 3 sons - 2 dau
- 17244 Francis Wilson, Lincolnshire
- 17246 Michael Graham, Monaghan, N. Ireland, printer, 28 Mar. 1817
- 17248 James Hacking or Hacking, England, Mar 29, 1817. Personal letter: not formal certificate
- 17250 Thomas Aiken or Asken, Yorkshire, Farmer, been in NY since 1816, 31 Mar 1817
- 17251 James McCuffin, from Caledon, Ireland 1817
- 17252 John Ashworth or Askworth + wife + 2 daus + 1 son. Co. Wicklow, Ireland, weaver, April 1817
- 17254 James Fisher Co. Monaghan, farmer, no family
- 17256 David Ward, Yorkshire, farmer, April 1817
- 17258 Benjamin Jones Harrison of
- 17259 James Scott + wife + 3 ch, Yorkshire, farmer, 1817
- 17260 Joseph Walker Wilson, Antrim, blacksmith, wife + son, April 1817
- 17262 Richard Shaw, Manchester, silversmith, wife + 4 children, April 1817
- 17263 John Ross, Fifehire, Millright. Arrived NY 1816. 1 April 1817
- 17264 William Willis, wife + 3 children, Tyrone N. Ireland, Sawyer April 1, 1817

[olivetreegenealogy.com/ships/canada/....](http://olivetreegenealogy.com/ships/canada/....)

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**1861 St. John, New Brunswick ,  
"The Irish Ward"**

SCHEDULE I—POPULATION, District— *Albert Ward, Bealton*

Number	Name of Inhabitant.	Sex	Relationship to head of family.	Age.	Race and other facts.
158	David Hauber	m	Husband	58	Irish - Co. Down
59	Mary J. Co	f	Wife	40	" " " "
60	John Hauck	m	Husband	49	" " Co. Down
61	Mary Co	f	Daughter	29	" " " "
62	Mary Co	f	"	24	" " " "
63	John Co	m	Son	22	" " " "
64	Elizabeth Co	f	Daughter	20	" " " "
65	Charles Co	m	"	19	" " " "
66	Ann Co	f	"	18	" " " "
67	Margaret Co	f	"	17	" " " "
68	Edward Co	m	Son	16	" " " "
69	William Brown	m	Husband	32	" " Co. Down

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**Passenger lists**

- Look for other records first!
- Tighten up the timeline close to arrival
- Where did your ancestor settle? Time period?
- Consult secondary sources

**IRISH PASSENGER LISTS**  
1847 - 1871

Lists of Passengers Sailing from Londonderry to America on Ships of the J. & J. Cooke Line and the McCullough Line

Compiled Under the Direction of Brian Mitchell

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